

Express Mail No. EM406014919US

PATENT Atty. Docket No. FJN-060 (3999/63)

Box Patent Application

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of Inventor(s): Masaaki Goto, Eisuke Tsuda, Shin'ichi Mochizuki, Kazuki Yano, Fumie Kobayashi, Nobuyuki Shima, Hisataka Yasuda, Nobuaki Nakagawa, Tomonori Morinaga, Masatsugu Ueda and Kanji Higashio

WARNING: Patent must be applied for in the name(s) of all of the actual inventor(s). 37 CFR 1.41(a) and 1.53(b)

For (title): NOVEL PROTEINS AND METHODS FOR PRODUCING THE PROTEINS

This new application is for a(n) (check one applicable item below):

Original

Design

Plant

WARNING: Do not use this transmittal for a completion in the U.S. of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4) unless the International Application is being filed as a divisional, continuation or continuation-in-part application.

NOTE: If one of the following 3 items apply then complete and attach ADDED PAGES FOR NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL WHERE BENEFIT OF A PRIOR U.S. APPLICATION CLAIMED.

Divisional

Continuation

Continuation

Continuation-in-Part

CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAILING UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.10

I hereby certify that the attached document is being deposited with the United States Postal Service, postage prepaid, on August 20, 1997 utilizing the "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service of the United States Postal Service, mailing label number EM406014919US, in an envelope addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.

Paula M. Swirka

2. Benefit	of Prior	U.S.	Application(s)	(35	USC	120
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		Country	Application No.	Filed	
		Japan	207508/1995	07/21/95	
		Country	Application No.	Filed	
7.	1 1101	Japan	ational Application(s) Under 3 54977/1995	02/20/95	
4.	Prior	Application No.	Filed	PE II G C 110	
		The new application claims Provisional Application(s):	benefit of priority on the follow	ing U.S.	
3.	Prior	ity Claimed on Provisional A	Application(s) Under 35 U.S.C	C. 119(e).	
desi	ignated	☐ International Applica the U.S."	tion PCT/JP96/00374 filed on 1	February 20, 1996 and which	
		<u></u>	/filed on"	•	
	of co	pending application(s)			
		☐ divisional			
		ontinuation-in-part			
		continuation			
	"This	s is a			
	\boxtimes	Amend the Specification by	inserting before the first line th	e sentence:	
		application(s) and enclosed	ransmitted claims the benefit of are ADDED PAGES FOR NE BENEFIT OF PRIOR U.S. AI	W APPLICATION	
	F Z		is contained in the enclosed nev		
		The new application transm	itted claims the benefit of prior	U.S. application(s)	
NC	YTE:	case is an International Application who option below. If the second	ich designated the U.S., then check eith option is checked, the ADDED	ation-in-part of a parent case, or where the parent ner the first option below or the second PAGES FOR NEW APPLICATION ICATION (S) IS CLAIMED must be	

		1.53(b) (Regular) or 37 CFR 1.153 (Design) Application
	86	Pages of specification
	4	Pages of claims
_	1	Pages of Abstract
<u> </u>	11	Sheets of drawing
] fo	rmal
\boxtimes] inf	Formal
WARNIN	NG:	DO NOT submit original drawings. A high quality copy of the drawings should be supplied when filing a patent application. The drawings that are submitted to the Office must be on strong, white, smooth, and non-shiny paper and meet the standards according to § 1.84. If corrections to the drawings are necessary, they should be made to the original drawing and a high-quality copy of the corrected original drawing then submitted to the Office. Only one copy is required or desired. Comments on proposed new 37 CFR 1.84. Notice of March 9, 1988 (1990 O.G. 57-62).
NOTE:	inch (19 this info	rying indicia such as the serial number, group and unit, title of the invention, attorney's docket number, inventor's name, number of etc., not to exceed 2-3/4 inches (7.0 cm.) in width may be placed in a centered location between the side edges within three fourths 9.1 mm.) of the top edge. Either this marking technique on the front of the drawing or the placement, although not preferred, of ormation and the title of the invention on the back of the drawings is acceptable." Proposed 37 CFR 1.84(1). Notice of March 9, 1090 O.G. 67-62).
6.	Addi	tional papers enclosed
		Preliminary Amendment
		Information Disclosure Statement
		Form PTO-1449
		Citations
		Declaration of Biological Deposit
	\boxtimes	Submission of "Sequence Listing" (79 pages), computer readable copy and/or amendment pertaining thereto for biotechnology invention containing nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence.
		Authorization of Attorney(s) to Accept and Follow Instructions from Representative
		Special Comments
		Other
7.	Decla	ration or oath
		Enclosed but unexecuted.
	\boxtimes	Enclosed executed by (check all applicable boxes)
		inventor(s).
		legal representative of inventor(s). 37 CFR 1.42 or 1.43

New Appl Page 4	lication T	'ransmittal
		joint inventor or person showing a proprietary interest on behalf of inventor who refused to sign or cannot be reached.
		this is the petition required by 37 CFR 1.47 and the statement required by 37 CFR 1.47 is also attached. See item 13 below for fee.
		Not Enclosed.
WARNING:	1	Where the filing is a completion in the U.S. of an International Application but where a declaration is not available or where the completion of the U.S. application contains subject matter in addition to the International Application the pplication may be treated as a continuation or continuation-in-part, as the case may be, utilizing ADDED PAGE FOR NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL WHERE BENEFIT OF PRIOR U.S. APPLICATION CLAIMED.
	(Application is made by a person authorized under 37 CFR 1.41(c) on behalf of all the above named inventor(s). The declaration or oath, along with the surcharge required by 37 CFR 1.16(e) can be filed subsequently.
NOTE: It	is important	that all the correct inventor(s) are named for filing under 37 CFR 1.41(c) and 1.53(b).
		Showing that the filing is authorized. (Not required unless called into question. 37 CFR 1.41(d).
8.	Invento	orship Statement
WARNING:	If the name the various	ed inventors are each not the inventors of all the claims an explanation, including the ownership of claims at the time the last claimed invention was made, should be submitted.
The invente	orship fo	all the claims in this application are:
	}	The same
	İ	Are not the same. An explanation, including the ownership of the various claims at the time the last claimed invention was made,
		is submitted.
		will be submitted.
9.	Langua	ge
NOTE:	English t	cation including a signed oath or declaration may be filed in a language other than English. A verified ranslation of the non-English language application and the processing fee of \$130.00 required by 37 (k) is required to be filed with the application or within such time as may be set by the Office. 37 CFR
NOTE:	A non-Er 1.69(b).	glish oath or declaration in the form provided or approved by the PTO need not be translated. 37 CFR
		English non-English
		the attached translation is a verified translation. 37 CFR 1.52(d).

10.	Assignment	;			
	An as	ssignment of the invention to Snow B	rand Milk Products Co., Ltd.		
	\boxtimes	is (are) attached. A separate "ASSI LETTER ACCOMPANYING NEV APPLICATION" is also attached.			
		will follow.			
NOTE:	"If an assignmone for the ass	ent is submitted with a new application, sen ignment." Notice of May 4, 1990 (1114 D.0	nd two separate letters one for the application and G. 77-78).		
11.	Certified Co	opy			
		oy(ies) of the application(s)			
Japan		54977/1995	02/20/95		
Country		Application No.	Filed		
Japan		207508/1995	07/21/95		
Country		Application No.	Filed		
Country	····	Application No.	Filed		
Country		Application No.	Filed		
Country	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Application No.	Filed		
Country		Application No.	Filed		
from which	priority is cla	aimed			
	is (are) atta				
\boxtimes	will follow.				
NOTE:		plication forming the basis for the claim for 37 CFR 1.55(a) and 1.63.	priority must be referred to in the oath or		
NOTE:	This item is for any foreign priority for which the application being filed directly relates. If any parent U.S. application or International Application from which this application claims benefit under 35 U.S.C. 120 is itself entitled to priority from a prior foreign application then complete item 18 on the ADDED PAGES FOR NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL WHERE BENEFIT OF PRIOR U.S. APPLICATION(S) CLAIMED.				

12. Fee Calculation (37 CFR 1.16)

A. Regular application

CLAIMS AS FILED

	Number Filed	Number Extra		Rate		Basic Fee CFR 1.16(a) \$770.00
Total Claims (37 CFR						
1.16 (c))	34	- 20 = 14	l X	\$ 22.00	\$	308.00
Independent Claims (37						
CFR 1.16 (b))	21	-3 = 18	X	\$ 80.00	\$	1,440.00
Multiple Dependent						
Claim(s), If any (37 CFR			+	\$ 260.00	 \$	260.00
1.16(d))						

1.1	6(d))							
		Amendment ca	inceling extra c	laims enclosed.				
		Amendment de	Amendment deleting multiple-dependencies enclosed.					
		Fee for extra c	Fee for extra claims is not being paid at this time.					
NOI	Œ:	If the fees for extra claims are not paid on filing they must be paid or the claims canceled by amendment, prior to the expiration of the time period set for response by the Patent and Trademark Office in any notice of fee deficiency. 37 CFR 1.16(d).					prior to the expiration of the 1.16(d).	
				Fi	ling Fee	Calculation \$	<u>2,778.00</u>	
	В.	_	application 037 CFR 1.1	6(f))				
		`		Filing Fee Ca	lculatio	n \$		
	C.		pplication	· ·				
		(\$530.0	037 CFR 1.1	6(g))				
				Filing Fee Ca	lculatio	n \$		
13.	Small	Entity Stateme	ant(c)					
15.	Siliali	Entity Statem	cnt(s)					
		Verified Statem and 1.27 is (are		s is a filing by a small	entity	under 37 CFR 1.9	9	
		Filing Fee	Calculation (50	% of A, B or C above	/e)	\$		
NOT	E:	Any excess of the full fee paid will be refunded if a verified statement and a refund request are filed within 2 months of the date of timely payment of a full fee. 37 CFR 1.28(a).						
14.	Requ	est for Internat	ional-Type Sea	arch (37 CFR 1.104((d)) (co	mplete, if applica	ble)	
		Please prepare an international-type search report for this application at the time when national examination on the merits takes place.						
15.	Fee P	ayment Being N	Made At This	Гіте		•		
		Not Enclosed						

				filing fee is to be paid at this time. (This (e) can be paid subsequently.)	is and the	e surcharge required by 37 CFR	
		\boxtimes	Encl	osed			
		Σ		basic filing fee	\$	<u>2,778.00</u>	
		Σ	₫	recording assignment (\$40.00; 37 CFR 1.21(h))	\$	40.00	
				petition fee for filing by other than all inventors or person on behalf of the inventor where inventor refused to sig or cannot be reached. (\$130.00; 37 CFR 1.47 and 1.17(h))			
				for processing an application with a specification in a non-English languag (\$130.00;37 CFR 1.52(d) and 1.17(k)	-		
				processing and retention fee (\$130.00) 37 CFR 1.53(d) and 1.21 (1).	; \$		
				fee for international-type search report (\$40.00; 37 CFR 1.21 (e)).	t \$		
	NOTE	1	failing 1.53 an fee mu	2.1.21(1) establishes a fee for processing and reto complete the application pursuant to 37 CFI d 1.78, indicate that in order to obtain the benst be paid or the processing and retention fee oution under § 53(d).	R 1.53(d) a nefit of a pr	and this, as well as the changes to 37 CFR rior U.S. application, either the basic filing	
				Total fees enclosed	\$	<u>2,818.00</u>	
16.	Metho	od of F	Payme	ent of Fees			
	\boxtimes	Check	ks in tl	ne amounts of \$2,778.00 and \$40.00			
		Charge Account No.20-0531 in the amount of \$ A duplicate of this transmittal is attached.					
NOT	E:	Fees sho	ould be i	temized in such a manner that it is clear for which purp	oose the fees	s are paid. 37 CFR 1.22(b).	
17.	Autho	rizatio	on to (Charge Additional Fees			
				be paid on filing the following items should not be com			
WA	KNING:	Accurat	ely coun author	t claims, especially multiple dependent claims, to avoidized.	d unexpected	ed high charges, if extra claim charges are	

	by thi	The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the following additional fees by this paper and during the entire pendency of this application to Account No. 20-0531.					
	\boxtimes	37 CFR 1.16(a),(f) or (g) (filing fees)					
	\boxtimes	37 CFR 1,16(b),(c) and (d)(presentation of extra claims)					
NOTE:	Because additional fees for excess or multiple dependent claims not paid on filing or on later presentation must only be paid or these claims canceled by amendment prior to the expiration of the time period set for response by the PTO in any notice of fee deficiency (37 CFR 1.16(d), it might be best not to authorize the PTO to charge additional claim fees, except possibly when dealing with amendments after final action.						
		37 CFR 1.16(e) (surcharge for filing the basic filing fee and/or declaration on a date later than the filing date of the application)					
		37 CFR 1.17 (application processing fees)					
WARNING:	While 3	7 CFR 1.17(a),(b), (c) and (d) deal with extensions of time under § 1.136(a) this authorization should be made only with the knowledge that: "Submission of the appropriate extension fee under 37 C.F.R. 1.136(a) is to no avail unless a request or petition for extension is filed." (Emphasis added). Notice of November 5, 1985 (1060 O.G. 27).					
		37 CFR 1.18 (issue fee at or before mailing of Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 CFR 1.311(b))					
NOTE:	of a N	e an authorization to charge the issue fee to a deposit account has been filed before the mailing otice of Allowance, the issue fee will be automatically charged to the deposit account at the time ling the notice of allowance, 37 CFR 1.31(b).					
NOTE:	be file wordin	R 1.28(b) requires "Notification of any change in loss of entitlement to small entity status must d in the application prior to paying, or at the time of paying, issue fee". From the ng of 37 CFR 1.28(b): (a) notification of change of status must be made even if the fee is paid as than a small entity" and (b) no notification is required if the change is to another small entity.					
18. Instru	ıctions	As To Overpayment					
	\boxtimes	credit Account No. 20-0531					
		refund					
Date: Augu Reg. No. 32	2,503	Paula A. Campbell Attorney for Applicants Testa, Hurwitz, & Thibeault, LLP					
Tel. No. (61	17) 248	High Street Tower 125 High Street Boston, Massachusetts 02110					

☐ Incorporation by reference of added pages

Check the following item if the application in this transmittal claims the benefit of prior U.S. application(s) (including an international application entering the U.S. stage as a continuation, divisional or C-I-P application) and complete and attach the ADDED PAGES FOR NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL WHERE BENEFIT OF PRIOR U.S. APPLICATION(S) CLAIMED

\boxtimes	Plus Added Pages For New Application Transmittal Where Benefit of prior U.S. Application(s) Claimed Number of pages added 5
	Plus Added Pages For Papers Referred To In Item 6 Above Number of pages added
\boxtimes	Plus "Assignment Cover Letter Accompanying New Application" Number of pages added 2
State	ement Where No Further Pages Added
	(if no further pages form a part of this Transmittal then end this Transmittal with this page and check the following item)
	This transmittal ends with this page.

188PAC3999/63.399072

ADDED PAGES(S) FOR SPECIAL COMMENTS FOR NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Added page(s))

Added page

ADDED PAGES FOR APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL WHERE BENEFIT OF PRIOR U.S. APPLICATION(S) CLAIMED

Added Pages

NOTE:

"In order for an application to claim the benefit of a prior filed copending national application, the prior application must name as an inventor at least one inventor named in the later filed application and disclose the named inventor's invention claimed in at least one claim of the later filed application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112." 37 CFR 1.78(a).

NOTE:

"In addition the prior application must be (1) complete as set forth in § 1.51 or (2) entitled to a filing date as set forth in § 1.53(b) and include the basic filing fee set forth in § 1.16; or (3) entitled to a filing date as set forth in § 1.53(b) and have paid therein the processing and retention fee set forth in § 1.21(1) within the time period set forth in § 1.53(d)." 37 CFR 1.78(a).

NOTE:

The proper reference to a prior filed PCT application which entered the U.S. national phase in the U.S. serial number and the filing date of the PCT application which designated the U.S.

NOTE:

(1) Where the application being transmitted adds subject matter to the International Application then the filing can be as a continuation-in-part or (2) it is desired to do so for other reasons, e.g. where no declaration is available, no English translation is available or no fee is to be paid on filing then the filing can be as a continuation. In these cases the International Application designating the U.S. is treated as the parent case in the U.S. and an alternative to the completion of the International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4) which must meet the requirements of 37 CFR 1.61(a). This alternative permits the completion of the filing requirements within any term set by the PTO under 37 CFR 1.53(d) to which the extension provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a) apply. (Whereas, if the filing is as an international application entering the U.S. stage then the fee, declaration and/or English translation (where necessary) is due within 20 months of the priority date but can be paid within 22 months of the priority date (or is due within 30 months of the priority date but can be submitted within 32 months of the priority date) with the surcharges set forth in 37 CFR 1.492(e), (f) and 37 CFR 1.495(c); however, the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 do not apply to this 22 or (32 month) period 37 CFR 1.61(b).)

NOTE:

The deadline for entering the national phase in the U.S. for an international application was clarified in the Notice of April 28, 1987 (1079 O.G. 32 to 46) as follows:

"The Patent and Trademark Office considers the International application to be pending until the 22nd month from the priority date if the United States has been designated and no Demand for International Preliminary Examination has been filed prior to the expiration of the 19th month from the priority date and until the 32nd month from the priority date if a Demand for International Preliminary Examination which elected the United States of America has been filed prior to the expiration of the 19th month from the priority date, provided that a copy of the international application has been communicated to the Patent and Trademark Office within the 20 or 30 month period respectively. If a copy of the international application has not been communicated to the Patent and Trademark Office within the 20 or 30 month period respectively, the international application becomes abandoned or to the United States 20 or 30 months from the priority date respectively. These periods have been placed in the rules as paragraph (h) of § 1.494 and paragraph (2) of § 1.495. A continuing application under 35 U.S.C. 365(c) and 120 may be filed anytime during the pendency of the international application."

The certified of	copy(ies)	has	(have)
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been filed on	in prior application		
0/	which was filed on		
is(are) attached			

WARNING:

The certified copy of the priority application which may have been communicated to the PTO by the International Bureau may **not** be relied on without any need to file a certified copy of the priority application in **the continuing application**. This is so because the certified copy of the priority application communicated by the International Bureau is placed in a folder and is not assigned a U.S.

serial number unless the national stage is entered. Such folders are disposed of if the national stage is not entered. Therefore such certified copies may not be available if needed later in the prosecution of a continuing application. An alternative would be to physically remove the priority documents from the folders and transfer them to the continuing application. The resources required to request transfer, retrieve the folders, make suitable record notations, transfer the certified copies, enter and make a record of such copies in the Continuing Application are substantial. Accordingly, the priority documents in folders of international applications which have not entered the national stage may not be relied on. Notice of April 28, 1987 (1079 O.G. 32 to 46).

19. Maintenance of Copendency of Prior Application

NOTE:	The P1 constitu	rO finds it uting the f	useful if a copy of the petition filed in the prior application extending the term for response is filed with the papers iling of the continuation application. Notice of November 5, 1985 (1060 O.G. 27).
A.		Exter	nsion of time in prior application
(This item is set in the property)			pleted and the papers filed in the prior application if the period on has run)
			A petition, fee and response extends the term in the pending prior application until, 19
В.			A copy of the petition filed in prior application is attached
ъ.			Conditional Petition for Extension of Time in Prior Application (complete this item if previous item not applicable)
		A cor	nditional petition for extension of time is being filed in the pending prior application.
			A copy of the conditional petition filed in the prior application is attached
20. Furthe	er Inve	entorsh	ip Statement Where Benefit of Prior Application(s) Claimed
NOTE:	reques claime	tors nan sting de ed in the	uation, continuation-in-part, or divisional application is filed by less than all the ned in the prior application a statement must accompany the application when filed letion of the names of the person or persons who are not inventors of the invention being e continuation, continuation-in-part, or divisional application." 37 CFR 1.62(a) ded]. (dealing with the file wrapper continuation situation).
NOTE:	new o invent which declar	dment, a eath or d tors may a disclos cation is	f a continuation-in-part application which adds and claims additional disclosure by an oath or declaration as required by § 1.63 must be filed. In those situations where a declaration is required due to additional subject matter being claimed, additional who be named in the continuing application. In a continuation or divisional application es and claims only subject matter disclosed in a prior application, no additional oath or required and the application must name as inventors the same or less than all the he prior application." 37 CFR 1.60(c). (dealing with the continuation situation).

	w Appl ge 13	ication Tran	smittal
	nplete	applicable ite	m(a), (b) and/or (c) below)
(a)		This application application	ation discloses and claims only subject matter disclosed in the prior whose particulars are set out above and inventor(s) in this are
		\boxtimes	the same
			less than those named in the prior application and it is requested that the following inventor(s) identified for the prior application is deleted:
			(Type name(s) of inventor(s) to be deleted)
(b)		This application application	ation discloses and claims additional disclosure by amendment and a new or oath is being filed. With respect to the prior application the inventor(s) in this are
		the s	ame
		the fo	ollowing additional inventor(s) have been added
			(Type name(s) of inventor(s) to be added)
(c)		The invento	rship for all the claims in this application are
		the sa	ame
		not th	e same, and an explanation, including the ownership of the various claims at the he last claimed invention was made
			is submitted

21. Abandonment of Prior Application (if applicable)

will be submitted

Please abandon the prior application at a time while the prior application is pending or when the petition for extension of time or to revive in the application is granted and when this application is granted a filing date so as to make this application copending with said prior application.

NOTE: According to the Notice of May 13, 1983 (103, TMOG 6-7) the filing of a continuation or a continuation-in-part application is a proper response with respect to a petition for extension of time or a petition to revive and should include the express abandonment of the prior application conditioned upon the granting of the petition and the granting of a filing date to the continuing application.

22. Petition for Suspension of Prosecution for the Time Necessary to File an Amendment

WARNING:	"The claims of a new application may be finally rejected in the first Office action in those situations where (1) the new application is a continuing application of, or a substitute for, an earlier application, and (2) all the claims of the new application (a) are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application, and (b) would have been properly finally rejected on the grounds of art of record in the next Office action of they had been entered in the earlier application." MPEP, § 706.07(b).
amen	e is it possible that the claims on file will give rise to a first action final for this continuation application and for some reason an dment cannot be filed promptly (e.g. experimental data is being gathered) it may be desirable to file a petition for suspension of cution for the time necessary.
(check the no	ext item, if applicable)
	There is provided herewith a Petition to Suspend Prosecution for the Time Necessary to File and Amendment (New Application Filed Concurrently) ICATION IN PARENT APPLICATION OF THIS FILING
	A notification of the filing of this (check one of the following)
	continuation
	continuation-in-part
is being filed	in the parent application from which this application claims priority under 35 USC § 120.

188PAC3999/63.399072 REV. 5/97

SPECIFICATION

NOVEL PROTEINS AND METHODS FOR PRODUCING THE PROTEINS

Field of the invention

This invention relates to a novel protein, osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor (OCIF), and methods for producing the protein.

Background of the invention

Human bones are always remodelling by the repeated process of resorption and reconstitution. In the process, osteoblasts and osteoclasts are considered to be the cells mainly responsible for bone formation and bone resorption, A typical example of disease caused by the progression of respectively. The disease is known to be provoked abnormal bone metabolism is osteoporosis. by the condition in which bone resorption by osteoclasts exceeds bone formation by osteoblasts, but the mechanism of osteoporosis has not yet been completely elucidated. Osteoporosis causes pain in the bone and makes the bone fragile, leading to fracture. Since osteoporosis increases the number of bedridden old people, it has become a social issue with the increasing number Therefore, efficacious drugs for the treatment of the disease of old people. are expected to be developed. Bone mass reduction caused by the abnormal bone metabolism is thought to be prevented by inhibiting bone resorption, improving bone formation, or improving the balanced metabolism.

Bone formation is expected to be promoted by stimulating growth, differentiation, or activation of osteoblasts. Many cytokines are reported to stimulate growth or differentiation of osteoblasts, i.e. fibroblast growth

factor (FGF) (Rodan S.B. et al., Endocrinology vol. 121, p1917, 1987), insulin-like growth factor-I (IGF-I) (Hock J.M. et al., Endocrinology vol. 122, p254, 1988), insulin-like growth factor-II (IGF-II) (McCarthy T. et al., Endocrinology vol. 124, p301, 1989), Activin A (Centrella M. et al., Mol, Cell, Biol. vol. 11, p250, 1991), Vasculotropin (Varonique M et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 199, p380, 1994), and bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) (Yamaguchi, A et al., J. Cell Biol. vol. 113, p682, 1991, Sampath T.K. et al., J. Biol Chem. vol. 267, p20532, 1992, and Knutsen R. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 194, p1352, 1993.

On the other hand, cytokines which inhibits differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts have been paid attention and have been intensively Transforming growth factor- β (Chenu C. et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. studied. 1988) and interleukin-4 (Kasano K. et al., vol. 85, p5683, USA, Bone-Miner., vol. 21, p179, 1993) are found to inhibit the differentiation of Calcitonin (Bone-Miner., vol. 17, p347, 1992), osteoclasts. colony-stimulating factor (Hattersley G. et al. J. Cell. Physiol. vol. 137, p199, 1988), interleukin-4 (Watanabe, K. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 172, p1035, 1990), and interferon-y (Gowen M. et al., J. Bone Miner. Res., vol.1, p469, 1986) are found to inhibit bone resorption by osteoclasts.

These cytokines are expected to be efficacious drugs for improving bone mass reduction by stimulating bone formation and/or by inhibiting bone resorption. The cytokines such as insulin like growth factor-I and bone morphogenetic proteins are now investigated in clinical trials for their

effects in treatment of patients with bone diseases. Calcitonin is already used as a drug to care osteoporosis and to diminish pain in osteoporosis.

Examples of drugs now clinically utilized for the treatment of bone diseases and for shortening the treatment period are dihydroxyvitamine D_3 , vitamin K_2 , calcitonin and its derivatives, hormones such as estradiol, ipriflavon, and calcium preparations. However, these drugs do not provide satisfactory therapeutic effects, and novel drug substances have been expected to be developed. As mentioned, bone metabolism is controlled in the balance between bone resorption and bone formation. Therefore, cytokines which inhibit osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation are expected to be developed as drugs for the treatment of bone diseases such as osteoporosis.

Disclosure of Invention

This invention was initiated from the view point described above. The purpose of this invention is to offer both a novel factor termed osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor (OCIF) and a procedure to produce the factor efficiently.

The inventors have intensively searched for osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factors in human embryonic fibloblast IMR-90 (ATCC CCL186) conditioned medium and have found a novel osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor (OCIF) which inhibits differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts.

The inventors have established a method for accumulating the protein to a high concentration by culturing IMR-90 cells using alumina ceramic pieces as the cell adherence matrices.

The inventors have also established an efficient method for isolating the protein, OCIF, from the IMR-90 conditioned medium using the following sequential column chromatography, ion-exchange, heparin affinity, cibacron-blue affinity, and reverse phase.

The inventors, based on the amino acid sequence of the purified natural OCIF, successfully cloned a cDNA encoding this protein. The inventors established also a procedure to produce this protein which inhibits differentiation of osteoclasts. This invention concerns a protein which is produced by human lung fibroblast cells, has molecular weights in SDS-PAGE of 60 KD in the reducing conditions and 120 KD under the non-reducing conditions, has affinity for both cation-exchange resins and heparin, reduces its activity to inhibit differentiation and maturation of osteoclasts if treated for 10 minutes at 70 °C or for 30 minutes at 56 °C, and lose its activity to inhibit differentiation and maturation of osteoclasts by the treatment for 10 minutes at 90 °C. The amino acid sequence of the protein OCIF which is described in the present invention is clearly different from any of know factors inhibiting formation of osteoclasts.

The invention includes a method to purify OCIF protein, comprising; (1) culturing human fibroblasts, (2) applying the conditioned medium to a heparin column to obtain the adsorbed fraction, (3) purifying the OCIF protein using a cation-exchange column, (4) purifying the OCIF protein using a heparin affinity column, (5) purifying the OCIF protein using a cibacron blue affinity column, (6) isolating the OCIF protein using reverse-phase column chromatography. Cibacron blue F3GA coupled to a carrier made of synthetic

hydrophilic polymers is an example of materials used to prepare Cibacron blue columns. These columns are conventionally called "blue colomns".

The invention includes a method for accumulating the OCIF protein to a high concentration by culturing human fibroblasts using alumina ceramic pieces as the cell-adherence matrices.

Moreover, the inventors determined the amino acid sequences of the peptides derived from OCIF, designed the primers based on these amino acid sequences, and obtained cDNA fragments encoding OCIF from a cDNA library of IMR-90 cells.

Detailed description of the invention

The OCIF protein of the present invention can be isolated from human fibroblast conditioned medium with high yield. The procedure to isolate OCIF is based on ordinary techniques for purifying proteins from biomaterials, in accordance with the physical and chemical properties of OCIF protein. For example, concentrating procedure includes ordinary biochemical techniques such as ultrafiltration, lyophylization, and dialysis. Purifying procedure includes combinations of several chromatographic techniques for purifying proteins such as ion-exchange column chromatography, affinity column chromatography, gel filtration column chromatography, hydrophobic column chromatography, reverse phase column chromatography, and preparative gel electrophoresis. The human fibroblast used for production of the OCIF protein is preferably IMR-90. A method for producing the IMR-90 conditioned medium is preferably a process comprising, adhering human embryonic fibroblast IMR-90 cells to alumina

ceramic pieces in roller-bottles, using DMEM medium supplemented with 5 % new born calf serum for the cell culture, and cultivating the cells in roller-bottles for 7 to 10 days by stand cultivation. CHAPS (3-[(3-cholamid opropyl)-dimethylammonio]-1-propanesulfonate) is prefarably added to the buffer as a detergent in the purification steps of OCIF protein.

OCIF protein of the instant invention can be initially obtained as a heparin binding basic OCIF fraction by applying the culture medium to a heparin column (Heparin-Sepharose CL-6B, Pharmacia), eluting with 10 mM Tris-HCI buffer, pH 7.5, containing 2 M NaCl, and then by applying the OCIF fraction to a Q · anion-exchange column (HiLoad-Q/FF, Pharmacia), and collecting non-adsorbed fraction. OCIF protein can be purified by subjecting the obtained OCIF fraction to purification on a S · cation-exchange column (HiLoad-S/FF, Pharmacia). a heparin column (Heparin-5PW, TOSOH), Cibacrone Blue column (Blue-5PW, TOSOH), and a reverse-phase column (BU-300 C4, Perkin Elmer) and the material is defined by the previously described properties.

The present invention relates to a method of cloning cDNA encoding the OCIF protein based on the amino acid sequence of natural OCIF and a method of obtaining recombinant OCIF protein that inhibits differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts. The OCIF protein is purified according to the method described in the present invention and is treated with endopeptidase (for example, lysylendopeptidase). The amino acid sequences of the peptides produced by the digestion are determined and the mixture of oligonucleotides

that can encode each internal amino acid sequence was systhesized. The OCIF cDNA fragment is obtained by PCR (preferably RT-PCR, reverse transcriptase PCR) using the oligonucleotide mixtures described above as primers. The full length OCIF cDNA encoding the OCIF protein is cloned from a cDNA library using the obtained OCIF DNA fragment as a probe. The OCIF cDNA containing the entire coding region is inserted into an expression vector. The recombinant OCIF can be produced by expressing the OCIF cDNA containing the entire coding region in mammalian cells or bacteria.

The present invention relates to the novel proteins OCIF2, OCIF3, OCIF4, and OCIF5 that are variants of OCIF and have the activity described above. These OCIF variants are obtained from the cDNA library constructed with IMR-90 poly(A) + RNA by hybridization using the OCIF cDNA fragment as a probe. Each of the OCIF variant cDNAs containing the entire coding region is inserted into an expression vector. Each recombinant OCIF variant can be produced by expressing each of the OCIF variant cDNAs containing the entire coding region in the conventional hosts. Each recombinant OCIF variant can be purified according to the method described in this invention. Each recombinant OCIF variant has an ability to inhibit osteoclastogenesis.

The present invention further includes OCIF mutants. They are substitution mutants comprising replacement of one cysteine residue possibly involved in dimer formation with serine residue, and various deletion mutants of OCIF. Substitutions or deletions are introduced into the OCIF cDNA using

polymerase chain reaction (PCR) or by restriction enzyme digestion. Each of these mutated OCIF cDNAs is inserted into a vector containing an appropriate promoter for gene expression. The resultant expression vector for each of the OCIF mutants is transfected into eukaryotic cells such as mammalian cells. Each of OCIF mutants can be obtained and purified from the conditioned media of the transfected cells.

The present invention provides polyclonal antibodies and a method to quantitatively determine OCIF concentration using these polyclonal antibodies.

As antigens (immunogens), natural OCIF obtained from IMR-90 conditioned medium, recombinant OCIF produced by such hosts as microorganisms and eukaryotes using OCIF cDNA, synthetic peptides designed based on the amino acid sequence of OCIF, or peptides obtained from OCIF by partial digestion can be used. Anti-OCIF polyclonal antibodies are obtained by immunizing appropriate mammals with the antigens in combination with adjuvants for immunization if necessary, purifying from the serum by the ordinary purification methods. The anti-OCIF polyclonal antibodies which are labelled with rasioisotopes or enzymes can be used in radio-immunoassay (RIA) system or immunoassay (EIA) system. By using these assay systems, the concentrations of OCIF in biological materials such as blood and ascites and cells-culture medium can be easily determined.

The antibodies in the present invention can be used in radio immunoassay (RIA) or enzyme immunoassay (EIA). By using these assay systems, the concentration of OCIF in biological materials such as blood and ascites can

be easily determined.

The present invention provides novel monoclonal antibodies and a method to quantitatively determine OCIF concentration using these monoclonal antibodies.

Anti-OCIF monoclonal antibodies can be produced by the conventional method using OCIF as an antigen. Native OCIF obtained from the culture medium of IMR-90 cells and recombinant OCIF produced by such hosts as microorganisms and eukaryotes using OCIF cDNA can be used as antigens. Alternatively, synthesized peptides designed based on the amino acid sequence of OCIF and peptides obtained from OCIF by partial digestion can be also used as antigens. Immunized lymphocytes obtained by immunization of mammals with the antigen or by an in vitro immunization method were fused with myeloma of mammals to The hybridoma clones secreting antibody which recognizes obtain hybridoma. OCIF were selected from the hybridomas obtained by the cell fusion. The desired antibodies can be obtained by cell culture of the selected hybridoma clones. In preparation of hybridoma, small animals such as mice or rats are generally used for immunization. To immunize, OCIF is suitably diluted with a saline solution (0.15 M NaCl), and is intravenously or intraperitoneally administered with an adjuvant to animals for 2-5 times every 2-20 days. The immunized animal was killed three days after final immunization, the spleen was taken out and the splenocytes were used as immunized B lymphocytes.

Mouse myeloma cell lines for cell fusion with the immunized B lymphocytes include, for example, p3/x63-Ag8, p3-U1, NS-1, MPC-11, SP-2/0, F0, p3x63

Ag8.653, and S194. Rat R-210 cell line may also be used. Human B lymphocytes are immunized by an in vitro immunization method and are fused with human myeloma cell line or EB virus transformed human B lymphocytes which are used as a parent cell line for cell fusion, to produce human type antibody.

Cell fusion of the immunized B lymphocytes and myeloma cell line is carried out principally by the conventional methods. For example, the method of Koehler G. et al. (Nature 256, 495-497, 1975) is generally used, and also an electric pulse method can be applied to cell fusion. The immunized B lymphocytes and transformed B cells are mixed at conventional ratios and a cell culture medium without FBS containing polyethylene glycol is generally used for cell fusion. The B lymphocytes fused with myeloma cell lines are cultured in HAT selection medium containing FBS to select hybridoma.

For screening of hybridoma producing anti-OCIF antibody, EIA, plaque assay, Ouchterlony, or agglutination assay can be principally used. Among them, EIA is simple and easy to operate with sufficient accuracy and is generally used. By EIA using purified OCIF, the desired antibody can be selected easily and accurately. Thus obtained hybridoma can be cultured by the conventional method of cell culture and frozen for stock if necessary. The antibody can be produced by culturing hybridoma using the ordinary cell culture method or by transplanting hybridoma intraperitoneally to animals. The antibody can be purified by the ordinary purification methods such as salt precipitation, gel filtration, and affinity chromatography. The obtained antibody specifically reacts with OCIF and can be used for determination of OCIF concentration and for purification of OCIF. The antibodies of the

present invention recognize epitopes of OCIF and have high affinity to OCIF. Therefore, they can be used for the construction of EIA. By (using) this assay system, the concentration of OCIF in biological materials such as blood and ascites can be easily determined.

The agents used for treating bone diseases that contain OCIF as an effective ingredient are provided by the present invention. Rats were subjected to denervation of left forelimb. Test compounds were administered daily after surgery for 14 days. After 2 weeks treatment, the animals were sacrificed and their forelimbs were dissected. Thereafter bones were tested for mechanical strength by three point bending method. OCIF improved mechanical strength of bone in a dose dependent manner.

The OCIF protein of the invention is useful as a pharmaceutical ingredients for treating or improving decreased bone mass in such as osteoporosis, bone diseases such as rheumatism, osteoarthritis, and abnormal bone metabolism in multiple myeloma. The OCIF protein is also useful as an antigen to establish immunological diagnosis of the diseases. Pharmaceutical preparations containing the OCIF protein as an active ingredients are formulated and can be orally or parenterally administered. The preparation contains the OCIF protein of the present invention as an efficacious ingredient and is safely administered to human and animals. Examples of the pharmaceutical preparations include compositions for injection or intravenous drip, suppositories, nasal preparations, sublingual preparations, and tapes for percutaneous absorption. The pharmaceutical preparation for injection can

be prepared by mixing the pharmacologically efficacious amount of OCIF protein and pharmaceutically acceptable carriers. The carriers are vehicles and/or activators, e.g. amino acids, saccharides, cellulose derivatives, and other organic and inorganic compounds which are generally added to active ingredients. When the OCIF protein is mixed with the vehicles and/or activators to prepare injections, pH adjuster, buffer, stabilizer, solubilizing agent, etc. can be added, if necessary.

Brief description of the figures

Figure 1 shows the elution pattern of crude OCIF protein (Hiload-Q/FF pass-through fraction; sample 3) from a Hiload-S/HP column.

Figure 2 shows the elution pattern of crude OCIF protein (heparin-5PW fraction; sample 5) from a blue-5PW column.

Figure 3 shows the elution pattern of OCIF protein (blue-5PW fraction 49 to 50) from a reverse-phase column.

Figure 4 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated OCIF proteins under reducing conditions or non-reducing conditions.

Description of the lanes,

lane 1,4; molecular weight marker proteins

lane 2,5; OCIF protein of peak 6 in figure 3

lane 3,6; OCIF protein of peak 7 in figure 3

Figure 5 shows the elution pattern of peptides obtained by the digestion of pyridyl ethylated OCIF protein digested with lysylendopeptidase, on a reverse-phase column.

Figure 6 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated natural(n) OCIF protein and recombinant(r) OCIF proteins under non-reducing conditions. rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) were produced in 293/EBNA cells and in CHO cells, respectively.

Description of the lanes,

lane 1; molecular weight marker proteins

lane 2; a monomer type nOCIF protein

lane 3; a dimer type nOCIF protein

lane 4; a monomer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 5; a dimer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 6; a monomer type rOCIF(C) protein

lane 7; a dimer type rOCIF(C) protein

Figure 7 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated natural(n) OCIF proteins and recombinant (r) OCIF proteins under reducing conditions. rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) were produced in 293/EBNA cells and in CHO cells, respectively.

Description of the lanes,

lane 8; molecular weight marker proteins

lane 9; a monomer type nOCIF protein

lane 10; a dimer type nOCIF protein

lane 11; a monomer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 12; a dimer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 13; a monomer type rOCIF(C) protein

lane 14; a dimer type rOCIF(C) protein

Figure 8 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated natural(n) OCIF proteins and recombinant(r) OCIF proteins from which N-linked sugar chains were removed

under reducing conditions. rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) are rOCIF protein produced in 293/EBNA cells and in CHO cells, respectively.

Description of the lanes,

lane 15; molecular weight marker proteins

lane 16; a monomer type nOCIF protein

lane 17; a dimer type nOCIF protein

lane 18; a monomer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 19; a dimer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 20; a monomer type rOCIF(C) protein

lane 21; a dimer type rOCIF(C) protein

Figure 9 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF2.

Figure 10 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF3.

Figure 11 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF4.

Figure 12 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF5.

Figure 13 shows standard curve for determination of OCIF protein concentration by an EIA employing anti-OCIF polyclonal antibodies.

Figure 14 shows standard curve for determination of OCIF protein concentration by an EIA employing anti-OCIF monoclonal antibodies.

Figure 15 shows the effect of rOCIF protein on osteoporosis.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

The present invention will be further explained by the following examples, however, the scope of the invention is not restricted to the examples.

EXAMPLE 1

Preparation of a conditioned medium of human fibroblast IMR-90

Human fetal lung fibroblast IMR-90 (ATCC-CCL186) cells were cultured on alumina ceramic pieces (80 g) (alumina: 99.5%, manufactured by Toshiba Ceramic K.K.) in DMEM medium (manufactured by Gibco BRL Co.) supplemented with 5% CS and 10mM HEPES buffer (500 ml/roller bottle) at 37°C under the presence of 5% CO₂ for 7 to 10 days using 60 roller bottles (490 cm², 110 x 171mm, manufactured by Coning Co.) in static culture. The conditioned medium was harvested, and a fresh medium was added to the roller bottles. About 30L of IMR-90 conditioned medium per batch culture was obtained. The conditioned medium was designated as sample 1.

EXAMPLE 2

Assay method for osteoclast development inhibitory activity

Osteoclast development inhibitory activity was assayed by measuring tartrate-resistant acid phosphatase(TRAP) activity according to the methods of M. Kumegawa et.al (Protein • Nucleic Acid • Enzyme, vol. 34 p999, 1989) and N. Takahashi et.al (Endocrynology, vol. 122, p1373, 1988) with modifications. Briefly, bone marrow cells obtained from 17 day-old mouse were suspended in α -MEM (manufactured by GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS, $2 \times 10^{-8} \mathrm{M}$ of activated vitamin D₃, and each test sample, and were inoculated to each well of 96-well plate at a cell density of 3×10^{5} cells/0.2 ml/well. The plates were incubated for 7 days at 37° C in humidified $5 \times CO_2$. Cultures were further continued by replacing 0.16 ml of old medium with the same volume of fresh

medium on day 3 and day 5 after starting cultivation. On day 7, after washing the plates with phosphate buffered saline, cells were fixed with ethanol/acetone (1:1) for 1 min. at room temperature, and then osteoclast development was tested by determining for phosphatase activity using a kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, Catalog No. 387-A, manufactured by Sigma Co.). The decrease of TRAP positive cells was taken as an indication of OCIF activity.

EXAMPLE 3

Purification of OCIF

i) Heparin Sepharose CL-6B column chromatography

The 90L of IMR-90 conditioned medium (sample 1) was filtrated with 0.22 μ membrane filter (hydrophilic Milidisk, 2000 cm², Milipore Co.), and was divided into three portions. Each portion (30 1) was applied to a heparin Sepharose CL-6B column (5 x 4.1 cm, Pharmacia Co.) equilibrated with 10mM Tris-HCl containing 0.3M NaCl, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5 at a flow rate of 500 ml/hr., heparin Sepharose CL-6B adsorbent protein fraction was eluted with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, containing 2M NaCl. The fraction was designated as sample 2.

ii) HiLoad-Q/FF column chromatography

The heparin Sepharose-adsorbent fraction (sample 2) was dialyzed against 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, supplemented with CHAPS to a final concentration of 0.1%, incubated at 4 °C overnight, and divided into two portions. Each

portion was then applied to an anion-exchange column (HiLoad-Q/FF, 2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) which was equilibrated with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5 to obtain a non-adsorbent fraction (1000 ml). The fraction was designated as sample 3.

iii) HiLoad-S/HP column chromatography

The HiLoad-Q non-adsorbent fraction (sample 3) was applied to a cation-exchange column (HiLoad-S/HP, 2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) which was equilibrated with 50 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH $^{\prime}$ 7.5. After washing the column with 50 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted with linear gradient from 0 to 1 M NaCl at a flow rate of 8 ml/min for 100 min. and fractions (12 ml) were collected. Each ten fractions from number 1 to 40 was pooled to form one portion. Each 100 μ 1 of the four portions was tested for OCIF activity. OCIF activity was observed in fractions from 11 to 30 (as shown in Figure 1). The fractions from 21 to 30 which had higher specific activity were collected and was designated as sample 4.

iv) Heparin-5PW affinity column chromatography

One hundred and twenty ml of HiLoad-S fraction from 21 to 30 (sample 4) was diluted with 240 ml of 50 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, and applied to heparin-5PW affinity column (0.8 x 7.5 cm, Tosoh Co.) which was equilibrated with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted with linear gradient from 0 to 2M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5ml/min for 60 min. and fractions

(0.5 ml) were collected. Fifty μ l was removed from each fraction to test for OCIF activity. The active fractions, eluted with 0.7 to 1.3M NaCl was pooled and was designated as sample 5.

v) Blue 5PW affinity column chromatography

Ten ml of sample 5 was diluted with 190 ml of 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5 and applied to a blue-5PW affinity column, (0.5x5 cm, Tosoh Co.) which was equilibrated with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted with a 30 ml linear gradient from 0 to 2M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5 ml/min., and fractions (0.5 ml) were collected. Using 25 μ l of each fraction, OCIF activity was evaluated. The fractions number 49 to 70, eluted with 1.0-1.6M NaCl had OCIF activity.

vi) Reverse phase column chromatography

The blue 5PW fraction obtained by collecting fractions from 49 to 50 was acidified with $10\,\mu\,1$ of 25% TFA and applied to a reverse phase C4 column (BU-300, 2.1x220mm, manufactured by Perkin-Elmer) which was equilibrated with 0.1% of TFA and 25% of acetonitrile. The adsorbed protein was eluted with linear gradient from 25 to 55% acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min. for 60 min., and each protein peak was collected (Fig. 3). One hundred $\mu\,1$ of each peak fraction was tested for OCIF activity, and peak 6 and the peak 7 had OCIF activity. The result was shown in Table 1.

Table 1

OCIF activity eluted from reverse phase C4 column

Sample	•	D	ilution	
	1/40	1/120	1/360	1/1080
Peak 6	++	++	+	_
Peak 7	++	+		-

^{[++} means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development more than 80%, + means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development between 30% and 80%, and - means no OCIF activity.]

EXAMPLE 4
Molecular weight of OCIF protein

The two protein peaks (6 and 7) with OCIF activity were subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under reducing and non-reducing conditions. Briefly, $20\,\mu$ l of each peak fraction was concentrated under vacuum and dissolved in 1.5 μ l of 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 8, 1mM EDTA, 2.5% SDS, 0.01% bromophenol blue. and incubated at 37°C overnight under non-reducing conditions or under reducing conditions (with 5% of 2-mercaptoethanol). 1.0 μ l of sample was then analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis with a gradient gel of 10-15% acrylamide (Pharmacia Co.) electrophoresis-device (Fast System, Pharmacia Co.). The following molecular weight marker proteins were used to calculate molecular weight: phosphorylase b (94 kD), bovine serum albumin (67 kD), ovalbumin (43 kD), carbonic anhydrase (30 kD), trypsin inhibitor (20.0 kD), and lactalbumin (14.4 kD).

Table 2

electrophoresis, protein bands were visualized by silver stain using Phast Silver Stain Kit. The results were shown in Fig. 4.

A protein band with an apparent 60 KD was detected in the peak 6 protein under both reducing and non-reducing conditions. A protein band with an apparent 60 KD was detected under reducing conditions and a protein band with an apparent 120 KD was detected under non-reducing conditions in the peak 7 protein. Therefore, the protein of peak 7 was considered to be a homodimer of the protein of peak 6.

EXAMPLE 5
Thermostability of OCIF

Twenty μ 1 of sample from the blue-5PW fractions 51 and 52 was diluted to $30\,\mu$ 1 with 10 mM phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2, and incubated for 10 min. at 70°C or 90 °C, or for 30 min. at 56°C. The heat-treated samples were tested for OCIF activity. The results were shown in Table 2.

Thermostability of OCIF

Sample			
<u>-</u> 	1/300	1/900	1/2700
untreated	++	+	·-
70°C, 10 min	+	-	_
56℃, 30 min	+ .	-	_
90℃, 10 min	_	-	-

[++ means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development more than 80%, +means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development between 30% and 80%, and - means no OCIF activity.]

EXAMPLE 6

Internal amino acid sequence of OCIF protein

Each 2 fractions (1 ml) from No. 51-70 of blue-5PW fraction was acidified with 10 μ 1 of 25% TFA, and was applied to a reverse phase C4 column (BU-300, 2.1x220mm, manufactured by Perkin-Elmer Co.) equilibrated with 25% of acetonitrile containing 0.1 % TFA. The adsorbed protein was eluted with a 12 ml linear gradient of 25 to 55% acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min, and the protein fractions corresponding to peak 6 and peak 7 were collected, respectively. The protein of each peak was applied to a protein sequencer (PROCISE 494, Perkin-Elmer Co.). However, the N-terminal sequence of the protein of each peak could not be analyzed. Therefore, N-terminal of the protein of each peak was considered to be blocked. So, internal amino acid sequences of these proteins were analyzed.

The protein of peak 6 or peak 7 purified by C4-HPLC was concentrated by centrifugation and pyridilethylated under reducing conditions. Briefly, 50 μ 1 of 0.5 M Tris-HC1, pH 8.5, containing 100 μ g of dithiothreitol, 10mM EDTA, 7 M guanidine-HC1, and 1% CHAPS was added to each samples, and the mixture was incubated overnight in the dark at a room temperature. Each the mixture was acidified with 25% TFA (a final concentration 0.1%) and was applied to a reversed phase C4 column (BU-300, 2.1x30mm, Perkin-Elmer Co.) equilibrated with 20 % acetonitrile containing 0.1 % TFA. The pyridil-ethylated OCIF

protein was eluted with a 9 ml linear gradient from 20 to 50% acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.3 ml/min, and each protein peak was collected. The pyridil-ethyrated OCIF protein was concentrated under vacuum, and dissolved in $25\,\mu$ l of 0.1 M Tris-HCl, pH 9, containing 8 M Urea, and 0.1 % Tween 80. Seventy three μ l of 0.1 M Tris-HCl, pH 9, and 0.02 μ g of lysyl endopeptidase (Wako Pure Chemical, Japan) were added to the tube, and incubated at 37 °C for 15 hours. Each digest was acidified with 1 μ l of 25% TFA and was applied to a reverse phase C8 column (RP-300, 2.1x220mm, Perkin-Elmer Co.) equilibrated with 0.1% TFA.

The peptide fragments were eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 50 % acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min for 70 min., and each peptide peak was collected. Each peptide fragment (P1 - P3) was applied to the protein sequencer. The sequences of the peptides were shown in Sequence Numbers 1 - 3, respectively.

EXAMPLE 7

Determination of nucleotide sequence of the OCIF cDNA

i) Isolation of poly(A) + RNA from IMR-90 cells

About 10 ug of poly(A) + RNA was isolated from 1x10⁸ cells of IMR-90 by using Fast Track mRNA isolation kit (Invitrogen) according to the manufacturer's instructions.

ii) Preparation of mixed primers

The following two mixed primers were synthesized based on the amino acid

sequences of two peptides (peptide P2 and peptide P3, sequence numbers 2 and 3, respectively). All the oligonucleotides in the mixed primers No. 2F can code for the amino acid sequence from the sixth residue, glutamine (Gln) to the twelfth residue, leucine (Leu), in peptide P2. All the oligonucleotides in the mixed primers No. 3R can code for the amino acid sequence from the sixth residue, histidine (His), to the twelfth residue, lysine (Lys), in peptide P3. The sequences of the mixed primers No. 2F and No. 3R were shown in Table 3.

Table 3

No. 2F

5'-CAAGAACAAA CTTTTCAATT-3'
G G G C C GC
A
G

No. 3R

5' -TTTATACATT GTAAAAGAAT G-3'
C G C G GCTG
A C
G T

iii) Amplification of OCIF cDNA fragment by PCR (Polymerase chain reaction)
First strand cDNA was generated using Superscript II cDNA synthesis kit

(Gibco BRL) and 1 ug of poly(A) + RNA obtained in the example 7-i) according to the manufacturer's instructions. The DNA fragment encoding OCIF was obtained by PCR using the cDNA template and the primers shown in EXAMPLE 7-ii).

PCR was performed with the conditions as follows;

10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	5	u1
2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	4	ul
cDNA solution	1.	ul
Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0. 25	u1
sterile distilled water	29. 75	u1
40 uM solution of primers No. 2F	5	u1
40 uM solution of primers No. 3R	5	u1

The components of the reaction were mixed in a microcentrifuge tube. An initial denaturation step at 95 °C for 3 min was followed by 30 cycles of denaturation at 95 °C for 30 sec annealing at 50 °C for 30 sec and extention at 70 °C for 2 min. After the amplification, final extention step was performed at 70 °C for 5 min. The size of PCR products were determined on a 1.5 % agarose gel electrophoresis. About 400 bp 0CIF DNA fragment was obtained.

EXAMPLE 8

Cloning of the OCIF cDNA fragment amplified by PCR and determination of its DNA sequence

The OCIF cDNA fragment amplified by PCR in EXAMPLE 7-iii) was inserted in the plasmid, pBluescript II SK using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) according to the method by Marchuk, D. et al. (Nucleic Acids Res., vol 19, p1154, 1991). E.coli. DH5 lpha (Gibco BRL) was transformed with ligation mixture. The transformants were grown and a plasmid containing the OCIF cDNA (about 400 bp) was purified using the commonly used method. This plasmid was called pBSOCIF. The sequence of OCIF cDNA in pBSOCIF was determined using Taq Dye Deoxy Terminater Cycle Sequencing kit (Perkin Elmer). The size of the OCIF cDNA is 397 bp. The OCIF cDNA encodes an amino acid sequence containing 132 residues. The amino acid sequences of the internal peptides (peptide P2 and peptide P3, sequence number 2 and 3, respectively) that were used to design the primers were found at N- or C- terninal side in the amino acid sequence of the 132 amino acid polypeptide predicted by the 397 bp OCIF cDNA. In addition, the amino acid sequence of the internal peptide P1 (sequence number 1) was also found in the predicted amino acid sequence of the polypeptide. These data show that the 397 bp OCIF cDNA is a portion of the full length OCIF cDNA.

EXAMPLE 9

Preparation of the DNA probe

The 397 bp OCIF cDNA was prepared according to the conditions described in EXAMPLE 7-iii). The OCIF cDNA was subjected to a preparative agarose gel electrophoresis. The OCIF cDNA was purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN), labeled with $[\alpha^{32}P]$ dCTP using Megaprime DNA labeling

system (Amersham) and used to select a phage containing the full length OCIF cDNA.

EXAMPLE 10

Preparation of the cDNA library

cDNA was generated using Great Lengths cDNA synthesis kit (Clontech), oligo (dT) primer, $[\alpha^{32}P]$ dCTP and 2.5 ug of poly(A) + RNA obtained in the example 7-i) according to the manufacturer's instructions. EcoRI-SalI-NotI adaptor was ligated to the cDNA. The cDNA was separated from the free adaptor and unincorporated free $[\alpha^{32}P]$ dCTP. The purified cDNA was precipitated with ethanol and dissolved in 10 ul of TE buffer (10 mMTris-HCl (pH8.0), 1 mM EDTA). The cDNA with the adaptor was inserted in λ ZAP EXPRESS vector (Stratagene) at EcoRI site. The recombinant λ ZAP EXPRESS phage DNA containing the cDNA was in vitro packaged using Gigapack gold II packaging extract (Stratagene) and recombinant λ ZAP EXPRESS phage library was prepared.

EXAMPLE 11

Screening of recombinant phage

Recombinant phages obtained in EXAMPLE 10 were infected to E. Coli, XL1-Blue MRF' (Stratagene) at 37 °C for 15 min.. The infected E. coli cells were added to NZY medium containing 0.7 % agar at 50°C and plated on the NZY agar plates. After the plates were incubated at 37 °C overnight, Hybond N (Amersham) were placed on the surface of plates containing plaques. The membranes were denatured in the alkali solution, neutralized, and washed in

2xSSC according to the standard protocol. The phage DNA was immobilized on the membranes using UV Crosslink (Stratagene). The membranes were incubated in the hybridization buffer (Amersham) containing 100 μg/ml salmon sperm DNA at 65°C for 4 hours and then incubated at 65 °C overnight in the same buffer containing 2x10⁵ cpm/ml denatured OCIF DNA probe. The membranes were washed twice with 2xSSC and twice with a solution containing 0.1xSSC and 0.1 % SDS at 65 °C for 10 min each time. The positive clones were purified by repeating the screening twice. The purified λ ZAP EXPRESS phage clone containing about 1.6 kb DNA insert was used in the experiments described below. This phage was called λ OCIF. The purified λ OCIF and the infected into E. Coli XL1-Blue MRF' λZAP EXPRESS cloning kit according to a protocol of The culture broth of infected XL1-Blue MRF' was prepared. Purified 10CIF and ExAssist helper phage (Stratagene) were co-infected into E. coli strain XL-1 blue MRF' according to the protocol supplied with the kit. The culture broth of the co-infected XL-1 blue MRF' was added to a culture of E. coli strain XLOR (Stratagene) to transform them. Thus we obtained a Kanamycin-resistant transformant harboring a plasmid designated pBKOCIF which is a pBKCMV (Stratagene) vector containing the 1.6 kb insert fragment. The transformant including the plasmid containing about 1.6 kb OCIF cDNA was obtained by picking up the kanamycin-resistant colonies. The plasmid was called pBKOCIF. The transformant has been deposited to National Institute of Bioscience and Human-Technology (NIBH), Agency of Industrial Science and Tecnology as "FERM BP-5267" as pBK/01F10. A national deposit (Accession number,

FERM P-14998) was transferred to the international deposit, on October 25, 1995

according to the Budapest treaty. The transformant pBK/01F10 was grown and the plasmid pBKOCIF was purified according to the standard protocol.

EXAMPLE 12

Determination of the nucleotide sequence of OCIF cDNA containing the full coding region.

The nucleotide sequence of OCIF cDNA obtained in EXAMPLE 11 was determined using Taq Dye Deoxy Terminater Cycle Sequencing kit (Perkin Elmer). The primers used were T3, T7 primers (Stratagene) and synthetic primers designed according to the OCIF cDNA sequence. The sequences of these primers are shown in sequence numbers 16 to 29. The nucleotide sequence of the OCIF cDNA is shown in sequence number 6 and the amino acid sequence predicted by the cDNA sequence is shown in sequence number 5.

EXAMPLE 13

Production of recombinant OCIF by 293/EBNA cells

i) Construction of the plasmid for expressing OCIF cDNA

pBKOCIF containing about 1.6 kb OCIF cDNA was prepared as described in EXAMPLE 11, and digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. The OCIF cDNA insert was cut out, separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified OCIF cDNA insert was ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) to the expression vector pCEP4 (Invitrogen) digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. E. coli. DH5 α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.

The transformants were grown and the plasmid containing the OCIF cDNA (about 1.6 kb) was purified using QIAGEN column (QIAGEN). The expression plasmid pCEPOCIF was precipitated with ethanol, and dissolved in sterile distilled water was used in the expreriments described below.

ii) Transient expression of OCIF cDNA and analysis of the biological activity Recombinant OCIF was produced using the expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF prepared in EXAMPLE 13-i) according to the method described below. 8x10⁵ cells of 293/EBNA (Invitrogen) were inoculated in each well of the 6-well plate using IMDM containing 10 % fetal calf serum (Gibco BRL). After the cells were incubated for 24 hours, the culture medium was removed and the cells were with serum free IMDM. The expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF lipofectamine (Gibco BRL) were diluted with OPTI-MEM (Gibco BRL) and were mixed, and added to the cells in each well according to the manufacture's instructions. Three μ g of pCEPOCIF and 12 μ 1 of lipofectamine were used for each transfection. After the cells were incubated with pCEPOCIF and lipofectamine for 38 hours, the medium was replaced with 1 ml of OPTI-MEM. After the transfected cells were incubated for 30 hours, the conditioned medium was harvested and used for the biological assay. The biological activity of OCIF was analysed according to the method described below. Bone marrow cells obtained from mice, 17 days-old, were suspended in α -MEM (manufactured by GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS, 2x10-8M activated vitamin ${
m D_{3}}$ and each test sample, and were inoculatd and cultured for 7 days at $37^{\circ}{
m C}$ in humidified 5%CO₂ as described in EXAMPLE 2. During incubation, 160

 μ l of old medium in each well was replaced with the same volume of the fresh medium containing test sample diluted with $1 \times 10^{-8} \text{M}$ of activated vitamin D_3 and α -MEM containing FBS on day 3 and day 5. On day 7, after washing the wells with phosphate buffered saline, cells were fixed with ethanol/acetone (1:1) for 1 min. and then osteoclast development was tested using acid phosphatase activity mesuring kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, Catalog No. 387-A, Sigma Co.). The decrease of the number of TRAP positive cells was taken as an OCIF activity. As result, the conditioned medium showed the same OCIF activity as natural OCIF protein from IMR-90 conditioned medium (Table 4).

Table 4
OCIF activity of 293/EBNA conditioned medium.

Cultured Cell			Di	lution			
	1/20	1/40	1/80	1/160	1/320	1/640	1/1280
OCIF expression vector transfected	++	++	++	++	++	+	-
vector transfected	_	-	_	. —	_	-	-
untreated	-	- .	. –		_	_	_

^{[++;} OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development more than 80%, +; OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development between 30% and 80%, and -; no

iii) Isolation of recombinant OCIF protein from 293/EBNA-conditioned medium 293/EBNA-conditioned medium (1.8 1) obtained by cultivating the cells described in example 13-ii) was supplemented with 0.1 % of CHAPS and filtrated with 0.22 μ m membrane filter (Steribecs GS, Milipore Co.). The conditioned medium was applied to 50 ml of a heparin Sepharose CL-6B column (2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) equilibrated with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 2 M NaCl at a flow rate of 4 ml/min for 100 min. and fractions (8 ml) were collected. Using 150 μ l of each fraction, OCIF activity was assayed according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. OCIF active fraction (112 ml) eluted with approximately 0.6 to 1.2 M NaCl was obtained.

One hundred twelve ml of the active fraction was diluted to 1000 ml with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, and applied to a heparin affinity column (heparin-5PW, 0.8 x 7.5 cm, Tosoh Co.) equilibrated with 10mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 2 M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5ml/min for 60 min., and fractions (0.5 ml) were collected. Four μ l of each fraction was analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under reducing and non-reducing conditions as described in EXAMPLE 4. On SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, a single band of rOCIF protein with an apparent 60 KD was detected in fractions from 30 to 32, under

non-reducing conditions, bands of rOCIF protein with an apparent 60 KD and 120 KD were also detected in fractions from 30 to 32. The isolated rOCIF fraction from 30 to 32 was designated as recombinant OCIF derived from 293/EBNA (rOCIF(E)). 1.5 ml of the rOCIF(E) (535 μ g/ml) was obtained when determined by the method of Lowry using bovine serum albumin as a standard protein.

EXAMPLE 14

Production of recombinant OCIF using CHO cells

i) Construction of the plasmid for expressing OCIF/

pBKOCIF containing about 1.6 kb OCIF cDNA was prepared as described in EXAMPLE 11, and digested with restriction enzymes, SalI and EcoRV. About 1.4 kb OCIF cDNA insert was separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The expression vector, pcDL-SR lpha 296 (Molecular and Cellular Biology, vol 8, p466, 1988) was digested with restriction enzymes, PstI and KpnI. About 3.4 kb of the separated by fragment was cut out, vector electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The ends of the purified OCIF cDNA insert and the expression vector fragment were blunted using DNA blunting kit (Takara Shuzo). The purified OCIF cDNA insert and the expression vector fragment were ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo). E. coli. DH5a lpha (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture. The transformant containing the OCIF expression plasmid, pSR α OCIF was obtained.

ii) Preparation of expression plasmid

The transformant containing the OCIF expression plasmid, pSR α OCIF preprared in the example 13-i) and the transformant containing the mouse DHFR expression plasmid, pBAdDSV shown in WO92/01053 were grown according to the standard method. Both plasmids were purified by alkali treatment, polyethylene glycol precipitation, and cesium chrolide density gradient ultra centrifugation according to method of Maniatis et al. (Molecular cloning, 2nd edition).

iii) Adaptation of CHOdhFr- cells to the protein free medium

CHOdhFr- cells (ATCC, CRL 9096) were cultured in IMDM containing 10 % fetal calf serum. The cells were adapted to EX-CELL 301 (JRH Biosciecnce) and then adapted to EX-CELL PF CHO (JRH Biosciecnce) according to the manufacture's instructions.

iv) Transfection of the OCIF expression plasmid, and the mouse DHFR expression plasmid, to CHOdhFr- cells.

CHOdhFr- cells prepared in EXAMPLE 14-iii) were transfected by electroporation with pSR α OCIF and pBAdDSV prepared in EXAMPLE 14-ii). 200 μ g of pSR α OCIF and 20 μ g of pBAdDSV were dissolved under sterile conditions in 0.8 ml of IMDM (Gibco BRL) containing 10 % fetal calf serum CG. 2×10^7 cells of CHOdhFr- were suspended in 0.8 ml of this medium. The cell suspension was transferred to a cuvette (Bio Rad) and the cells were transfected by electroporation using gene pulser (Bio Rad) under condition of

360 V and 960 μ F. The suspension of electroporated cells was transferred to T-flasks (Sumitomo Bakelite) containing 10 ml of EX-CELL PF-CHO, and incubated in the CO₂ incubator for 2 days. Then the transfected cells were inoculated in each well of a 96 well plate (Sumitomo Bakelite) at a density of 5000 cells/well and cultured for about 2 weeks. The transformants expressing DHFR are selected since EX-CELL PF-CHO does not contain nucleotides and the parental cell line CHO dhFr- can not grow in this medium. Most of the transformants expressing DHFR express OCIF since the OCIF expression plasmid was used ten times as much as the mouse DHFR expression plasmid. The transformants whose conditioned medium had high OCIF activity were selected among the transformants expressing DHFR according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. The transformants that express large amounts of OCIF were cloned by limiting dilution. The clones whose conditioned medium had high OCIF activity were selected as described above and the transformant expressing large amount of OCIF, 5561, was obtained.

v) Production of recombinant OCIF

To produce recombinant OCIF (rOCIF), EX-CELL 301 medium (3 1) in a 3 1-spiner flask was inoculated with the clone (5561) at a cell-density of 1x10⁵ cells/ml. The 5561 cells were cultured in a spiner flask at 37°C for 4 to 5 days. When the concentration of the 5561 cells reached to 1x10⁶ cells/ml, about 2.7 1 of the conditioned medium was harvested. Then about 2.7 1 of EX-CELL 301 was added to the spiner flask and the 5561 cells were cultured repeatedly. About 20 1 of the conditioned medium was harvested using the three spiner

vi) Isolation of recombinant OCIF protein from CHO cells-conditioned medium CHOcells-conditioned medium (1.0 1) described in EXAMPL 14-v) was supplemented with 1.0 g of CHAPS and filtrated with 0.22 μ m membrane filter (Steribecks GS, Milipore Co.). The conditioned medium was applied to a heparin Sepharose-FF column (2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) equilibrated with 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 % CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 2 M NaCl at a flow rate of 4 ml/min for 100 min. and fractions (8 ml) were collected. Using 150 μ l of each fraction, OCIF activity was assayed according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. Active fraction (112 ml) eluted with approximately 0.6 to 1.2 M NaCl was obtained.

The 112 ml of active fraction was diluted to 1200 ml with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, and applied to a affinity column (blue-5PW, 0.5 x 5.0 cm, Tosoh Co.) equilibrated with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 3 M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5ml/min for 60 min., and fractions (0.5 ml) were collected. Four μ l of each fraction was subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under reducing and non-reducing conditions as described in EXAMPLE 4. On SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, a single band of rOCIF protein with apparent 60 KD was detected in fractions 30 to 38, under non-reducing conditions, bands of rOCIF protein with apparent 60 KD and 120 KD were also detected in fractions

30 to 38. The isolated rOCIF fraction, 30 to 38, was designated as purified recombinant OCIF derived from CHO cells (rOCIF(C)). 4.5 ml of the rOCIF(C) (113 μ g/ml) was obtained when determined by the method of Lowry using bovine serum albumin as a standard protein.

EXAMPLE 15

Determination of N-terminal amino acid sequence of rOCIFs

Each 3 μ g of the isolated rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) was adsorbed to polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membranes with Prospin (PERKIN ELMER Co.). The membranes were washed with 20 % ethanol and the N-terminal amino acid sequences of the adsorbed proteins were analyzed by protein sequencer (PROCISE 492, PERKIN ELMER Co.). The determined N-terminal amino acid sequence is shown in sequence No. 7.

The N-terminal amino acid of rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) was the 22th amino acid of glutamine from Met as translation starting point, as shown in sequence number 5. The 21 amino acids from Met to Gln were identified as a signal peptide. The N-terminal amino acid sequence of OCIF isolated from IMR-90 conditioned medium was undetectable. Accordingly, the N-terminal glutamine of OCIF may be blocked by converting from glutamine to pyroglutamine within culturing or purifing.

EXAMPLE 16

Biological activity of recombinant(r) OCIF and natural(n) OCIF

i) Inhibition of vitamin ${\bf D_3}$ induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells

Each the rOCIF(E) and nOCIF sample was diluted with α -MEM (GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS and $2x10^{-8}M$ of activated vitamin D_3 (a final concentration of 250 ng/ml). Each sample was serially diluted with the same medium, and 100 μ l of each diluted sample was added to each well in 96-well

plates. Bone marrow cells obtained from mice, 17 days-old, were inoculated at a cell density of $3x10^5$ cells/100 μ 1/ well to each well in 96-well plates and cultured for 7 days at 37°C in humidified 5%CO2. On day 7, the cells were fixed and stained with a acid phosphatase mesuring kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma) according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. The decrease of acid phosphatase activity (TRAP) was taken as OCIF activity. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was evaluated by solubilizing the pigment of dye and measuring absorbance. In detail, 100 μ l of a mixture of 0.1 N NaOH and dimethylsulfoxide (1:1) was added to each well and the well was vibrated to solubilize the dye. After solubilizing the dye completely, an absorbance of each well was measured at 590 nm subtracting the absorbance at (Immunoreader NJ-2000, InterMed). nm using microplate reader microplate reader was adjusted to 0 absorbance using a well with monolayered bone marrow cells which was cultured in the medium without activated vitamin The decrease of TRAP activity was expressed as a percentage of the control absorbance value (=100%) of the solubilized dye from wells with bone marrow cells which were cultured in the absence of OCIF. The results are shown in Table 5.

Table 5
Inhibition of vitamin D3-induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells

OCIF concentration(ng/ml)	250	125	63	31	16	0
rOCIF(E)	0	0	3	62	80	100

27

ii.

Both nOCIF and rOCIF(E) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 16 ng/ml or higher

ii) Inhibition of vitamin D3-induced osteoclast formation in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells.

Effect of OCIF on osteoclast formation induced by Vitamin D₃ in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells was tested according to the method of N. Udagawa et al. (Endocrinology, vol. 125, p1805-1813, 1989). In detail, each of rOCIF(E), rOCIF(C), and nOCIF sample was serially diluted with α -MEM (GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS, $2x10^{-8}$ M of activated vitamin D_3 , and $2x10^{-7}M$ dexamethasone, and $100\,\mu\,1$ of each the diluted samples was added to each well in 96 well-microwell plates. Murine bone marrow-derived stromal ST2 cells (RIKEN Cell Bank RCB0224); 5×10^3 cells per $100 \,\mu$ 1 of α -MEM containing 10% FBS, and spleen cells from ddy mice, 8 weeks-old, ; 1x10⁵ cells per 100 μ 1 in the same medium, were inoculated to each well in 96-well plates and cultured for 5 days at 37° C in humidified 5%CO₂. On day 5, the cells were fixed and stained with a kit for acid phosphatase (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma). The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was taken as OCIF activity. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was evaluated according to the method described in EXAMPLE 16-i). The results are shown in Table 6; rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C), and Table 7; rOCIF(E) and nOCIF.

Table 6
Inhibition of osteoclast formation in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells.

OCIF concentration(ng/ml)	50	25	13	6	0	
rOCIF(E)	3	22	83	80	100	
rOCIF(C)	13	19	70	96	100	(%)

Table 7
Inhibition of osteoclast formation in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells.

OCIF concentration(ng/ml)	250	63	16	0	· ••
rOCIF(E)	7	27	37	100	
rOCIF(C)	13	23	40	100	(%)

nOCIF, rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 6 - 16 ng/ml or higher

iii) Inhibition of PTH-induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells.

Effect of OCIF on osteoclast formation induced by PTH was tested according to the method of N. Takahashi et al. (Endocrinology, vol. 122,

p1373-1382, 1988). In detail, each the rOCIF(E) and nOCIF sample (125 ng/ml) was serially diluted with α -MEM (manufactured by GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS and $2 \times 10^{-8} \text{M}$ PTH, and $100 \, \mu \, 1$ of each the diluted samples was added to 96 well-plates. Bone marrow cells from ddy mice, 17 days-old, at a cell density of 3×10^{5} cells per $100 \, \mu \, 1$ of α -MEM containing 10% FBS were inoculated to each well in 96-wells plates and cultured for 5 days at 37°C in humidified $5\%\text{CO}_{2}$. On day 5, the cells were fixed with ethanol/aceton (1:1) for 1 min. at room temperature and stained with a kit for acid phosphatase (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma) according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was taken as OCIF activity. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was evaluated according to the method described in EXAMPLE 16-i). The results are shown in Table 8.

Table 8

Inhibition of PTH-induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells.

OCIF concentration(ng/ml)	125	63	31	16	8	0
rOCIF(E)	6	58	58	53	88	100
nOCIF	18	47	53	56	91	100

nOCIF and rOCIF(E) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 16 ng/ml or higher

iv) Inhibition of IL-11-induced osteoclast formation

Effect of OCIF on osteoclast formation induced by IL-11 was tested according to the method of T. Tamura et al. (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, vol. 90, p11924-11928, 1993). In detail, each rOCIF(E) and nOCIF sample was serially diluted with α -MEM (GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS and 20 ng/ml IL-11 and $100\,\mu$ l of each the diluted sample was added to each well in 96-well plates. Newborn mouse calvaria-derived pre-adipocyte MC3T3-G2/PA6 cells (RIKEN Cell Bank RCB1127); 5×10^3 cells per $100\,\mu$ l of α -MEM containing 10% FBS, and spleen cells from ddy mouse, 8 weeks-old, ; 1×10^5 cells per $100\,\mu$ l in the same medium, were inoculated to each well in 96-well plates and cultured for 5 days at 37 °C in humidified 5%CO₂. On day 5, the cells were fixed and stained with a kit for acid phosphatase (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma). Acid phosphatase positive cells were counted under microscope and a decrease of the cell numbers was taken as OCIF activity. The results are shown in Table 9.

Table 9

OCIF concentration(ng/ml)	500	125	31	7.8	2.0	0.5	0
nOCIF	0	0	1	4	13	49	31
rOCIF(E)	0	0	1	3	10	37	31
	•						

Both nOCIF and rOCIF(E) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 2 ng/ml or higher

The results shown in Table 4-8 indicated that OCIF inhibits all the

vitamin D_3 , PTH, and IL-11-induced osteoclast formations at almost the same doses. Accordingly, OCIF would be able to be used for treatment of the different types of bone disorders with decreased bone mass, which are caused by different substances which induce bone resorption.

EXAMPLE 17

Isolation of monomer-type OCIF and dimer-type OCIF

Each rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) sample containing 100 μ g of OCIF protein, was supplemented with 1/100 volume of 25 % trifluoro acetic acid and applied to a reverse phase column (PROTEIN-RP, 2.0x250 mm, YMC Co.) equilibrated with 30 % acetonitrile containing 0.1 % trifluoro acetic acid. OCIF protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 30 to 55 % acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min for 50 min. and each OCIF peak was collected. Each the monomer-type OCIF peak fraction and dimer-type OCIF peak fraction was lyophilized, respectively.

EXAMPLE 18

Determination of molecular weight of recombinant OCIFs

Each 1 μ g of the isolated monomer-type and dimer-type nOCIF purified using reverse phase column according to EXAMPLE 3-iv) and each 1 μ g of monomer-type and dimer-type rOCIF described in EXAMPLE 17 was concentrated under vaccum, respectively. Each sample was incubated in the buffer for SDS-PAGE, subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, and protein bands on the gel were stained with silver according to the method described in

EXAMPLE 4. Results of electrophoresis under non-reducing conditions and reducing conditions are shown in Figure 6 and Figure 7.

A protein band with an apparent molecular weight of 60 KD was detected in each monomer-type OCIF sample, and a protein band with an apparent molecular weight of 120 KD was detected in each dimer-type OCIF sample in non-reducing conditions. A protein band with an apparent molecular weight of 60 KD was detected in each monomer-type OCIF sample under reducing conditions. Accordingly, molecular weights of monomer-type nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells and rOCIF from CHO cells were almost the same. Molecular weights of dimer-type nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from CHO cells were also the same.

EXAMPLE 19

Remove N-linked Oligosaccharide chain and Mesuring molecular weight of natural and recombinant OCIF

Each sample containing $5\,\mu\,\mathrm{g}$ of the isolated monomer-type and dimer-type nOCIF purified using reverse phase column according to EXAMPLE 3-iv) and each sample containing $5\,\mu\,\mathrm{g}$ of monomer-type and dimer-type rOCIF described in EXAMPLE 17 were concentrated under vaccum. Each sample was dissolved in 9.5 $\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of 50 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 8.6, containing 100 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, supplemented with 0.5 $\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of 250 U/ml N-glycanase (Seikagaku kogyo Co.) and incubated for one day at 37 °C. Each sample was supplemented with 10 $\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0 containing 2 mM EDTA, 5 % SDS, and 0.02 % bromo-phenol blue and heated for 5 min at 100 °C. Each 1 $\mu\,\mathrm{l}$

of the samples was subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, and protein bands on the gel were stained with silver as described in EXAMPLE 4. The patterns of electrophoresis are shown in Figure 8.

An apparent molecular weight of each the deglycosylated nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from CHO cells, and rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells was 40 KD under reducing conditions. An apparent molecular weight of each untreated nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells, and rOCIF from CHO cells was 60 KD under reducing conditions. Accordingly, the results indicate that the OCIF proteins are glycoproteins with N-linked sugar chains.

EXAMPLE 20

Cloning of OCIF variant cDNAs and determination of their DNA squences

The plasmid pBKOCIF, which is inserted OCIF cDNA to pBKCMV (Stratagene), was obtained from one of some purified positive phage as in example 10 and 11. And more, during the screening of the cDNA library with the 397 bp OCIF cDNA probe, the transformants containing plasmids whose insert sizes were different from that of pBKOCIF were obtained. These transformants containing the plasmids were grown and the plasmids were purified according to the standard method. The sequence of the insert DNA in each plasmid was determined using Taq Dye Deoxy Terminater Cycle Sequencing kit (Perkin Elmer). The used primers were T3, T7 primers (Stratagene) and synthetic primers prepared based on the nucleotide sequence of OCIF cDNA. There are four OCIF variants (OCIF2, 3, 4, and 5) in addition to OCIF. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF2 is shown in the sequence number 8 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF 2 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 9. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF3 is shown in the sequence number 10 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF3 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 11. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF4 is shown in the sequence number 12 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF4 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 13. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF5 is shown in the sequence number 14 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF5 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 15. The structures of OCIF variants are shown in Figures 9 to 12 and are described in brief below. OCIF2

OCIF2 cDNA has a deletion of 21 bp from guanine at nucleotide number 265 to guanine at nucleotide number 285 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6).

Accordingly OCIF2 has a deletion of 7 amino acids from glutamic acid (Glu) at amino acid number 68 to glutamine (Gln) at amino acid number 74 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

OCIF3

OCIF3 cDNA has a point mutation at nucleotide number 9 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6) where cytidine is replaced with guanine.

Accordingly OCIF3 has a mutation and asparagine (Asn) at amino acid number -19 in OCIF (sequence number 5) is replaced with lysine (Lys). The mutation seems to be located in the signal sequence and have no essential effect on the secreted OCIF3. OCIF3 cDNA has a deletion of 117 bp from guanine at nucleotide number 872 to cytidine at nucleotide number 988 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6).

Accordingly OCIF3 has a deletion of 39 amino acids from threonine (Thr) at amino acid number 270 to leucine (Leu) at amino acid number 308 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

0CIF4

OCIF4 cDNA has two point mutations in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). Cytidine at nucleotide number 9 is replaced with guanine and guanine at nucleotide number 22 is replaced with thymidine in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6).

Accordingly OCIF4 has two mutations. Asparagine (Asn) at amino acid number -19 in OCIF (sequence number 5) is replaced with lysine (Lys), and alanine (Ala)

at amino acid number -14 is replaced with serine (Ser). These mutations seem to be located in the signal sequence and have no essential effect on the secreted OCIF4.

OCIF4 cDNA has about 4 kb DNA, which is the intron 2 of OCIF gene, inserted between nucleotide number 400 and nucleotide number 401 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). The open reading frame stops in intron 2.

Accordingly OCIF4 has an additional novel amino acid sequence containing 21 amino acids after alanine (Ala) at amino acid number 112 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

OCIF5

OCIF5 cDNA has a point mutation at nucleotide number 9 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6) where cytidine is replaced with guanine.

Accordingly OCIF5 has a mutation and asparagine (Asn) at amino acid number -19 in OCIF (sequence number 5) is replaced with lysine (Lys). The mutation seems to be located in the signal sequence and have no essential effect on the secreted OCIF5.

OCIF5 cDNA has the latter portion (about 1.8 kb) of intron 2 between nucleotide number 400 and nucleotide number 401 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). The open reading frame stops in the latter portion of intron 2.

Accordingly OCIF5 has an additional novel amino acid sequence containing 12 amino acids after alanine (Ala) at amino acid number 112 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

EXAMPLE 21

Production of OCIF variants

i) Construction of the plasmid for expressing OCIF variants

The plasmid containing OCIF2 or OCIF3 cDNA was obtained as described in EXAMPLE 20 and called pBKOCIF2 and pBKOCIF3, respectively. pBKOCIF2 and pBKOCIF3 were digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. The OCIF2 and OCIF3 cDNA inserts were separated by agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified OCIF2 and OCIF3 cDNA inserts were individually ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) to the expression vector pCEP4 (Invitrogen) that had been digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. E. coli. DH5 α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.

The plasmid containing OCIF4 cDNA was obtained as described in EXAMPLE 20 and called pBKOCIF4. pBKOCIF4 was digested with restriction enzymes, SpeI and XhoI (Takara Shuzo). The OCIF4 cDNA insert was separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified OCIF4 cDNA insert was ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) to the expression vector pCEP4 (Invitrogen) that had been digested with restriction enzymes, NheI and XhoI (Takara Shuzo). E. coli. DH5 α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.

The plasmid containing OCIF5 cDNA was obtained as described in EXAMPLE 20 and was called pBKOCIF5. pBKOCIF5 was digested with restriction enzyme, HindIII (Takara Shuzo). The 5'portion of the coding region in the OCIF5 cDNA insert was separated by agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The OCIF expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF,

obtained in EXAMPLE 13-i) was digested with restriction enzyme, HindIII (Takara Shuzo). The 5' portion of the coding region in the OCIF cDNA was removed. The rest of the plasmid that contains pCEP vector and the 3' portion of the coding region of OCIF cDNA was called pCEPOCIF-3'. pCEPOCIF-3' was separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The OCIF5 cDNA HindIII fragment and pCEPOCIF-3' were ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo). E. coli. DH5 α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.

The obtained transformants were grown at 37 °C overnight and the OCIF variants expression plasmids (pCEPOCIF2, pCEPOCIF3, pCEPOCIF4, and pCEPOCIF5) were purified using QIAGEN column (QIAGEN). These OCIF-variants-expression plasmids were precipitated with ethanol, dissolved in sterile distilled water, and used in the expreriments described below.

ii) Transient expression of OCIF variant cDNAs and analysis of the biological activity of recombinant OCIF variants.

Recombinant OCIF variants were produced using the expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF2, pCEPOCIF3, pCEPOCIF4, and pCEPOCIF5 prepared as described in EXAMPLE 21-i) according to the method described in EXAMPLE 13-ii). The biological activities of recombinant OCIF variants were analysed. The results were that these OCIF variants (OCIF2, OCIF3, OCIF4, and OCIF5) had a weak activity.

EXAMPLE 22

Preparation of OCIF mutants

i) Construction of a plasmid vector for subcloning cDNAs encoding OCIF mutants The plasmid vector (5 μ g) described in EXAMPLE 11 was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I (Takara Shuzo). The digested DNA was subjected to a preparative agarose gel electrophoresis. DNA fragment with an approximate size of 1.6 kilobase pairs (kb) that contained the entire coding sequence for OCIF was purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit The purified DNA was dissolved in 20 $\mu\,1$ of sterile distilled (QIAGEN). This solution was designated DNA solution 1. p Bluescript II SK + (3 μ g) (Stratagene) was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I The digested DNA was subjected to preparative agarose gel (Takara Shuzo). DNA fragment with an approximate size of 3.0 kb was electrophoresis. purified from the gel using QIAEX DNA extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified DNA was dissolved in $20~\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of sterile distilled water. The solution was designated DNA solution 2. One microliter of DNA solution 2, 4 $\mu\,1$ of DNA solution 1 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara (The ligation mixture Shuzo) were mixed and incubated at 16 °C for 30 min. was used for the transformation of E. coli in a manner described below). Conditions for transformation of E. coli were as follows. One hundred microliters of competent E. coli DH5 lpha cells (GIBCO BRL) and 5 μ 1 of the ligation mixture was mixed in a sterile 15-ml tube (IWAKI glass). was kept on ice for 30 min. After incubation for 45 sec at 42℃, to the cells was added 250 $\mu\,1$ of L broth (1% Tryptone, 0.5% yeast extract, 1% NaCl). The cell suspension was then incubated for 1hr. at 37°C with shaking.

microliters of the cell suspension was plated onto an L-agar plate containing $50\,\mu\,\mathrm{g/ml}$ of ampicillin. The plate was incubated overnight at $37^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$.

Six colonies which grew on the plate were individually incubated in 2 ml each of L-broth containing $50\,\mu\,\mathrm{g/ml}$ of ampicillin overnight at $37^\circ\mathrm{C}$ with shaking. The structure of the plasmids in the colonies was analyzed. A plasmid in which the 1.6-kb DNA fragment containing the entire OCIF cDNA is inserted between the digestion sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pBluescript II SK + was obtained and designated as pSK + -OCIF.

- ii) Preparation of mutants in which one of the Cys residues in OCIF is replaced with Ser residue
- 1) Introduction of mutations into OCIF cDNA

OCIF mutants were prepared in which one of the five Cys residues present in OCIF at positions 174, 181, 256, 298 and 379 (in SEQUENCE NO 4) was replaced with Ser residue and were designated OCIF-C19S(174Cys to Ser), OCIF-C2OS (181Cys to Ser), OCIF-C21S (256Cys to Ser), OCIF-C22S (298Cys to Ser) and OCIF-C23S (379Cys to Ser), respectively.

To prepare the mutants, nucleotides encoding the corresponding Cys residues were replaced with those encoding Ser. Mutagenesis was carried out by a two-step polymerase chain reaction (PCR). The first step of the PCRs consisted of two reactions, PCR 1 and PCR 2.

PCR 1	10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	10	$\mu 1$
	2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	8	μ 1
	the plasmid vector described in EXAMPLE 11 (8ng/ml)	2	μ 1
	sterile distilled water	73.5	μ 1

	20 μ M solution of primer 1	5	μ 1
	100 μ M solution of primer 2 (for mutagenesis)	1	μ 1
	Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.5	μ1
		٠	
PCR 2	10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	10	μ 1
	2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	8	μ 1
	the plasmid vector described in EXAMPLE 11 (8ng/ml)	2	μ 1
	sterile distilled water	73.5	μ 1
	20 μ M solution of primer 3	5	μ 1
	100 μ M solution of primer 4 (for mutagenesis)	1	μ 1
	Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.5	μ 1

Specific sets of primers were used for each mutation and other components were unchanged. Primers used for the reactions are shown in Table 10. nucleotide sequences of the primers are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 20, 23, 27 and The PCRs were performed under the following conditions as follows. initial denaturation step at 97°C for 3 min was followed by 25 cycles of denaturation at 95°C for 1 min annealing at 55°C for 1 min and extension at After these amplification cycles, final extension was 72°C for 3 min. The size of the PCR prodcts was confirmed by performed at 70°C for 5 min. agarose gel electrophoresis using reaction solution. After the first PCR, excess primers were removed using Amicon microcon (Amicon). of the solutions that contained the PCR products were made to $50\,\mu$ l with sterile These purified PCR products were used for the second PCR distilled water. (PCR 3).

PCR 3 10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)

 $\mu 1$

2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	8	$\mu 1$
solution containing DNA fragment obtained from PCR 1	5	μ 1
solution containing DNA fragment obtained from PCR 2	5	μ 1
sterile distilled water	61.5	μ 1
20 μ M solution of primer 1	5	μ 1
20 μ M solution of primer 3	5	μ 1
Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.5	μ 1

Table 10

primer-4	primer-3	primer-2	primer-1	mutants
C19SF	IF 3	C19SR	IF 10	OCIF-C19S
C20SF	IF 3	C20SR	IF 10	OCIF-C20S
C21SF	IF 3	C21SR	IF 10	OCIF-C21S
C22SF	IF 14	C22SR	IF .10	OCIF-C22S
C23SF	IF 14	C23SR	IF 6	OCIF-C23S

The reaction conditions were exactly the same as those for PCR 1 or PCR 2. The size of the PCR prodcts was confirmed by 1.0 % or 1.5 % agarose gel electrophoresis. The DNA fragments were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 40 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. The solutions containing DNA fragments with mutation C19S, C2OS, C21S, C22S and C23S were

designated as DNA solution A, DNA solution B, DNA solution C, DNA solution D and DNA solution E, respectively.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution A (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I (Takara Shuzo). A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 base pairs (bp) was extracted from a preparative agarose gel and dissolved in 20 $\mu\,l$ of sterile distilled water. solution was designated DNA solution 3. Two micrograms of pSK + -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.2 kb was purified from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 $\mu\,l$ of sterile distilled This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 4. Two microliters water. of DNA solution 3, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 4 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ l of the ligation Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone mixture. containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme The plasmid thus obtained was named mapping and by DNA sequencing. pSK-OCIF-C19S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution B (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 5. Two microliters of DNA solution 5, μ 1 of DNA solution 4 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit

ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C2OS.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution C (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 6. Two microliters of DNA solution 6, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 4 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ 1 of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C21S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution D (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Bst PI. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 600 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 7. Two micrograms of pSK + -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Bst PI. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.0 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in $20\,\mu$ 1 of sterile distilled

water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 8. Two microliters of DNA solution 7, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 8 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ 1 of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA in which the 600-bp Nde I-BstPI fragment with the mutation (the C22S mutation) is substituted for the 600-bp Nde I-Bst PI fragment of pSK+ -OCIF by analyzing the DNA structure. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C22S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution E (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Bst PI and Eco RV. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 120 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in $20 \mu 1$ of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 9. Two micrograms of pSK + -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Bst EII and Eco RV. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.5 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 10. Two microliters water. of DNA solution 9, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 10 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation was carried out. E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5μ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C23S.

2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

pSK-OCIF-C19S, pSK-OCIF-C20S, pSK-OCIF-C21S, pSK-OCIF-C22S pSK-OCIF-C23S were digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The 1.6 kb Bam HI-Xho I DNA fragment encoding each OCIF mutant was isolated and dissolved in $20\,\mu\,l$ of sterile distilled water. The DNA solutions that contain 1.6 kb cDNA fragments derived from pSK-OCIF-C19S, pSK-OCIF-C20S, pSK-OCIF-C21S, pSK-OCIF-C22S and pSK-OCIF-C23S were designated C19S DNA solution, C20S DNA solution, C21S DNA solution, C22S DNA solution and C23S DNA solution, respectively. Five micrograms of a expression vector pCEP 4 (Invitrogen) was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 10 kb was purified and dissolved in $40\,\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of sterile DNA solution was designated as pCEP This DNA distilled water. One microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution and 6 μ l of either C19SDNA solution. solution, C20S DNA solution, C21S DNA solution, C22S DNA solution or C23S DNA solution were independently mixed with 7 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells (100 μ 1) were transformed with 7 μ 1 of each ligation Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for clones mixture. containing plasmid in which a 1.6-kb cDNA fragment is inserted between the recognition sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pCEP 4 by analyzing the DNA The plasmide which were obtained containing the cDNA encoding structure. OCIF-C19S, OCIF-C20S, OCIF-C21S, OCIF-C22S and OCIF-C23S were designated pCEP4-0CIF-C21S, pCEP4-OCIF-C22S pCEP4-OCIF-C19S, pCEP4-0CIF-C20S,

pCEP4-OCIF-C23S, respectively.

- ii) Preparation of domain-deletion mutants of OCIF
- (1) deletion mutagenesis of OCIF cDNA

A series of OCIF mutants with deletions of from Thr 2 to Ala 42, from Pro 43 to Cys 84, from Glu 85 to Lys 122, from Arg 123 to Cys 164, from Asp 177 to Gln 251 and from Ile 252 to His 326 were prepared (positions of the amino acid residues are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4). These mutants were designated as OCIF-DCR1, OCIF-DCR2, OCIF-DCR3, OCIF-DCR4, OCIF-DDD1 and OCIF-DDD2, respectively.

Mutagenesis was performed by two-step PCR as described in EXAMPLE 22-(ii). The primer sets for the reactions are shown in Table 11 and the nucleotide sequences of the primers are shown in SEQUENCE NO:19, 25, 40-53, and 54.

Table 11

mutants	primer-1	primer-2	primer-3	primer-4
OCIF-DCR1	XhoI F	DCR1R	IF 2	DCR1F
OCIF-DCR2	XhoI F	DCR2R	IF 2	DCR2F
OCIF-DCR3	XhoI F	DCR3R	IF 2	DCR3F
OCIF-DCR4	XhoI F	DCR4R	IF 16	DCR4F
OCIF-DDD1	IF 8	DDD1R	IF 14	DDD1F
OCIF-DDD2	IF 8	DDD2R	IF 14	DDD2F

The final PCR products were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in $40\,\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. Solutions of DNA fragment coding for portions of OCIF-DCR1, OCIF-DCR2, OCIF-DCR3, OCIF-DCR4, OCIF-DDD1 and OCIF-DDD2 were designated as DNA solutions F, G, H, I, J and K, respectively.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution F (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 500 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in $20\,\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of sterile distilled water. solution was designated DNA solution 11. Two micrograms of pSK+ -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.0 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in $20\,\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of sterile distilled This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 12. Two microliters of DNA solution 11, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 12 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation was carried out. E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ 1 of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and plasmid DNA. by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR1.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution G (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 500 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA

solution was designated as DNA solution 13. Two microliters of DNA solution 13, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 12 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5a ligation mixture. $\mu 1$ of the transformed with 5 cells were Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and plasmid DNA. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR2. by DNA sequencing. The DNA fragment which is contained in solution H (20 μ 1) was digested with

restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 500 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in $20\,\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 14. Two microliters of DNA solution 14, 3 $\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of DNA solution 12 and 5 $\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 $\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR3.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution I (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Xho I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 900 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel

extraction kit and dissolved in $20\,\mu\,1$ of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 15. Two micrograms of pSK+ -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Xho I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 3.6 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in $20\,\mu\,1$ of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 16. Two microliters of DNA solution 15, 3 $\mu\,1$ of DNA solution 16 and 5 $\mu\,1$ of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 $\mu\,1$ of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR4.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution J (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes BstP I and Nde I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 17. Two microliters of DNA solution 17, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 8 and 5μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5μ 1 of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DDD1.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution K (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and BstP I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 18. Two microliters of DNA solution 18, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 8 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ 1 of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DDD2.

2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants pSK-OCIF-DCR1, pSK-OCIF-DCR2, pSK-OCIF-DCR3, pSK-OCIF-DCR4, pSK-OCIF-DDD1 and pSK-OCIF-DDD2 were digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The Bam HI-Xho I DNA fragment containing entire coding sequence for each OCIF mutant was isolated and dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. These DNA solutions that contain the Bam HI-Xho I fragment derived from pSK-OCIF-DCR1, pSK-OCIF-DCR2, pSK-OCIF-DCR3, pSK-OCIF-DCR4, pSK-OCIF-DDD1 and pSK-OCIF-DDD2 were designated DCR1 DNA solution, DCR2 DNA solution, DCR3 DNA solution, DCR4 DNA solution, DDD1 DNA solution and $6\,\mu$ l of either DCR1 DNA solution, DCR2 DNA solution, DCR2 DNA solution, DDD1 DNA solution, DCR4 DNA solution, DDD1 DNA solution or DDD2 DNA solution were independently mixed with $7\,\mu$ l of

ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells (100 μ 1) were transformed with 7 μ 1 of each ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA in which the DNA fragment with deletions is inserted between the recognition sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pCEP 4 by analyzing the DNA structure. The plasmids containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-DCR1, OCIF-DCR2, OCIF-DCR3, OCIF-DCR4, OCIF-DDD1 and OCIF-DDD2 were designated as pCEP4-OCIF-DCR1, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR2, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR3, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR4, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR3, respectively.

iii) Preparation of OCIF with C-terminal domain truncation

(1) mutagenesis of OCIF cDNA

A series of OCIF mutants with deletions of from Cys at amino acid residue 379 to Leu 380, from Ser 331 to Leu 380, from Asp 252 to Leu 380, from Asp 177 to Leu 380, from Arg 123 to Leu 380 and from Cys 86 to Leu 380 was prepared. Positions of the amino acid residues are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4. These mutants were designated as OCIF-CL, OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3, respectively.

Mutagenesis for OCIF-CL was performed by the two-step PCR as described in EXAMPLE 22-(ii). The primer set for the reaction is shown in Table 12. The nucleotide sequences of the primers are shown in SEQUENCE NO:23, 40, 55, and 56. The final PCR products were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in $40\,\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as solution L.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution L (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes BstP I and EcoR V. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 100 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in $20\,\mu$ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 19. Two microliters of DNA solution 19, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 10 (described in EXAMPLE 22-(ii)) and $5\,\mu$ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with $5\,\mu$ 1 of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-CL Mutagenesis of OCIF cDNA to prepare OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3 was performed by a one-step PCR.

PCR reactions for mutagenesis to prepare OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3

10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	10	$\mu 1$
2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	8	μ 1
the plasmid vector containing the entire OCIF cDNA		
described in EXAMPLE 11 (8ng/ml)	2	μ 1
sterile distilled water	73. 5	$\mu 1$
20 $\mu\mathrm{M}$ solution of primer OCIF Xho F	5	$\mu 1$
100 μ M solution of primer (for mutagenesis)	1	μ 1
Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0. 5	μ 1

Table 12

mutants	primer-1	primer-2	primer-3	primer-4
OCIF-CL	IF 6	CL R	IF 14	CL F

Specific primers were used for each mutagenesis and other components were unchanged.

Primers used for the mutagenesis are shown in Table 13. Their nucleotide sequences are shown in SEQUENCE NO:57-61. The components of each PCR were mixed in a microcentrifuge tube and PCR was performed as follows. The microcentrifuge tubes were treated for 3 minutes at 97 °C and then incubated sequentially, for 30 seconds at 95 °C, 30 seconds at 50 °C and 3 minutes at 70 °C. This three-step incubation procedure was repeated 25 times, and after that, the tubes were incubated for 5 minutes at 70 °C. An aliquot of the reaction mixture was removed from each tube and analyzed by an agarose gel electrophoresis to confirm the size of each product.

The size of the PCR products was confirmed on an agarose gel. Excess primers in the PCRs were removed using Amicon microcon (Amicon) after completion of the reaction. The DNA fragments were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 40 μ l of sterile distilled water. The DNA fragment in each DNA solution was digested with restriction enzymes Xho I and Bam HI. After the reactions, DNA was precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water.

The solutions containing DNA fragment with the CC deletion, the CDD2

deletion, the CDD1 deletion, the CCR4 deletion and the CCR3 deletion were designated as CC DNA solution, CDD2 DNA solution, CDD1 DNA solution, CCR4 DNA solution and CC R3 DNA solution, respectively.

Table 13

mutants	primers for the mutagenesis
OCIF-CC	CC R
OCIF-CDD2	CDD2 R
OCIF-CDD1	CDD1 R
OCIF-CCR4	CCR4 R
OCIF-CCR3	CCR3 R

(2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

pSK-OCIF-CL was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The Bam HI-Xho I DNA fragment containing the entire coding sequence for OCIF-CL was isolated dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as CL DNA solution. One microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution and 6 μ l of either of CL DNA solution, CC DNA solution, CDD2 DNA solution, CDD1 DNA solution, CCR4 DNA solution or CCR3 DNA solution were independently mixed with 7 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells (100 μ l) were transformed with 7 μ l of each ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for clones containing plasmids which have the

desirable mutations in OCIF cDNA by analyzing the DNA structure. In each plasmid, OCIF cDNA fragment having a deletion were inserted between the recognition sites of Xho I and Bam HI of pCEP 4. The plasmids containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-CL, OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3 were designated pCEP4-OCIF-CL, pCEP4-OCIF-CC, pCEP4-OCIF-CDD2, pCEP4-OCIF-CDD1, pCEP4-OCIF-CDD1, pCEP4-OCIF-CCR4 and pCEP4-OCIF-CCR3, respectively.

- iv) Preparation of OCIF mutants with C-terminal truncation
- (1) Introduction of C-terminal truncation to OCIF /

A series of OCIF mutants with C-terminal truncation was prepared. OCIF mutant in which 10 residues of from Gln at 371 to Leu at 380 are replaced with 2 residues of Leu-Val was designated OCIF-CBst. OCIF mutant in which 83 residues of from Cys 298 to Leu 380 are replaced with 3 residues of Ser-Leu-Asp was designated OCIF-CSph. OCIF mutant in which 214 residues of from Asn 167 to Leu 380 are removed was designated OCIF-CBsp. OCIF mutant in which 319 residues of from Asp 62 to Leu 380 are replaced with 2 residues of Leu-Val was designated OCIF-CPst. Positions of the amino acid residues are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4.

Two micrograms each of pSK + -OCIF was digested with one of the restriction enzymes, Bst PI, Sph I, PstI (Takara Shuzo), and Bsp EI (New England Biolabs), and followed by phenol extraction and ethanol precipitation. The precipitated DNA was dissolved in 10 μ l of sterile distilled water. Ends of the DNAs in 2 μ l of each solution were blunted using a DNA blunting kit in final volumes of 5 μ l. To the reaction mixtures, 1 μ g (1 μ l) of an Amber

codon-containing Xba I linker (5'-CTAGTCTAGACTAG-3') and 6 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were added.

After the ligation reactions, 6 μ 1 each of the reaction mixtures was used to transform E. coli DH5 α . Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for clones containing plasmids. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmids thus obtained were named pSK-OCIF-CBst, pSK-OCIF-CSph, pSK-OCIF-CBsp and pSK-OCIF-CPst, respectively. (2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

pSK-OCIF-CBst, pSK-OCIF- CSph, pSK-OCIF-CBsp and pSK-OCIF-CPst were digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The 1.5 kb of DNA fragment containing entire coding sequence for each OCIF mutant was isolated and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. These DNA solutions that contain the Bam HI-XhoI fragment derived from pSK-OCIF-CBst, pSK-OCIF- CSph. pSK-OCIF-CBsp and pSK-OCIF-CPst were designated as CBst DNA solution, CSph DNA solution, CBsp DNA solution and CPst DNA solution, respectively. microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution (described in EXAMPLE 22-ii)) and 6 $\mu\,1$ of either CBst DNA solution, CSph DNA solution, CBsp DNA solution or CPst DNA solution were independently mixed with 7 $\mu\,l$ of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. coli DH5 α cells (100 μ 1) were transformed with 7 μ 1 of each ligation Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for clones containing plasmids in which cDNA fragment is inserted between the recognition sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pCEP 4 by analyzing the DNA structure. The plasmids containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-CBst, OCIF-CSph, OCIF-CBsp and OCIF-CPst

were designated as pCEP4-OCIF-CBst, pCEP4-OCIF- CSph, pCEP4-OCIF-CBsp and pCEP4-OCIF-CPst, respectively.

v) Preparetion of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

E. coli clones harboring the expression vectors for OCIF mutants (total of 21 clones) were grown and the vectors were purified by QIAGEN column (QIAGEN). All the expression vectors were precipitated with ethanol and dissolved in appropriate volumes of sterile distilled water and used for further manipupations shown below.

vi) Transient expression of the cDNAs for OCIF mutants and biological activities of the mutants

OCIF mutants were produced using the expression vectors prepared in EXAMPLE The method was essentially the same as described in EXAMPLE 13. the modified points are described below. A 24-well plate was used for the DNA $2X10^5$ cells of 293/EBNA suspended in IMDM containing 10% fetal transfection. bovine serum were seeded into each well of the plate. One microgram of purified vector DNA and $4\,\mu\,1$ of lipofectamine were used for each Mixture of an expression vector and lipofectamine in OPTI-MEM transfection. (GIBCO BRL) in a final volume of 0.5 ml was added to the cells in a well. the cells were incubated at 37°C for 24 hr in a CO_2 incubator, the medium was replaced with 0.5 ml of Ex-cell 301 medium (JSR). The cells were incubated at 37 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 48 more hours in the CO_2 incubator. The conditioned medium was collected and used for assay for in vitro biological activity. The nucleotide sequences of cDNAs for the OCIF mutants are shown in SEQUENCE NO:83-103. The deduced amino acid sequences for the OCIF mutants are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 62-82. The assay for in vitro biological activity was performed as described in EXAMPLE 13. Antigen concentration of each conditioned medium was determined by ELISA as described in EXAMPLE 24. Table 14 shows specific activity of the mutants relative to that of the unaltered OCIF.

Table 14

	mutants	activity
t	the unaltered OIF	++
	OCIF-C19S	+
	OCIF-C20S	±
	OCIF-C21S	±
	OCIF-C22S	+
	OCIF-C23S	++
	OCIF-DCR1	±
	OCIF-DCR2	±
	OCIF-DCR3	土
	OCIF-DCR4	±
	OCIF-DDD1	+
	OCIF-DDD2	±
• *	OCIF-CL	++
	OCIF-CC	++
	OCIF-CDD2	++
	OCIF-CDD1	+
٠	OCIF-CCR4	<u>±</u>
	OCIF-CCR3	±
	OCIF-CBst	++

OCIF-CSph	++
OCIF-CBsp	土
OCIF-CPst	±

⁺⁺ indicates relative activity more than 50% of that of the unaltered OCIF

vii) western blot analysis

Ten microliters of the final conditioned medium was used for western blot analysis. Ten microliters of the sample were mixed with 10 μ 1 of SDS-PAGE sample buffer (0.5 M Tris-HCl, 20% glycerol, 4% SDS, $20\,\mu\,\mathrm{g/ml}$ bromo phenol blue, pH 6.8) boiled for 3 min. and subjected to a 10 % SDS polyacryl amide gel electrophoresis under non-reducing conditions. After the electrophoresis, the separated proteins were blotted to PVDF membrane (ProBlott^R, Perkin Elmer) using a semi-dry electroblotter (BIO-RAD). The membrane was incubated at $37^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ with horseradish peroxidase labeled anti-OCIF antibodies for 2 hr. membrane was washed, protein bands which react with the labeled antibodies were detected using ECL system (Amersham). Two protein bands with approximate molecular masses of 60kD and 120kD were detected for the unaltered OCIF. the other hand, almost exclusively 60kD protein band was detected for OCIF-C23S, OCIF-CL and OCIF CC. Protein bands with an approximate masses of 40kD-50kD and 30kD-40kD were the major ones for OCIF-CDD2 and OCIF-CDD1, These results indicate that Cys at 379 is responsible for the respectively.

 $[\]pm$ indicates relative activity between 10% and 50% \pm indicates relative activity less than 10%, or production level too low to determine the accurate biological activity

dimer formation, both the monomers and the dimers maintain the biological activity and a deletion of residues from Asp at 177 to Leu at 380 does not abolish the biological activity of OCIF (positions of the amino acid resare shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4).

EXAMPLE 23

Isolation of human genomic OCIF gene

i) Screening of a human genomic library

An amplified human placenta genomic library in Lambda FIX II vector purchased from STRATAGENE was screened for the gene encoding human OCIF using the human OCIF cDNA as a probe. Essentially, screening was done according to the instruction manual supplied with the genomic library. The basic protocols described in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual also were employed to manipulate phage, E. coli, and DNA.

The library was titered, and 1x106 pfu of phage was mixed with XL1-Blue MRA host E. coli cells and plated on 20 plates (9 cm x 13 cm) with 9 ml per The plates were incubated overnight at 37°C. plate of top agarose. plaque lifts were prepared using Hybond-N nylon membranes (Amersham). membranes were processed by denaturation in a solution containing 1.5 M NaCl and 0.5 M NaOH for 1 minute at room temperature. The membranes were then neutralized by placing successively for one minute each in 1 M Tris-HCl (pH7.5) and a solution containing 1.5 M NaCl and 0.5 M Tris-HCl (pH 7.5). The membranes were then transferred onto a filter paper wet with 2xSSC. DNA was fixed on the membranes with 1200 μ Joules of UV energy in STRATALINKER UV crosslinker 2400 (STRATAGENE) and the membranes were air dried. membranes were immersed in Rapid Hybridization buffer (Amersham) and incubated for one hour at 65 °C before hybridization with 32P-labeled cDNA probe in the same buffer overnight at 65°C. Screening probe was prepared by labeling the

OCIF cDNA with ³²P using the Megaprime DNA labeling system (Amersham). Approximately, $5x10^5$ cpm probe was used for each ml of hybridization buffer. After the hybridization, the membranes were rinsed in 2xSSC for five minutes The membranes were then washed four times, 20 minutes at room temperature. each time, in 0.5xSSC containing 0.1 % SDS at 65 °C. After the final wash, the membranes were dried and subjected to autoradiography at -80 ℃ with SUPER HR-H X-ray film (FUJI PFOTO FILM Co., Ltd.) and an intensifying screen. examination of the autoradiograms, six positive signals were detected. plugs were picked from the regions corresponded to these signals for phage Each agar plug was soaked overnight in 0.5 ml of SM buffer purification. containing 1% chloroform to extract phage. Each extract containing phage was diluted 1000 fold with SM buffer and an aliquot of 1 ml or 20 ml was mixed with host E. coli described above. The mixture was plated on agar plates with top agarose as described above. The plates were incubated overnight at 37 °C, and filter lifts were prepared, prehybridized, hybridized, washed and autoradiographed as described above. This process of phage purification was applied to all six positive signals initially detected on the autoradiograms and was repeated until all phage plaques on agar plates hybridize with the cDNA After purification, agar plugs of each phage isolate were soaked in probe. SM buffer containing 1% chloroform and stored at 4 °C. Six individual phage isolates were designated λ OIF3, λ OIF8, λ OIF9, λ OIF11, λ OIF12 and λ OIF17, respectively.

ii) Analysis of the genomic clones by restriction enzyme digestion and

Southern blot hybridization

DNA was prepared from each phage isolate by the plate lysate method as described in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual. DNA prepared from each phage was digested with restriction enzymes and the fragments derived from the digestion were separated on agarose gels. The fragments were then transferred to nylon membranes and subjected to Southern blot hybridization using OCIF cDNA as a probe. The results of the analysis revealed that the six phage isolates are individual clones. Among these fragments derived from the restriction enzyme digestion, those fragments which hybridized with the OCIF cDNA probe were subcloned into plasmid vectors and subjected to the nucleotide sequence analysis as described below.

iii) Subcloning restriction fragments derived from genomic clones into plasmid vectors and determination of the nucleotide sequence.

 λ OIF8 DNA was digested with restriction enzymes EcoRI and NotI, and the DNA fragments derived these from were separated on a 0.7% agarose gel. The 5.8 kilobase pairs (kb) EcoRI/NotI fragment was extracted from the gel using QIAEX II Gel Extraction Kit (QIAGEN) according to the procedure recommended by the manufacturer. The 5.8 kb EcoRI/NotI fragment was ligated with pBluescript II SK+ vector (STRATAGENE) which had been linearized with restriction enzymes EcoRI and NotI, using Ready-To-Go T4 DNA Ligase (Pharmacia) according to the procedure recommended by the manufacturer. Competent DH5 α E. coli cells (Amersham) were transformed with the recombinant plasmid and transformants were selected on L-plates containing 50 μ g/ml of ampicillin.

A clone harboring the recombinant plasmid containing the 5.8 kb EcoRI/NotI fragment was isolated and this plasmid was termed pBSG8-5.8. pBSG8-5.8 was digested with HindIII and 0.9 kb of DNA fragment derived from this digestion was isolated in the same manner as described above. This 0.9 kb fragment was then cloned in pBluescript II SK- at the HindIII site as described above. This recombinant plasmid containing 0.9 kb HindIII fragment was denoted pBS8H0.9.

λOIF11 DNA was digested with EcoRI and 6 kb, 3.6 kb, 2.6 kb EcoRI fragments were isolated in the same manner as described above and cloned in pBluescript II SK+ vector at the EcoRI site as described above. These recombinant plasmids were termed pBSG11-6, pBSG11-3.6, and pBSG11-2.6, respectively. pBSG11-6 was digested with HindIII and the digest was applied on a 0.7 % agarose gel. Three fragments, 2.2 kb, 1.1 kb, and 1.05 kb in length, were extracted from the gel and cloned independently in pBluescript II SK- vector at the HindIII site in the same manner as described above. These recombinant plasmids were termed pBS6H2.2, pBS6 H1.1 and pBS6H1.05, respectively.

The nucleotide sequence of the cloned genomic DNA was determined using ABI Dyedeoxy Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit (PERKIN ELMER) and 373A DNA Sequencing system (Applied Biosystems). Plasmids pBSG8-5.8, pBS8H0.9, pBSG11-6, pBSG11-3.6, pBSG11-2.6, pBSGH2.2, pBSGH1.1 and pBSGH1.05 were prepared according to the alkaline-SDS procedure as described in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual and used as templates for the DNA sequence analysis. Nucleotide sequence of the human OCIF gene was presented in Sequence No 104 and Sequence No 105. The nucleotide sequence of the DNA,

between exon 1 and exon 2 was not entirely determined. There is a stretch of approximately 17 kb of nucleotides between the sequences given in sequence No. 104 and sequence No. 105.

EXAMPLE 24

Quantitation of OCIF by EIA

i) Preparation of anti-OCIF antibody

Male JW rabbits (Kitayama LABES Co., LTD) weighing 2.5-3.0 kg were used for immunization for preparing antisera. Three male JW rabbits (Kitayama LABES Co., LTD) weighing 2.5-3.0 kg were used for immunization. For immunization, emulsion was prepared by mixing an equal volume of rOCIF (200 μ g/ml) and complete Freund's adjuvant (Difco, Cat. 0638-60-7). were immunized subcutaneously six times at the interval of one week with 1 ml of emulsion per injection. The rabbits were injected six times at the interval Whole blood was obtained ten days after the of seven days subcutaneously. final immunization and serum was separated. Antibody was purified from serum Antiserum was diluted two-fold with PBS. After adding ammonium sulfate at a final concentration of 40 w/v %, antiserum was allowed to stand at 4 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ for 1 hr.. Precipitate obtained by centrifugation at 8000 x g for 20 min. was dissolved in a small volume of PBS and was dialyzed against PBS. resulting solution was loaded onto a Protein G-Sepharose column (Pharmacia). After washing with PBS, absorbed immunoglobulin G was eluted with 0.1 M Elutes were neutralized with 1.5 M Tris-HCL glycine-HCL buffer (pH 3.0). buffer (pH 8.7) immediately and were dialyzed against PBS. Protein concentration was determined by absorbance at 280nm (E1 13.5).

Horseradish peroxidase labeled antibody was prepared using ImmunoPure Maleimide Activated Horseradish Peroxidase Kit (Pierce, Cat. 31494). Briefly, one mg of IgG was incubated with 80 ug of N-succinimidyl-S-acetylthioacetate for 30 min. After deacetylation with 5 mg of hydroxylamine HCl, modified IgG was separeted by polyacrylamide desalting column. Protein pool mixed with one mg of maleimide activated horseradish peroxidase was incubated at room temperature for 1 hr.

ii) Quantitation of OCIF by sandwich EIA

Microtiter plates (Nunc MaxiSorp Immunoplate) were coated with rabbit anti-OCIF IgG by incubating 0.2 ug in 100 ul of 50 mM sodium bicarbonate buffer pH 9.6 at 4C overnight. After blocking the plates by incubating for 1 hour at 37°C with 300 ul of 25% BlockAce/PBS (Snow Brand Milk Products), 100ul of samples were incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. After washing the plates three times with PBST (PBS containing 0.05% Tween20), 100 ul of 1:10000 diluted horseradish peroxidase labeled anti-OCIF IgG was added and incubated for 2 hours at room temperture. The amount of OCIF was determined by incubation with 100 ul of a substrate solution (TMB, ScyTek Lab., Cat. TM4999) and measurement of the absorbance at 450 nm using an ImmunoReader (Nunc NJ2000). Purified recombinant OCIF was used as a standard protein and a typical standared curve was shown in Fig. 13.

EXAMPLE 25

Anti-OCIF monoclonal antibody

i) Preparation of hybridoma producing anti-OCIF monoclonal antibody.

OCIF was purified to homogeneity from culture medium of human fibroblasts, IMR-90 by the purification method described in Eample 11. Purified OCIF was dissolved in PBS at a concentration of 10 μ g/100 μ 1. BALB/c mice were immunized by administrating this solution intraperitoneally three times every two weeks. In the first and the second immunizations, the emulsion composed of an equal volume of OCIF and Freund's complete adjuvant was administered. Three days after the final administration, the spleen was taken out, lymphocytes were isolated and fused with mouse myeloma p3x63-Ag8.653 cells according to the conventinal method using polyethyleneglycol. Then the fused cells were cultured in HAT medium to select hybridoma. Subsequently, to check whether the selected hybridomas produce anti-OCIF antibody, anti-OCIF antibody in each culture medium of hybridomas was determined by solid phase ELISA which was prepared by coating each well in 96-well immunoplates (Nunc) with $100 \mu 1$ of purified OCIF (10 μ g/ml in 0.1 M NaHCO₃) and by blocking each well with 50% BlockAce (Snow Brand Milk Products Co. Ltd.). The hybridoma clones secreting anti-OCIF antibody were established by cloning 3 - 5 times by limit dilution and by screening using the above solid phase ELISA. Among thus obtained hybridoma clones, several hybridoma clones with high production of anti-OCIF antibody were selected.

ii) Production of anti-OCIF monoclonal antibodies.

Each hybridoma clone secreting anti-OCIF antibody, which was obtained in

EXAMPLE 25-i), was transplanted intraperitoneally to mice given Pristane (Aldrich) at a cell density of 1 x 10⁶ cells/mouse. The accumulated ascites was collected 10 - 14 days after the transplantation and the ascites containing anti-OCIF specific monoclonal antibody of the present invention was obtained. Purified antibodies were obtained by Affigel protein A Sepharose

chromatography (BioRad) according to the maufacturer's manual. That is, the ascites was diluted with equal volume of a binding buffer (BioRad) and applied to protein A column. The column was washed with a sufficient volume of the binding buffer and eluted with an elution buffer (BioRad). After neutralizing, the obtained eluate was dialyzed in water and subsequently lyophilized. The purity of the obtained antibody was analyzed by SDS/PAGE and a homogenous band with a molecular weight of about 150,000 was detected.

iii) Selection of monoclonal antibody having high affinity to OCIF

Each antibody obtained in EXAMPLE 25-ii) was dissolved in PBS and the concentration of protein in the solution was determined by the method of Lowry. Each antibody solution with the same concentration was prepared and then serially diluted with PBS. Monoclonal antibodies, which can recognize OCIF even at highly diluted solution, were selected by solid phase ELISA described in EXAMPLE 25-ii). Thus three monoclonal antibodies A1G5, E3H8 and D2F4 can be selected.

iv) Determination of class and subclass of antibodies

The class and subclass of the antibodies of the present invention obtained in EXAMPLE 25-iii) were analyzed using an immunoglobulin class and subclass analysis kit (Amersham). The procedure was carried out according to the protocol disclosed in the directions. The results were shown in Table 15. The antibodies of the present invention, E3H8, A1G5 and D2F4 belong to IgG_{1} , IgG_{2a} and IgG_{2b} , respectively.

Table 15
Analysis of class and subclass of the antibodies in the present invention.

Antibody	IgG_1	I gG _{2a}	IgG_{2b}	IgG_3	IgA	IgM	κ
A1G5		+					+
ЕЗН8	+						+
D2F4		_	+				+
					·		

v) Determination of OCIF by ELISA

Three kinds of monoclonal antibodies, A1G5, E3H8 and D2F4, which were obtained in EXAMPLE 25-iv), were used as solid phase antibodies and enzyme-labeled antibodies, respectively. Sandwich ELISA was constructed by each combination of solid phase antibody and labeled antibody. The labeled antibody was prepared using Immuno Pure Maleimide Activated Horseradish Peroxidase Kit (Pierce, Cat. No. 31494). Each monoclonal antibody was

dissolved in 0.1 M NaHCO₃ at a concentration of 10 μ g/ml, and 100 μ l of the solution was added to each well in 96-well immunoplates (Nunc, MaxiSorp Cat. No. 442404) followed by allowing to stand at room temperature overnight. Subsequently, each well in the plates was blocked with 50% Blockace (Snow Brand Milk Products, Co., Ltd.) at room temperature for 50 minutes, and then was washed three times with PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20 (washing buffer).

A series of concentrations of OCIF was prepared by diluting OCIF with 1st reaction buffer (0.2 M Tris-HCl bufer, pH 7.4, containing 40% Blockace and Each well in 96-well immunoplates was filled with $100 \,\mu\,\mathrm{l}$ of 0.1% Tween 20). the prepared OCIF solution with each concentration, allowed to stand at 37 °C for 3 hours, and subsequently washed three times with the washing buffer. dilution of POD-labeled antibody, 2nd reaction buffer (0.1 M Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.4, containing 25% Blockace and 0.1% Tween 20) was used. antibody was diluted 400-fold with 2nd reaction buffer, and 100 μ l of the diluted solution was added to each well in the immunoplates. Each imunoplate was allowed to stand at 37 °CC for 2 hours, and subsequently washed three times with the washing buffer. After washing, $100 \mu l$ of a substrate solution citrate-phosphate buffer, pН 4. 5, containing 0.4 mg/ml o-phenylenediamine HC1 and 0.006% H₂O₂) was added to each well in immunoplates and the immunoplates were incubated at 37°C for 15 min. enzyme reaction was terminated by adding 50 μ 1 of 6 N H₂SO₄ to each well. optical density of each well was determined at 492 nm using an immunoreader (ImmunoReader NJ 2000, Nunc).

Using three kinds of monoclonal antibody in the present invention, each

combination of solid phase and POD-labeled antibodies leads to a accurate determination of OCIF. Each monoclonal antibody in the present invention was confirmed to recognize a different epitope of OCIF. A typical standard curve of OCIF using a combination of solid phase antibody, A1G5 and POD-labeled antibody, E3H8 was shown in Fig. 14.

vi) Determination of OCIF in human serum

Concentration of OCIF in five samples of normal human serum was determined using an EIA system described in EXAMPLÉ 25-v). The immunoplates were coated with A1G5 as described in EXAMPLE 25-v), and 50 μ l of 1st. reaction buffer was added to each well in the immunoplates. Subsequently, $50 \mu 1$ of each human serum was added to each well in the immunoplates. The immnuoplates were incubated at 37°C for 3 hours and then washed three times with the washing After washing, each well in the immunoplates was filled with $100 \mu 1$ of POD-E3H8 antibody diluted 400-fold with 2nd. reaction buffer and incubated at 37°C for 2 hours. After washing the immunoplates three times with the washing buffer, 100 μ 1 of the substrate solution described in EXAMPLE 25-v) terminated by adding 50 $\mu 1$ of 6 N H_2SO_4 to each well in the immunoplates. The optical density of each well was determined at 492 nm using an immunoreader (ImmunoReader NJ 2000, Nunc).

1st. reaction buffer containing the known amount of OCIF was treated in the same way and a standard curve of OCIF as shown in fig. 2 was obtained. Using the standard curve of OCIF, the amount of OCIF in human serum sample was

determined. The results were shown in Table 14.

Table 14

The amount of OCIF in normal human serum

5. 0
2. 0
1. 0
3. 0

EXAMPLE 26

Therapeutic effect on osteoporosis

(1) Method

Male Fischer rats, 6 weeks-old, were subjected to denervation of left forelimb. These rats were assigned to four groups (10 rats/group) and treated as follows; group A, sham operated rats without administration; group B, denervated rats with intravenous administration of vehicle; group C, denervated rats administered OCIF intravenously at a dose of 5 μ g/kg twice a day; group D, denervated rats administered OCIF intravenously at a dose of 50 μ g/kg twice a day. After denervation, OCIF was administered daily for 14 days. After 2 weeks treatment, the animals were sacrificed and their forelimbs were dissected. Thereafter bones were tested for mechanical

strength.

(2) Results

Decrease of bone strength was observed in the animals of control groups as compared to those animals of the normal groups while bone strength was increase in the groups of animal received 50 mg of OCIF per kg body weight.

Industrial availability

The present invention provides both a novel protein which inhibits formation of osteoclasts and a efficient procedure to produce the protein. The protein of the present invention has an activity to inhibit formation of osteoclasts. The protein will be useful for the treatment of many diseases accompanying bone loss, such as osteoporosis, and as an antigen to be used for the immunological diagnosis of such diseases.

Referring to the deposited the microorgainsm
Name and Address of the Depositary Authority

Name: National Institute of Bioscience and Human-Technology

Agency of Industrial Science and Technology

Ministry of International Trade and Industry

Address: 1-3, Higashi 1-chome, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki-ken

305, JAPAN

Deposited date: June 21, 1995

(It was transferred from Bikkoken No. P-14998, which was deposited on June 21, 1995. Transferred date: October 25, 1995)

Acession Number: FERM BP-5267

CLAIMS

- 1. An osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor protein comprising the following properties:
 - (a) molecular weights as determined by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) of approximately 60 kD under reducing conditions, and approximately 60 kD and 120 kD under non-reducing conditions;
 - (b) high affinity to cation-exchange resins and heparin derivatized substrates;
 - (c) inhibition activity: inhibits osteoclast differentiation or maturation, wherein the inhibition activity is decreased by heating at about 70°C for about 10 min. or at about 56°C for about 30 min., and wherein said activity is lost by heating at about 90°C for about 10 min.; and
 - (d) internal amino acid sequences substantially in accordance with Seq. ID Nos. 1, 2 and 3.
- 2. The protein of claim 1 comprising the N-terminal amino acid sequences provided in Seq. ID No. 7.
- 3. The protein of claim 1 which is derived from human fibroblasts.
- 4. A method of producing an osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor protein comprising the steps of

cultivating human fibroblast cells;

forming a lysate of said fibroblast cells; and

separating said factor from said fibroblast cell lysate by a combination of ion-exchange, affinity, and reverse phase chromatography.

5. The method of claim 4 further comprising the step of cultivating the human fibroblasts on alumina ceramic pieces.

- 6. A protein comprising an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 4.
- 7. cDNAs encoding an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 4.
- 8. cDNA comprising a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 6.
- 9. cDNAs that hybridize to a cDNA as provided in Seq. ID No. 6 under moderately stringent conditions.
- A protein expressed from cDNA encoding an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 4.
- 11. A protein having a biological activity to inhibit osteoclast differentiation or maturation, said protein having an amino acid sequence expressed from a cDNA sharing at least about 80% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence provided in Seq. ID No. 4.
- 12. A recombinant protein which inhibits osteoclast differentiation or maturation expressed from a cDNA encoding an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 4; said protein comprising the following properties:
 - (a) molecular weights as determined by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) of approximately 60 kD under reducing conditions, and approximately 60 kD and 120 kD under non-reducing conditions;
 - (b) high affinity to cation-exchange resins and heparin derivatized substrates;
 - (c) inhibitory activity: inhibits osteoclast differentiation or maturation, wherein said activity is decreased by heating at about 70°C for about 10 min. or at about 56°C for about 30 min., and wherein said activity is lost by heating at about 90°C for about 10 min.; and
 - (d) an internal amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID Nos. 1-3.

- 13. The protein of claim 10 produced by gene engineering using mammalian cells as host cells.
- 14. The protein of claim 13 wherein said mammalian cells are 293/EBNA cells or CHO cells.
- 15. A cDNA comprising a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 8.
- 16. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 8.
- 17. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 9.
- 18. A cDNA comprising a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 10.
- 19. A protein encoded by a cDNA comprising a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 10.
- 20. cDNAs encoding an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 11.
- 21. A cDNA comprising a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 12.
- 22. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 12.
- 23. cDNAs encoding an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 13.
- 24. A cDNA comprising a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 14.
- 25. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 14.

- 26. cDNAs encoding an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 15.
- An antibody having specific affinity to the osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor protein of claim 1.
- 28. The antibody of claim 27 that is polyclonal.
- 29. The antibody of claim 27 that is monoclonal.
- The monoclonal antibody of claim 29 comprising the following properties: a molecular weight of about 150,000, and of subclass IgG₁, IgG_{2a}, or IgG_{2b}.
- A method for determining the concentration of an osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor protein comprising contacting a sample suspected of containing said protein with an antibody of claim 27, 28, 29 or 30 under conditions sufficient to induce formation of protein-antibody conjugates, and detecting the amount of protein-antibody conjugates formed.

Abstract

A protein which inhibits osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation and a method of production of the protein. The protein is produced by human embryonic lung fibroblasts and has molecular weight of about 60 kD and about 120 kD under non-reducing conditions and about 60 kD under reducing conditions on SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, respectively.

The protein can be isolated and purified from culture medium of the said fibroblasts. Furthermore, the protein can be produced by gene engineering.

The present invention includes cDNA for producing the protein by gene engineering, antibodies having specific affinity to the protein or a method for determination of the protein concentration using the antibodies.

Fig. 1

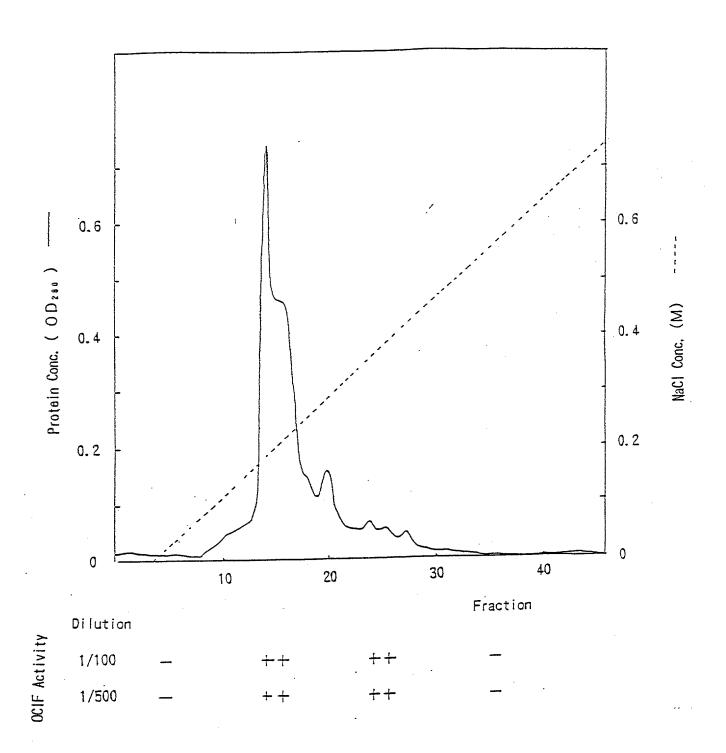


Fig. 2

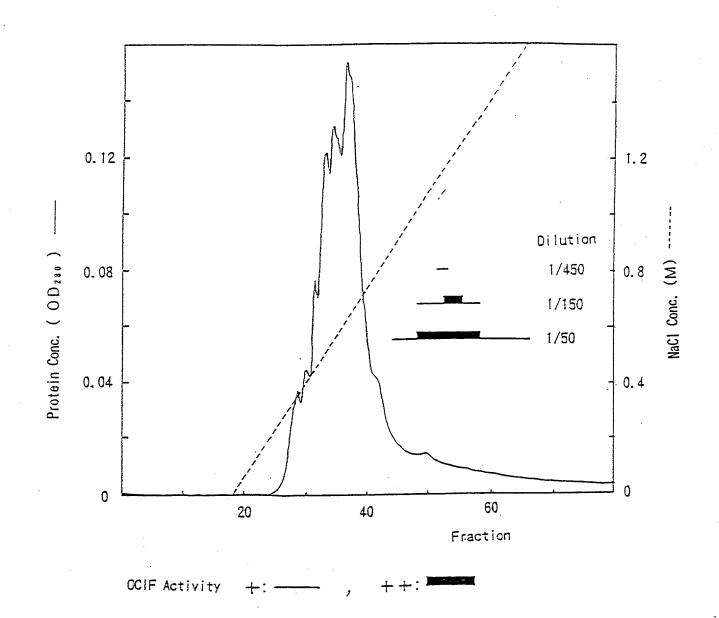


Fig. 3

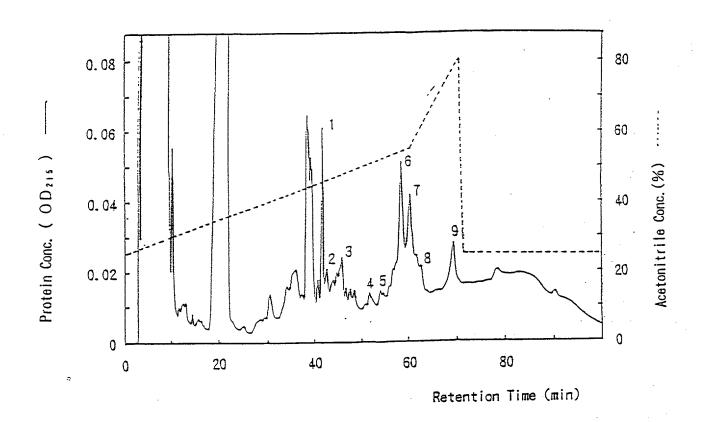
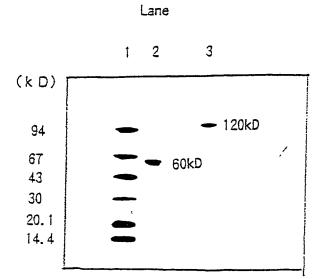


Fig. 4



Lane

4 5 6

(k D)

94.
67
43

30
20.1
14.4

Reducing .

Non-reducing

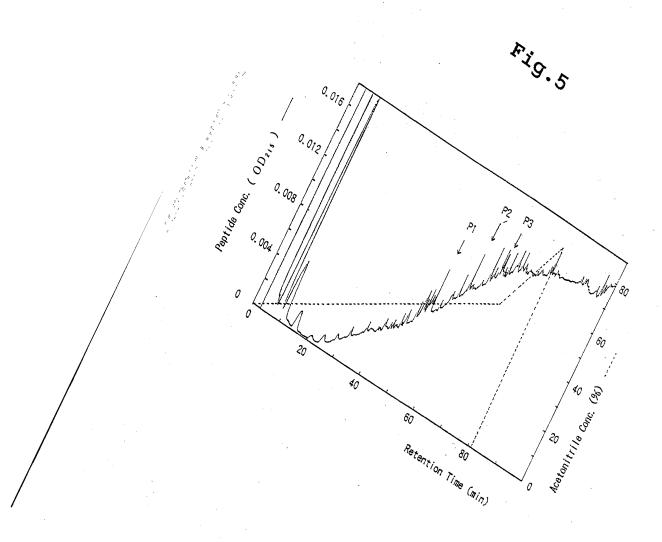


Fig. 6

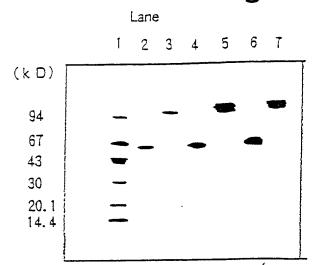


Fig. 7

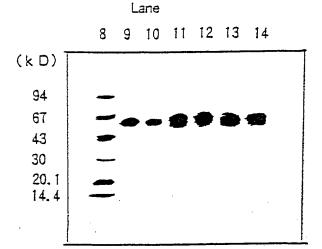


Fig.8

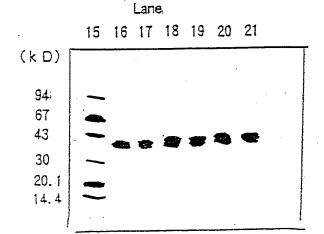


Fig. 9

1	
MNNLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT	(OCIF1
MNNLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT	(OCIF2
61	
VCAPCPDHYYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKELQYVKQECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK ************************************	(OCIF1
VCAPCPDHYYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK 61	(OCIF2
121	•
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERNTVCKRCPDGFFSNETSSKAPCRKHTNCSVFGLLLTQKGNAT ************************************	(OCIF1)
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERNTVCKRCPDGFFSNETSSKAPCRKHTNCSVFGLLLTQKGNAT 114	(OCIF2)
181	
HDNICSGNSESTQKCGIDVTLCEEAFFRFAVPTKFTPNWLSVLVDNLPGTKVNAESVERI	(OCIF1)
HDNICSGNSESTQKCGIDVTLCEEAFFRFAVPTKFTPNWLSVLVDNLPGTKVNAESVERI 174	(OCIF2)
241	
<pre><rqhssqeqtfqllklwkhqnkdqdivkkiiqdidlcensvqrhighanltfeqlrslme< pre=""></rqhssqeqtfqllklwkhqnkdqdivkkiiqdidlcensvqrhighanltfeqlrslme<></pre>	(OCIF1)
KRQHSSQEQTFQLLKLWKHQNKDQDIVKKIIQDIDLCENSVQRHIGHANLTFEQLRSLME 234	
301	
LPGKKVGAEDIEKTIKACKPSDQILKLLSLWRIKNGDQDTLKGLMHALKHSKTYHFPKT	(OCIF1)
SLPGKKVGAEDIEKTIKACKPSDQILKLLSLWRIKNGDQDTLKGLMHALKHSKTYHFPKT	(OCIF2)
361	
TQSLKKTIRFLHSFTMYKLYQKLFLEMIGNQVQSVKISCL (OCIF1)	
TQSLKKTIRFLHSFTMYKLYQKLFLEMIGNQVQSVKISCL (OCIF2)	

Fig. 10

MNNLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPPKYLHYDEETSHQLLC	DKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT	(OCIF1
MNKLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCI	DKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT	(OCIF3
61 VCAPCPDHYYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKELQYVKQECNRTHN	*************	•
VCAPCPDHYYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKELQYVKQECNRTHN 61	RVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK	(OCIF3
121 HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERNTVCKRCPDGFFSNETSSKAPCRK	HTNCSVFGLLLTQKGNAT	(OCIF1)
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERNTVCKRCPDGFFSNETSSKAPCRK 121		(OCIF3)
181 HDNICSGNSESTQKCGIDVTLCEEAFFRFAVPTKFTPNWLSV	LVDNLPGTKVNAESVERI	(OCIF1)
HDNICSGNSESTQKCGIDVTLCEEAFFRFAVPTKFTPNWLSV 181	LVDNLPGTKVNAESVERI	(OCIF3)
241 KRQHSSQEQTFQLLKLWKHQNKDQDIVKKIIQDIDLCENSVQ ************************************	RHIGHANLTFEQLRSLME	(OCIF1)
KRQHSSQEQTFQLLKLWKHQNKDQDIVKKIIQDIDLCENSVQI 241	RHIGHANLS	(OCIF3)
301 SLPGKKVGAEDIEKTIKACKPSDQILKLLSLWRIKNGDQDTU ***********	KGLMHALKHSKTYHFPKT	(OCIF1)
LWRIKNGDQDTLE 292		(OCIF3)
361 VTQSLKKTIRFLHSFTMYKLYQKLFLEMIGNQVQSVKISCL ***************	(OCIF1)	
VTQSLKKTIRFLHSFTMYKLYQKLFLEMIGNQVQSVKISCL 322	(OCIF3)	

Fig. 11

1 MNNLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT ** **** *****************************	(
61 VCAPCPDHYYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKELQYVKQECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK ************************************	•
121 HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERNTVCKRCPDGFFSNETSSKAPCRKHTNCSVFGLLLTQKGNAT ************************************	(OCIF1)

Fig. 12

1	
MNNLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT	(OCIF1)
MNKLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPPKYLHŸDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT 1	(OCIF5)
61	
VCAPCPDHYYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKELQYVKQECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK ************************************	(OCIF1)
VCAPCPDHYYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKELQYVKQECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK 61	(OCIF5)
121	
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERNTVCKRCPDGFFSNETSSKAPCRKHTNCSVFGLLLTQKGNAT	(OCIF1)
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGCRRRPKPQICI 121	(OCIF5)

Fig. 13

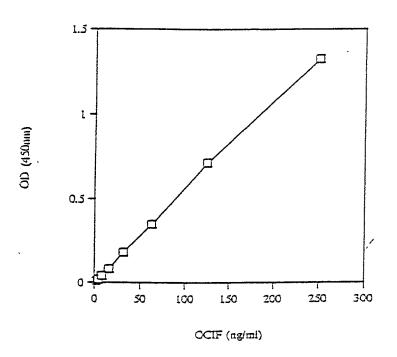


Fig. 14

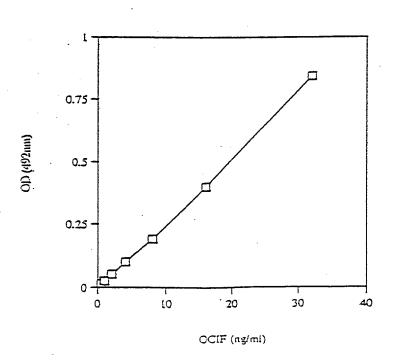
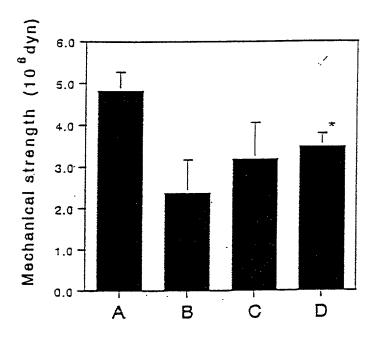


Fig. 15



A: Normal rat

B: Denerved rat + Vehicle

C: Denerved rat + OCIF 10 µg/kg/day

C: Denerved rat +OCIF 100 µg/kg/day

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(i) APPLICANT: GOTO, Masaaki TSUDA, Eisuke MOCHIZUKI, Shin'ichi YANO, Kazuki KOBAYASHI, Fumie SHIMA, Nobuyuki YASUDA, Hisataka NAKAGAWA, Nobuaki MORINAGA, Tomonori UEDA, Masatsuqu HIGASHIO, Kanji

- (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: Novel Proteins and Methods for Producing the Proteins
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 108
- (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
 - (A) ADDRESSEE: Testa, Hurwitz & Thibeault
 - (B) STREET: 125 High St.
 - (C) CITY: Boston
 - (D) STATE: MA
 - (E) COUNTRY: USA
 - (F) ZIP: 02110
 - (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
- (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
 - (B) FILING DATE:
 - (C) CLASSIFICATION:
- (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 54977/1995
 - (B) FILING DATE: 20-FEB-1995
- (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 207508/1995
 - (B) FILING DATE: 21-JUL-1995
- (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/JP96/00374
 - (B) FILING DATE: 20-FEB-1996
- (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 - (A) NAME: CAMPBELL, Paula A.
 - (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,503
 - (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: FJN-060
 - (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 - (A) TELEPHONE: (617) 248-7000 (B) TELEFAX: (617) 248-7100
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(an internal amino acid sequence of the protein) "
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

Xaa Tyr His Phe Pro Lys

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..14
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(an internal amino acid sequence of the protein) "
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Xaa Gln His Ser Xaa Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Xaa Lys 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..12
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(an internal amino acid sequence of the protein)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

Xaa Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 380 amino acids

- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..380
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF protein without signal peptide)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:
 - Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His
 - Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His
 - Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr 35 40 45
 - Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro
 - Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His
 - Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe 85 90 95
 - Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala 100 105 110
 - Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe 115 120 125
 - Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn
 - Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His
 - Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile 165 170 175
 - Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr 180 185 190
 - Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly 195 200 205
 - Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser 210 215 220
 - Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn 225 230 235
 - Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys 245 250 255
 - Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu 260 265 270
 - Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala

275 280 285

Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile 290 295 300

Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr 305 310 315

Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe 325 330 335

Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His 340 345

Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile 355 360 365

Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu 370 375 380

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - $(\tilde{\mathtt{A}})$ LENGTH: 401 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..380
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF protein)"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(signal peptide)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100

- Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 115 120
- Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135
- Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 145 150
- Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 160 165 170
- Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 175 180 185
- Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val
- Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile 205 210 215
- Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 220 235
- Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 240 245 250
- Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 255 260 265
- Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly 270 275 280
- Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys 285 290 295
- Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn 300 305 310
- Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser 320 330
- Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr 335
- Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 350 355 360
- Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 365 370 375

Leu 380

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..1206

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6: 60 ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420 GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 480 AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540 CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600 CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660 AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720 AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780 AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840 GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900 960 AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020 ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (ix) FEATURE:

TTATAA

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..15
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(a N-terminal amino acid sequence of the protein)"

GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG

TATCAGAAGT TATTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC

1140 1200

1206

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1185 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:

1

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1185
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF2)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

• •	· -					
ATGAACAACT '	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGTGC	AATCGCACCC	ACAACCGCGT	GTGCGAATGC	300
AAGGAAGGGC	GCTACCTTGA	GATAGAGTTC	TGCTTGAAAC	ATAGGAGCTG	CCCTCCTGGA	360
TTTGGAGTGG	TGCAAGCTGG	AACCCCAGAG	CGAAATACAG	TTTGCAAAAG	ATGTCCAGAT	420
GGGTTCTTCT	CAAATGAGAC	GTCATCTAAA	GCACCCTGTA	GAAAACACAC	AAATTGCAGT	480
GTCTTTGGTC	TCCTGCTAAC	TCAGAAAGGA	AATGCAACAC	ACGACAACAT	ATGTTCCGGA	540
AACAGTGAAT	CAACTCAAAA	ATGTGGAATA	GATGTTACCC	TGTGTGAGGA	GGCATTCTTC	600
AGGTTTGCTG	TTCCTACAAA	GTTTACGCCT	AACTGGCTTA	GTGTCTTGGT	AGACAATTTG	660
CCTGGCACCA	AAGTAAACGC	AGAGAGTGTA	GAGAGGATAA	AACGGCAACA	CAGCTCACAA	720
GAACAGACTT	TCCAGCTGCT	GAAGTTATGG	AAACATCAAA	ACAAAGACCA	AGATATAGTC	780
AAGAAGATCA	TCCAAGATAT	TGACCTCTGT	GAAAACAGCG	TGCAGCGGCA	CATTGGACAT	840
GCTAACCTCA	CCTTCGAGCA	GCTTCGTAGC	TTGATGGAAA	GCTTACCGGG	AAAGAAAGTG	900
GGAGCAGAAG	ACATTGAAAA	AACAATAAAG	GCATGCAAAC	CCAGTGACCA	GATCCTGAAG	960
CTGCTCAGTT	TGTGGCGAAT	AAAAAATGGC	GACCAAGACA	CCTTGAAGGG	CCTAATGCAC	1020
GCACTAAAGC	ACTCAAAGAC	GTACCACTT	CCCAAAACTG	TCACTCAGAG	TCTAAAGAAG	1080
ACCATCAGGT	TCCTTCACAG	CTTCACAATG	TACAAATTGT	ATCAGAAGTI	' ATTTTTAGAA	1140
ATGATAGGTA	ACCAGGTCCA	ATCAGTAAAA	ATAAGCTGCT	TATAA		1185

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 394 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..373
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF2)"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 -5 1 5 10
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro $30 \hspace{1cm} 35 \hspace{1cm} 40$
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys 45 50 55
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg 60 65 70 75
- Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu 80 85 90
- Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr 95 100 105
- Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser
- Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser 125 130 135
- Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn 140 145 150 155
- Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val
- Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe
 175 180 185
- Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys
- Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln 205 210 215
- Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp 220 225 230 235
- Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn 240 245 250
- Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu

255 260 265

Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp 275

Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys 290

Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys

Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys

Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe 340 335

Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn

Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1089 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..1089
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF3)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

ATGAACAAGT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780

AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840
GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC AGTTTGTGGC GAATAAAAAA TGGCGACCAA 900
GACACCTTGA AGGGCCTAAT GCACGCACTA AAGCACTCAA AGACGTACCA CTTTCCCAAA 960
ACTGTCACTC AGAGTCTAAA GAAGACCATC AGGTTCCTTC ACAGCTTCAC AATGTACAAA 1020
TTGTATCAGA AGTTATTTT AGAAATGATA GGTAACCAGG TCCAATCAGT AAAAATAAGC 1080
TGCTTATAA

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 362 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..341
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF3)"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:
 - Met Asn Lys Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
 - Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 -5 1 10
 - Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25
 - Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40
 - Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 45 55
 - Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 70 75
 - Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr
 80 85 90
 - Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105
 - Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 115 120
 - Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135
 - Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 150 150

Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr	His 160	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser 165	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser 170	Thr
Gln	Lys	Cys	Gly 175	Ile	Asp	Val	Thr	Leu 180	Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala	Phe 185	Phe	Arg
Phe	Ala	Val 190	Pro	Thr	Lys	Phe	Thr 195	Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu	Ser 200	Val	Leu	Val
Asp	Asn 205	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Lys 210	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser 215	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile
Lys 220	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser 225	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe 230	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu 235
Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn 240	Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile 245	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile	Ile 250	Gln
Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu 255		Glu	Asn	Ser	Val 260	Gln	Arg	His	Ile	Gly 265	His	Ala
Asn	Leu	Ser 270		Trp	Arg	Ile	Lys 275	Asn	Gly	Asp	Gln	Asp 280	Thr	Leu	Lys
Gly	Leu 285		His	Ala	Leu	Lys 290	His	Ser	Lys	Thr	Tyr 295	His	Phe	Pro	Lys
Thr 300		Thr	Gln	Ser	Leu 305	Lys	Lys	Thr	·Ile	Arg 310	Phe	Leu	. His	Ser	Phe 315
Thr	Met	: Туг	Lys	Leu 320	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu	2 Phe 325	Leu ;	Glu	Met	: Ile	Gly 330	Asn
Glr	ı Val	Glr	335		. Lys	; Ile	e Ser	340	Leu)	1					
TATE	י עישע כו כ	PT ON	EOD.	SEO	יו מד	JO:12	? <u>.</u>								

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

 (A) LENGTH: 465 base pairs

 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -

 - (B) LOCATION: 1..465
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF4)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

ATGAACAAGT	TGCTGTGCTG	CTCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT					ATGTGCAGCA	420

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 154 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid

 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..133
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF4)"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:
- Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Cys Cys Ser Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu
- Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr
- Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe
- Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Cys Gln Cys Ala Ala Lys Leu Ile Arg
- Ile Met Gln Ser Gln Ile Val Val Thr Val
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 438 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
 - (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..438
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF5)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

ATGAACAAGT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GATGCAGGAG	AAGACCCAAG	420
CCACAGATAT	GTATCTGA					438

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 145 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..124
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF5)"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:
- Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 1 10
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys 45 50 55
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75
- Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90
- Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe

105 100 95

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Cys Arg Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Ile Cys 115

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- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..20
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer T3)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

AATTAACCCT CACTAAAGGG

20

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:
- - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..22
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer T7)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

GTAATACGAC TCACTATAGG GC

22

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..20
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF1)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

ACATCAAAAC AAAGACCAAG

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF2)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:	
TCTTGGTCTT TGTTTTGATG	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF3)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:	
TTATTCGCCA CAAACTGAGC	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF4)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:	
TTGTGAAGCT GTGAAGGAAC	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	

<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF5)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:	
GCTCAGTTTG TGGCGAATAA	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF6)"	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:	
GTGGGAGCAG AAGACATTGA	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF7)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:	
AATGAACAAC TTGCTGTGCT	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ix) FEATURE:	
(A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 120(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF8)"	

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:	
TGACAAATGT CCTCCTGGTA	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF9)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:	
AGGTAGGTAC CAGGAGGACA	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:	
GAGCTGCCCT CCTGGATTTG	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF11)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:	20
CAAACTGTAT TTCGCTCTGG	۷۷
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:	

(1)	(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ix) IF12)"	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer	
	THE TO MAKE THE TOWN OF THE TO	
	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:	20
	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:	
	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 32 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 132 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer")"	
(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:	
GAATCAACT	TC AAAAAAGTGG AATAGATGTT AC	32
(2) INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:	
(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 32 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
, ===,	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 132 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer	
C19SR)	11	
(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:	
GTAACATC	TA TTCCACTTTT TTGAGTTGAT TC	32
(2) INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:	
(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	DNA (primer
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:	
ATAGATGTTA CCCTGAGTGA GGAGGCATTC	30
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	DNA (primer
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:	
GAATGCCTCC TCACTCAGGG TAACATCTAT	30
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 131 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic" C21SF)"</pre>	: DNA (primer
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:	
CAAGATATTG ACCTCAGTGA AAACAGCGTG C	31
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: -

(B) LOCATION: 131 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer C21SR)"	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:	
GCACGCTGTT TTCACTGAGG GCAATATCTT G	31
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:	
AAAACAATAA AGGCAAGCAA ACCCAGTGAC C	31
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 131 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer C22SR)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:	
GGTCACTGGG TTTGCTTGCC TTTATTGTTT T	31
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 131 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer C23SF)"</pre>	

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:	
TCAGTAAAAA TAAGCAGCTT ATAACTGGCC A	31
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 131 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer C23SR)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:	
TGGCCAGTTA TAAGCTGCTT ATTTTTACTG A	31
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:	
TTGGGGTTTA TTGGAGGAGA TG	22
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer DCR1F)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:	
ACCACCAGG AACCTTGCCC TGACCACTAC TACACA	36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:

	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:	
G	GTCAGGGCAA GGTTCCTGGG TGGTCCACTT AATGGA	36
((2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:	
	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer DCR2F)"</pre>	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:	
;	ACCGTGTGCG CCGAATGCAA GGAAGGGCGC TACCTT	36
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:	
	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer DCR2R)"</pre>	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:	36
	TTCCTTGCAT TCGGCGCACA CGGTCTTCCA CTTTGC	30
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	

<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNADCR3F)"</pre>	(primer
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:	
AACCGCGTGT GCAGATGTCC AGATGGGTTC TTCTCA	36
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNADCR3R)"</pre>	(primer
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:	
ATCTGGACAT CTGCACACGC GGTTGTGGGT GCGATT	36
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNFDCR4F)"</pre>	. (primer
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:	
ACAGTTTGCA AATCCGGAAA CAGTGAATCA ACTCAA	36
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer DCR4R)"	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48:	
ACTGTTTCCG GATTTGCAAA CTGTATTTCG CTCTGG	36
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49:	
AATGTGGAAT AGATATTGAC CTCTGTGAAA ACAGCG	36
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:	
AGAGGTCAAT ATCTATTCCA CATTTTTGAG TTGATT	36
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer DDD2F)"</pre>	

(xi) SEQU	JENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:	
AGATCATCCA AG	BACGCACTA AAGCACTCAA AGACGT	36
(2) INFORMATI	ON FOR SEQ ID NO:52:	
(A) (B) (C)	JENCE CHARACTERISTICS: LENGTH: 36 base pairs TYPE: nucleic acid STRANDEDNESS: single TOPOLOGY: linear	
(B	TURE:) NAME/KEY: -) LOCATION: 136) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer	
(xi) SEQ	UENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52:	
GCTTTAGTGC G	TCTTGGATG ATCTTCTTGA CTATAT	36
(2) INFORMAT	ION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:	
(A (B (C	UENCE CHARACTERISTICS:) LENGTH: 29 base pairs) TYPE: nucleic acid) STRANDEDNESS: single) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(P	TURE: 1) NAME/KEY: - 3) LOCATION: 129 1) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer XhoI	
(xi) SEQ	QUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53:	
GGCTCGAGCG C	CCCAGCCGCC GCCTCCAAG	29
(2) INFORMAT	TION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:	
(<i>I</i> (F	QUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs B) TYPE: nucleic acid C) STRANDEDNESS: single D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(1	ATURE: A) NAME/KEY: - B) LOCATION: 120 D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer	
(xi) SE	QUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54:	
TTTGAGTGCT	TTAGTGCGTG	20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	primer CL
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:55:	
TCAGTAAAA TAAGCTAACT GGAAATGGCC	30
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:56:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	(primer CL
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:56:	
GGCCATTTCC AGTTAGCTTA TTTTTACTGA	30
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:57:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	(primer CC
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:57:	
CCGGATCCTC AGTGCTTTAG TGCGTGCAT	29
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:58:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:58:	
CCGGATCCTC ATTGGATGAT CTTCTTGAC	29
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:59:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:59:	
CCGGATCCTC ATATTCCACA TTTTTGAGT	29
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:60:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:60:	
CCGGATCCTC ATTTGCAAAC TGTATTTCG	29
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:61:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..29
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CCR3

R)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:61:

CCGGATCCTC ATTCGCACAC GCGGTTGTG

29

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:62:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..380
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-C19S"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:62:
 - Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile -20
 - Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 - Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
 - Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro
 - Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 - Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu
 - Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr
 - Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe
 - Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 115
 - Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 135
 - Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys
 - Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr

Gln Lys Ser Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 175 180 185

Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val

Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile 205 210 215

Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 220 225 230 230

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 240 245 250

Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 255 260 265

Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly 270 275 280

Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys 285 290 295

Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn 300 305 310

Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser 320 325 330

Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr 335 340 345

Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 350 355 360

Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 365 370 375

Leu 380

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:63:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..380
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-C20S"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:63:

Met Asn Asn Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

-20 -15 -10

Lys -5	Trp	Thr	Thr	Gln	Glu 1	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro 5	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His	Tyr 10	Asp
Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser 15	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys 20	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro	Pro 25	Gly	Thr
Tyr	Leu	Lys 30	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala 35	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr	Val 40	Cys	Ala	Pro
Cys	Pro 45	Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr	Thr 50	Asp	Ser	Trp	His	Thr 55	Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys
Leu 60	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val 65	Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gln 70	Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln	Glu 75
Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr	His 80	Asn	Arg	Val	Cys	Glu 85	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg 90	Tyr
Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu 95	Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys	His 100	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro 105	Gly	Phe
Gly	Val	Val 110	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr	Pro 115	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val 120	Cys	Lys	Arg
Cys	Pro 125	Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe	Ser 130	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser 135	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys
Arg 140	Lys	His	Thr	Asn	Cys 145	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu 150	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys 155
Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr	His 160	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser 165	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser 170	Thr
Gln	Lys	Cys	Gly 175	Ile	Asp	Val	Thr	Leu 180	Ser	Glu	Glu	Ala	Phe 185	Phe	Arg
Phe	Ala	Val 190	Pro	Thr	Lys	Phe	Thr 195	Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu	Ser 200	Val	Leu	Val
Asp	Asn 205	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Lys 210	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser 215	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile
Lys 220	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser 225	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe 230	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu 235
Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn 240		Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile 245	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile	Ile 250	Gln
Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu 255		Glu	Asn	Ser	Val 260		Arg	His	Ile	Gly 265	His	Ala
Asn	Leu	Thr 270		Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg 275		Leu	Met	Glu	Ser 280	Leu	Pro	Gly
Lys	Lys 285		Gly	· Ala	Glu	Asp 290		Glu	Lys	Thr	lle 295		: Ala	Cys	Lys
Pro 300		Asp	Gln	Ile	Leu 305		Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu 310		Arg	, Ile	Lys	Asn 315
Gly	Asp	Gln	Asp	Thr 320		Lys	Gly	Leu	Met 325		a Ala	Leu	ı Lys	His 330	Ser
Lys	Thr	Туг	His		Pro	Lys	Thr	Val 340		Glr	. Ser	Leu	1 Lys 345	Lys	Thr

Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 350 355 360

Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 365 370 375

Leu 380

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:64:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..380
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-C21S"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:64:
 - Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
 - Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 1 10
 - Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25
 - Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40
 - Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys 45 50 55
 - Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75
 - Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90
 - Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105
 - Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 115 120
 - Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135
 - Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 150 150

Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 180

Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val

Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile

Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln

Asp Ile Asp Leu Ser Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala

Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly

Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys

Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn

Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser 320 325

Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr

Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 355

Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys

Leu 380

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:65:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..380
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-C22S"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:65:
 - Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 180 Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val 195 Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 230 Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 260 Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Ser Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr 340 Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 355

Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys

Leu 380

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:66:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid

 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 (B) LOCATION: 1..380

 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-C23S"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:66:
 - Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 - Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 - Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
 - Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro
 - Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 - Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu
 - Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr
 - Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe
 - Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 115
 - Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 130
 - Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys
 - Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 1.60 165
 - Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 175

Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val 1.90 195 200

Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile

Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 225 230

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln

Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 260

Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly

Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys

Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn 305

Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser

Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr 335 340

Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 355

Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Ser

Leu 380

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:67:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 360 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid

 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..339
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DCR1"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:67:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile -15

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser

Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe 100 Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu 130 Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val 210 Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser 230 Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val 290 295 Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met 310 Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val 320 325 Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:68:

335

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 359 amino acids

- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..338
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DCR2"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:68:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Glu
- Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg
- Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg
- Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr
- Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly
- Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser 115
- Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys
- Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn 145
- Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala
- Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr 180
- Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile
- Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln
- Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu
- Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys

Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser 255 260 265

Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met 270 275 280

His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr 285 290 295

Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr 300 305 310

Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln 320 325 330

Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu 335

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:69:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 363 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..342
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DCR3"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:69:

Met Asn Asn Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
-20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 1 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys 45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe 80 85 90

Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys 95 100 105

Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp

110 115 120

Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp 130

Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys 150

Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr

Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser 180

Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys

Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu

Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln

Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu 240

Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu

Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu

Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro

Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser

Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly

Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:70:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 359 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS:

 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..338
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DCR4"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:70:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

-20	-15	-10

Lys -5	Trp	Thr	Thr	Gln	Glu 1	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro 5	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His	Tyr 10	Asp
Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser 15	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys 20	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro	Pro 25	Gly	Thr
Tyr	Leu	Tys	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala 35	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr	Val 40	Cys	Ala	Pro
Cys	Pro 45	Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr	Thr 50	Asp	Ser	Trp	His	Thr 55	Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys
Leu 60	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val 65	Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gln 70	Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln	Glu 75
Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr	His 80	Asn	Arg	Val	Cys	Glu 85	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg 90	Tyr
Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu 95	Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys	His 100	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro 105	Gly	Phe
Gly	Val	Val 110	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr	Pro 115	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val 120	Cys	Lys	Ser
Gly	Asn 125	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gln 130	Lys	Cys	Gly	Ile	Asp 135	Val	Thr	Leu	Cys
Glu 140	Glu	Ala	Phe	Phe	Arg 145	Phe	Ala	Val	Pro	Thr 150	Lys	Phe	Thr	Pro	Asn 155
Trp	Leu	Ser	Val	Leu 160	Val	Asp	Asn	Leu	Pro 165	Gly	Thr	Lys	Val	Asn 170	Ala
Glu	Ser	Val	Glu 175	Arg	Ile	Lys	Arg	Gln 180	His	Ser	Ser	Gln	Glu 185	Gln	Thr
Phe	Gln	Leu 190	Leu	Lys	Leu	Trp	Lys 195	His	Gln	Asn	Lys	Asp 200	Gln	Asp	Ile
Val	Lys 205	Lys	Ile	Ile	Gln	Asp 210	Ile	Asp	Leu	Cys	Glu 215	Asn	Ser	Val	Gln
Arg 220	His	Ile	Gly	His	Ala 225	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu 230	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu 235
Met	Glu	Ser	Leu	Pro 240	Gly	Lys	Lys	Val	Gly 245	Ala	Glu	Asp	Ile	Glu 250	Lys
Thr	Ile	Lys	Ala 255	Cys	Lys	Pro	Ser	Asp 260	Gln	Ile	Leu	Lys	Leu 265	Leu	Ser
Leu	Trp	Arg 270	Ile	Lys	Asn	Gly	Asp 275	Gln	Asp	Thr	Leu	Lys 280	Gly	Leu	Met
His	Ala 285	Leu	Lys	His	Ser	Lys 290	Thr	Tyr	His	Phe	Pro 295	Lys	Thr	Val	Thr
Gln 300	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Thr 305	Ile	Arg	Phe	Leu	His 310	Ser	Phe	Thr	Met	Tyr 315
Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Lys 320	Leu	Phe	Leu	Glu	Met 325	Ile	Gly	Asn	Gln	Val 330	Gln
Ser	Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	Cys	Leu									

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:71:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 326 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..305
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DDD1"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:71:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 -5 1 10
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 45 50 55
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75
- Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90
- Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105
- Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 115 120
- Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135
- Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 145 150 150
- Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 160 165 170
- Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg 175 180 185
- His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met 190 195 200
- Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr 205 210 215

Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu 230

Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His

Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln

Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys

Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser 290

Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:72:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 327 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein(B) LOCATION: 1..306

 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DDD2"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:72:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110

Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 130

Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 145

Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 160

Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg

Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val

Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile

Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 245

Asp Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr

Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr 275

Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln 290

Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:73:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 399 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..378
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CL"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:73:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 20

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 130 Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 150 Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 180 Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val 195 Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 225 Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 260 Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys 290 Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 355 Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:74:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 351 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid

 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..330
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CC"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:74:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu
- Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr
- Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe
- Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg
- Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 130
- Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys
- Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr
- Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 180
- Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val 195
- Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile
- Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 230

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 240 245 250

Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 255 260 265

Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly
270 275 280

Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys 285 290 295

Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn 300 315

Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His 320 325 330

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:75:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 272 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..251
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CDD2"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:75:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 1 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys 45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 120 Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135

Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 145 150 150

Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 160 165 170

Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg

Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val 190 195 200

Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile 205 210 215

Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 220 225 230 235

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 240 245 250

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:76:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 197 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..176
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CDD1"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:76:

Met Asn Asn Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
-20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
-5 1 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr

80 85 90

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 115 120

Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135

Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 145 150 150

Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 160 165 170

Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile 175

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:77:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 143 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..122
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CCR4"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:77:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 1 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:78:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 106 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..85
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CCR3"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:78:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile -15
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 3.0
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu
- Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:79:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 393 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..372
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CBst"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:79:

- Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 1 10
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 45 50 55
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75
- Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr
- Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105
- Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 115 120
- Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135
- Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 145 150 150
- Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 160 165 170
- Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 175 180 185
- Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val
- Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile 205 210 215
- Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 220 225 230 235
- Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 240 245 250
- Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 255 260 265
- Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly 270 275 280
- Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys 285 290 295
- Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn 300 305 310
- Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser 320 325 330
- Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr

Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu

345

SSU SSI Clar Mor The Clar Agn Leu Wal

Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Leu Val 365

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:80:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 321 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..300
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CSph"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:80:
 - Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
 - Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 5 10
 - Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
 - Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro
 - Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 45 50 55
 - Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 . 65 70 75
 - Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90
 - Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe
 95 100 105
 - Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg
 - Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135
 - Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 145 150
 - Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 160 165 170
 - Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg

175 180 185

Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val

Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile 205 210 215

Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 220 235

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln
240 245 250

Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 255 260 265

Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly 270 275 280

Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Ser Leu 285 290 295

Asp

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:81:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 187 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..166
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CBsp"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:81:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
-20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
-5 1 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys 45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr

90

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg

Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135

Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 145 150

Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly 160 165

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:82:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 84 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
- (B) LOCATION: 1..63
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CPst"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:82:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
-20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 1 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys 45 50 55

Leu Tyr Leu Val

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:83:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 1..1206
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C19S)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:83:

(111) ~-	2022		_			
ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AAAGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGI	' GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCATGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG	GCCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTCAAAGA	CGTACCACTI	TCCCAAAACT	1080
GTCACTCAGA	GTCTAAAGAA	GACCATCAGG	TTCCTTCACA	GCTTCACAAT	GTACAAATTG	1140
TATCAGAAGT	TATTTTAGA	A AATGATAGGT	· AACCAGGTCC	AATCAGTAAA	AATAAGCTGC	1200
TTATAA						1206

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:84:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..1206
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C20S)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:84: ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420 GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 480 AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540 CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600 CTGAGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660 AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720 AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780 AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840 GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900 AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA 960 CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020 ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080 GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140 TATCAGAAGT TATTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC 1200 1206 TTATAA

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:85:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..1206
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C21S)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:85:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180

GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCAG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCATGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG	GCCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTCAAAGA	CGTACCACTT	TCCCAAAACT	1080
GTCACTCAGA	GTCTAAAGAA	GACCATCAGG	TTCCTTCACA	GCTTCACAAT	GTACAAATTG	1140
TATCAGAAGT	' TATTTTAGA	AATGATAGGT	AACCAGGTCC	AATCAGTAAA	AATAAGCTGC	1200
TTATAA						1206

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:86:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: (B) LOCATION: 1..1206
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C22S)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:86:

Z	TGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
		TTCCTCCAAA		TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
					GTACAGCAAA		180
(TGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
(CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
							360

CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCAAGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG	GCCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTCAAAGA	CGTACCACTT	TCCCAAAACT	1080
GTCACTCAGA	GTCTAAAGAA	GACCATCAGG	TTCCTTCACA	GCTTCACAAT	GTACAAATTG	1140
TATCAGAAGT	TATTTTAGA	AATGATAGGT	AACCAGGTCC	AATCAGTAAA	AATAAGCTGC	1200
TTATAA						1206

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:87:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..1206
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C23S)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:87:

•						
ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT		ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
•	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
	CAAATTGCAG				AAATGCAACA	540
	TATGTTCCGG		TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CACGACAACA	11110110000					

CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660 AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720 AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780 AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840 GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900 AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA 960 CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020 ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080 GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140 TATCAGAAGT TATTTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCAGC 1200 1206 TTATAA

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:88:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1083 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..1083
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DCR1)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:88:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAACCTT	GCCCTGACCA	CTACTACACA	GACAGCTGGC	ACACCAGTGA	CGAGTGTCTA	120
TACTGCAGCC	CCGTGTGCAA	GGAGCTGCAG	TACGTCAAGC	AGGAGTGCAA	TCGCACCCAC	180
AACCGCGTGT	GCGAATGCAA	GGAAGGGCGC	TACCTTGAGA	TAGAGTTCTG	CTTGAAACAT	240
AGGAGCTGCC	CTCCTGGATT	TGGAGTGGTG	CAAGCTGGAA	CCCCAGAGCG	AAATACAGTT	300
TGCAAAAGAT	GTCCAGATGG	GTTCTTCTCA	AATGAGACGT	CATCTAAAGC	ACCCTGTAGA	360
AAACACACAA	ATTGCAGTGT	CTTTGGTCTC	CTGCTAACTC	AGAAAGGAAA	TGCAACACAC	420
GACAACATAT	GTTCCGGAAA	CAGTGAATCA	ACTCAAAAAT	GTGGAATAGA	TGTTACCCTG	480
TGTGAGGAGG	CATTCTTCAG	GTTTGCTGTT	CCTACAAAGT	TTACGCCTAA	CTGGCTTAGT	540
GTCTTGGTAG	ACAATTTGCC	TGGCACCAAA	GTAAACGCAG	AGAGTGTAGA	GAGGATAAAA	600
CGGCAACACA	GCTCACAAGA	ACAGACTTTC	CAGCTGCTGA	AGTTATGGAA	ACATCAAAAC	660
	ATATAGTCAA					720
	TTGGACATGC					780

TTACCGGGAA AGAAAGTGGG AGCAGAAGAC ATTGAAAAAA CAATAAAGGC ATGCAAACCC 840
AGTGACCAGA TCCTGAAGCT GCTCAGTTTG TGGCGAATAA AAAATGGCGA CCAAGACACC 900
TTGAAGGGCC TAATGCACGC ACTAAAGCAC TCAAAGACGT ACCACTTTCC CAAAACTGTC 960
ACTCAGAGTC TAAAGAAGAC CATCAGGTTC CTTCACAGCT TCACAATGTA CAAATTGTAT 1020
CAGAAGTTAT TTTTAGAAAT GATAGGTAAC CAGGTCCAAT CAGTAAAAAA AAGCTGCTTA 1080
TAA

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:89:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1080 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1080
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DCR2)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:89:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCG	AATGCAAGGA	AGGGCGCTAC	CTTGAGATAG	AGTTCTGCTT	GAAACATAGG	240
AGCTGCCCTC	CTGGATTTGG	AGTGGTGCAA	GCTGGAACCC	CAGAGCGAAA	TACAGTTTGC	300
AAAAGATGTC	CAGATGGGTT	CTTCTCAAAT	GAGACGTCAT	CTAAAGCACC	CTGTAGAAAA	360
CACACAAATT	GCAGTGTCTT	TGGTCTCCTG	CTAACTCAGA	AAGGAAATGC	AACACACGAC	420
AACATATGTT	CCGGAAACAG	TGAATCAACT	CAAAAATGTG	GAATAGATGT	TACCCTGTGT	480
GAGGAGGCAT	TCTTCAGGTT	TGCTGTTCCT	ACAAAGTTTA	CGCCTAACTG	GCTTAGTGTC	540
TTGGTAGACA	ATTTGCCTGG	CACCAAAGTA	AACGCAGAGA	GTGTAGAGAG	GATAAAACGG	600
CAACACAGCT	CACAAGAACA	GACTTTCCAG	CTGCTGAAGT	TATGGAAACA	TCAAAACAAA	660
GACCAAGATA	TAGTCAAGAA	GATCATCCAA	GATATTGACC	TCTGTGAAAA	CAGCGTGCAG	720
CGGCACATTG	GACATGCTAA	CCTCACCTTC	GAGCAGCTTC	GTAGCTTGAT	' GGAAAGCTTA	780
CCGGGAAAGA	AAGTGGGAGC	AGAAGACATT	' GAAAAAACAA	TAAAGGCATG	CAAACCCAGT	840
GACCAGATCC	TGAAGCTGCT	CAGTTTGTGG	GGAATAAAAA	ATGGCGACCA	AGACACCTTG	900
AAGGGCCTAA	TGCACGCACT	AAAGCACTCA	AAGACGTACO	ACTTTCCCAP	AACTGTCACT	960
CAGAGTCTAA	AGAAGACCAT	CAGGTTCCTT	CACAGCTTCA	CAATGTACA	A ATTGTATCAG	1020
AAGTTATTT	TAGAAATGAT	· AGGTAACCAC	GTCCAATCAG	CATAAAAT 3	CTGCTTATAA	1080

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:90:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1092 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -

 - (B) LOCATION: 1..1092
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DCR3)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:90:

(XI) DI	2021102 2-2-		~			
ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCAGATG	TCCAGATGGG	TTCTTCTCAA	ATGAGACGTC	ATCTAAAGCA	360
CCCTGTAGAA	AACACACAAA	TTGCAGTGTC	TTTGGTCTCC	TGCTAACTCA	GAAAGGAAAT	420
GCAACACACG	ACAACATATG	TTCCGGAAAC	AGTGAATCAA	CTCAAAAATG	TGGAATAGAT	480
GTTACCCTGT	GTGAGGAGGC	ATTCTTCAGG	TTTGCTGTTC	CTACAAAGTT	TACGCCTAAC	540
TGGCTTAGTG	TCTTGGTAGA	CAATTTGCCT	GGCACCAAAG	TAAACGCAGA	GAGTGTAGAG	600
AGGATAAAAC	GGCAACACAG	CTCACAAGAA	CAGACTTTCC	AGCTGCTGAA	GTTATGGAAA	660
CATCAAAACA	AAGACCAAGA	TATAGTCAAG	AAGATCATCC	AAGATATTGA	CCTCTGTGAA	720
AACAGCGTGC	AGCGGCACAT	TGGACATGCT	AACCTCACCT	TCGAGCAGCT	TCGTAGCTTG	780
ATGGAAAGCT	TACCGGGAAA	GAAAGTGGGA	GCAGAAGACA	TTGAAAAAAC	AATAAAGGCA	840
TGCAAACCCA	GTGACCAGAT	CCTGAAGCTG	CTCAGTTTGT	GGCGAATAAA	AAATGGCGAC	900
CAAGACACCT	TGAAGGGCCT	AATGCACGCA	CTAAAGCACT	CAAAGACGTA	CCACTTTCCC	960
AAAACTGTCA	CTCAGAGTCT	AAAGAAGACC	ATCAGGTTCC	TTCACAGCTT	CACAATGTAC	1020
AAATTGTATC	AGAAGTTATT	TTTAGAAATG	ATAGGTAACC	AGGTCCAATC	AGTAAAAATA	1080
AGCTGCTTAT	' AA					1092

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:91:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 1080 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 1..1080
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DCR4)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:91:

(1117) 0-2			-			
ATGAACAACT I	rgctgtgctg	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT I	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT G	STCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC (CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA (GCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG T	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT (GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAT (CCGGAAACAG	TGAATCAACT	CAAAAATGTG	GAATAGATGT	TACCCTGTGT	480
GAGGAGGCAT :	TCTTCAGGTT	TGCTGTTCCT	ACAAAGTTTA	CGCCTAACTG	GCTTAGTGTC	540
TTGGTAGACA	ATTTGCCTGG	CACCAAAGTA	AACGCAGAGA	GTGTAGAGAG	GATAAAACGG	600
CAACACAGCT	CACAAGAACA	GACTTTCCAG	CTGCTGAAGT	TATGGAAACA	TCAAAACAAA	660
GACCAAGATA '	TAGTCAAGAA	GATCATCCAA	GATATTGACC	TCTGTGAAAA	CAGCGTGCAG	720
CGGCACATTG	GACATGCTAA	CCTCACCTTC	GAGCAGCTTC	GTAGCTTGAT	GGAAAGCTTA	780
CCGGGAAAGA .	AAGTGGGAGC	AGAAGACATT	GAAAAAACAA	TAAAGGCATG	CAAACCCAGT	840
GACCAGATCC	TGAAGCTGCT	CAGTTTGTGG	CGAATAAAAA	ATGGCGACCA	AGACACCTTG	900
AAGGGCCTAA	TGCACGCACT	AAAGCACTCA	AAGACGTACC	ACTTTCCCAA	AACTGTCACT	960
CAGAGTCTAA	AGAAGACCAT	CAGGTTCCTT	CACAGCTTCA	CAATGTACAA	ATTGTATCAG	1020
AAGTTATTTT	TAGAAATGAT	AGGTAACCAG	GTCCAATCAG	TAAAAATAAG	CTGCTTATAA	1080

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:92:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 981 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..981
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DDD1)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:92:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120

TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATATTGAC	600
CTCTGTGAAA	ACAGCGTGCA	GCGGCACATT	GGACATGCTA	ACCTCACCTT	CGAGCAGCTT	660
CGTAGCTTGA	TGGAAAGCTT	ACCGGGAAAG	AAAGTGGGAG	CAGAAGACAT	TGAAAAAACA	720
ATAAAGGCAT	GCAAACCCAG	TGACCAGATC	CTGAAGCTGC	TCAGTTTGTG	GCGAATAAAA	780
AATGGCGACC	AAGACACCTT	GAAGGGCCTA	ATGCACGCAC	TAAAGCACTC	AAAGACGTAC	840
CACTTTCCCA	AAACTGTCAC	TCAGAGTCTA	AAGAAGACCA	TCAGGTTCCT	TCACAGCTTC	900
ACAATGTACA	AATTGTATCA	GAAGTTATTT	TTAGAAATGA	TAGGTAACCA	GGTCCAATCA	960
GTAAAAATAA	GCTGCTTATA	A				981

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:93:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 984 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..984
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DDD2)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:93:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600

CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660

AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720

AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780

AACAAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGACG CACTAAAGCA CTCAAAGACG 840

TACCACTTTC CCAAAACTGT CACTCAGAGT CTAAAGAAGA CCATCAGGTT CCTTCACAGC 900

TTCACAATGT ACAAATTGTA TCAGAAGTTA TTTTTAGAAA TGATAGGTAA CCAGGTCCAA 960

TCAGTAAAAA TAAGCTGCTT ATAA

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:94:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1200 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..1200
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CL)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:94:

60	GTGGACCACC	TCTCCATTAA	TTTCTGGACA	CGCGCTCGTG	TGCTGTGCTG	ATGAACAACT
120	TCAGCTGTTG	AAACCTCTCA	TATGACGAAG	GTACCTTCAT	TTCCTCCAAA	CAGGAAACGT
180	GTGGAAGACC	GTACAGCAAA	AAACAACACT	TACCTACCTA	GTCCTCCTGG	TGTGACAAAT
240	TGACGAGTGT	GGCACACCAG	ACAGACAGCT	CCACTACTAC	CTTGCCCTGA	GTGTGCGCCC
300	CAATCGCACC	AGCAGGAGTG	CAGTACGTCA	CAAGGAGCTG	GCCCCGTGTG	CTATACTGCA
360	CTGCTTGAAA	AGATAGAGTT	CGCTACCTTG	CAAGGAAGGG	TGTGCGAATG	CACAACCGCG
420	GCGAAATACA	GAACCCCAGA	GTGCAAGCTG	ATTTGGAGTG	GCCCTCCTGG	CATAGGAGCT
480	AGCACCCTGT	CGTCATCTAA	TCAAATGAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	GATGTCCAGA	GTTTGCAAAA
540	AAATGCAACA	CTCAGAAAGG	CTCCTGCTAA	TGTCTTTGGT	CAAATTGCAG	AGAAAACACA
600	AGATGTTACC	AATGTGGAAT	TCAACTCAAA	AAACAGTGAA	TATGTTCCGG	CACGACAACA
660	TAACTGGCTT	AGTTTACGCC	GTTCCTACAA	CAGGTTTGCT	AGGCATTCTT	CTGTGTGAGG
720	AGAGAGGATA	CAGAGAGTGT	AAAGTAAACG	GCCTGGCACC	TAGACAATTT	AGTGTCTTGG
780	GAAACATCAA	TGAAGTTATG	TTCCAGCTGC	AGAACAGACT	ACAGCTCACA	AAACGGCAAC
840	TGAAAACAGC	TTGACCTCTG	ATCCAAGATA	CAAGAAGATC	AAGATATAGT	AACAAAGACC
900	CTTGATGGAA	AGCTTCGTAG	ACCTTCGAGC	TGCTAACCTC	ACATTGGACA	GTGCAGCGGC
960	GGCATGCAAA	AAACAATAAA	GACATTGAAA	GGGAGCAGAA	GAAAGAAAGT	AGCTTACCGG
1020	CGACCAAGAC	TAAAAAATGG	TTGTGGCGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	AGATCCTGAA	CCCAGTGACC

ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080 GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140 TATCAGAAGT TATTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTAA 1200

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:95:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1056 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1056
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CC)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:95:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCATGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG	GCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTGA			1056

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:96:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 819 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:

 - (A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 1..819
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CDD2)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:96:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	. 120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAATGA			819

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:97:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 594 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..594
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CDD1)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:97:

60	GTGGACCACC	TCTCCATTAA	TTTCTGGACA	CGCGCTCGTG	TGCTGTGCTG	ATGAACAACT
120	TCAGCTGTTG	AAACCTCTCA	TATGACGAAG	GTACCTTCAT	TTCCTCCAAA	CAGGAAACGT
180	GTGGAAGACC	GTACAGCAAA	AAACAACACT	TACCTACCTA	GTCCTCCTGG	TGTGACAAAT
240	TGACGAGTGT	GGCACACCAG	ACAGACAGCT	CCACTACTAC	CTTGCCCTGA	GTGTGCGCCC

CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	54(
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	ATGA	594

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:98:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 432 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..432
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CCR4)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:98:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420 GTTTGCAAAT GA 432

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:99:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 321 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..321
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CCR3)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:99:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60

CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	A				321

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:100:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1182 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
 - (ix) FEATURE:

 - (A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 1..1182
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CBst)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:100:

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ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCATGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG	GCCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTCAAAGA	CGTACCACTT	TCCCAAAACT	1080
GTCACTCAGA	GTCTAAAGAA	GACCATCAGG	TTCCTTCACA	GCTTCACAAT	GTACAAATTG	1140
TATCAGAAGT	TATTTTAGA	AATGATAGGT	AACCTAGTCT	AG		1182

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:101:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 966 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:

 - (A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 1..966
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CSph)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:101:

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ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCTAGTCTA	960
GACTAG						966

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:102:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 564 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..564

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CBsp)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:102:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360

CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420
GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 480

AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540

564

CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG CTAG

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:103:

- (i) SEOUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 255 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..255
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-Pst)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:103:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60

CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120

TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180

GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240

CTATACCTAG TCTAG 255

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:104:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1317 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..1317

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "human OCIF genomic DNA-1"

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1173..1202
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "amino acid residues -21 to -12"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:104:

CTGGAGACAT	ATAACTTGAA	CACTTGGCCC	TGATGGGGAA	GCAGCTCTGC	AGGGACTTTT	60
TCAGCCATCT	GTAAACAATT	TCAGTGGCAA	CCCGCGAACT	GTAATCCATG	AATGGGACCA	120
CACTTTACAA	GTCATCAAGT	CTAACTTCTA	GACCAGGGAA	TTAATGGGGG	AGACAGCGAA	180
CCCTAGAGCA	AAGTGCCAAA	CTTCTGTCGA	TAGCTTGAGG	CTAGTGGAAA	GACCTCGAGG	240
AGGCTACTCC	AGAAGTTCAG	CGCGTAGGAA	GCTCCGATAC	CAATAGCCCT	TTGATGATGG	300
TGGGGTTGGT	GAAGGGAACA	GTGCTCCGCA	AGGTTATCCC	TGCCCCAGGC	AGTCCAATTT	360
TCACTCTGCA	GATTCTCTCT	GGCTCTAACT	ACCCCAGATA	ACAAGGAGTG	AATGCAGAAT	420
AGCACGGGCT	TTAGGGCCAA	TCAGACATTA	GTTAGAAAAA	TTCCTACTAC	ATGGTTTATG	480
TAAACTTGAA	GATGAATGAT	TGCGAACTCC	CCGAAAAGGG	CTCAGACAAT	GCCATGCATA	540
AAGAGGGGCC	CTGTAATTTG	AGGTTTCAGA	ACCCGAAGTG	AAGGGGTCAG	GCAGCCGGGT	600
ACGGCGGAAA	CTCACAGCTT	TCGCCCAGCG	AGAGGACAAA	GGTCTGGGAC	ACACTCCAAC	660
TGCGTCCGGA	TCTTGGCTGG	ATCGGACTCT	CAGGGTGGAG	GAGACACAAG	CACAGCAGCT	720
GCCCAGCGTG	TGCCCAGCCC	TCCCACCGCT	GGTCCCGGCT	GCCAGGAGGC	TGGCCGCTGG	780
CGGGAAGGGG	CCGGGAAACC	TCAGAGCCCC	GCGGAGACAG	CAGCCGCCTT	GTTCCTCAGC	840
CCGGTGGCTT	TTTTTTCCCC	TGCTCTCCCA	GGGGACAGAC	ACCACCGCCC	CACCCCTCAC	900
GCCCCACCTC	CCTGGGGGAT	CCTTTCCGCC	CCAGCCCTGA	AAGCGTTAAT	CCTGGAGCTT	960
TCTGCACACC	CCCCGACCGC	TCCCGCCCAA	GCTTCCTAAA	AAAGAAAGGT	GCAAAGTTTG	1020
GTCCAGGATA	GAAAAATGAC	TGATCAAAGG	CAGGCGATAC	TTCCTGTTGC	CGGGACGCTA	1080
TATATAACGI	GATGAGCGCA	CGGGCTGCGG	AGACGCACCG	GAGCGCTCGC	CCAGCCGCCG	1140
CCTCCAAGCC	CCTGAGGTTT	CCGGGGACCA	CAATGAACAA	GTTGCTGTGC	TGCGCGCTCG	1200
TGGTAAGTCC	CTGGGCCAGC	CGACGGGTGC	CCGGCGCCTG	GGGAGGCTGC	TGCCACCTGG	1260
TCTCCCAACO	C TCCCAGCGGA	CCGGCGGGGA	AAAAGGCTCC	ACTCGCTCCC	TCCCAAG	1317

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:105:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10190 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig_peptide (B) LOCATION: 130..162

- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "amino acid residues -11 to -1"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION: join(130..162, 163..498, 4503..4694, 6715..6939, 8960..9346)
- (ix) FEATURE:

 - (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
 (B) LOCATION: join(163..498, 4503..4694, 6715..6939, 8960..9346)

(xi) SEQ	UENCE DESC	RIPTION: SE	Q ID	NO:105:
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(XI) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION. SEQ ID NO. 103.	
GCTTACTTTG TGCCAAATCT CATTAGGCTT AAGGTAATAC AGGACTTTGA GTCAAATGAT	60
ACTGTTGCAC ATAAGAACAA ACCTATTTTC ATGCTAAGAT GATGCCACTG TGTTCCTTTC	120
TCCTTCTAG TTT CTG GAC ATC TCC ATT AAG TGG ACC ACC CAG GAA ACG Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr -11 -10 -5 1	168
TTT CCT CCA AAG TAC CTT CAT TAT GAC GAA GAA ACC TCT CAT CAG CTG Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu 5 10 15	216
TTG TGT GAC AAA TGT CCT CCT GGT ACC TAC CTA AAA CAA CAC TGT ACA Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr 20 25 30	264
GCA AAG TGG AAG ACC GTG TGC GCC CCT TGC CCT GAC CAC TAC TAC ACA Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr 35 40 45 50	312
GAC AGC TGG CAC ACC AGT GAC GAG TGT CTA TAC TGC AGC CCC GTG TGC Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys 55 60 65	360
AAG GAG CTG CAG TAC GTC AAG CAG GAG TGC AAT CGC ACC CAC AAC CGC Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg 70 75 80	408
GTG TGC GAA TGC AAG GAA GGG CGC TAC CTT GAG ATA GAG TTC TGC TTG Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu 85 90 95	456
AAA CAT AGG AGC TGC CCT CCT GGA TTT GGA GTG CTG CAA GCT Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala 100 105 110	498
GGTACGTGTC AATGTGCAGC AAAATTAATT AGGATCATGC AAAGTCAGAT AGTTGTGACA	558
GTTTAGGAGA ACACTTTTGT TCTGATGACA TTATAGGATA GCAAATTGCA AAGGTAATGA	618
AACCTGCCAG GTAGGTACTA TGTGTCTGGA GTGCTTCCAA AGGACCATTG CTCAGAGGAA	678
TACTTTGCCA CTACAGGGCA ATTTAATGAC AAATCTCAAA TGCAGCAAAT TATTCTCTCA	738
TGAGATGCAT GATGGTTTTT TTTTTTTTT TTAAAGAAAC AAACTCAAGT TGCACTATTG	798
ATAGTTGATC TATACCTCTA TATTTCACTT CAGCATGGAC ACCTTCAAAC TGCAGCACTT	858
TTTGACAAAC ATCAGAAATG TTAATTTATA CCAAGAGAGT AATTATGCTC ATATTAATGA	918
GACTCTGGAG TGCTAACAAT AAGCAGTTAT AATTAATTAT GTAAAAAATG AGAATGGTGA	978
GGGGAATTGC ATTTCATTAT TAAAAACAAG GCTAGTTCTT CCTTTAGCAT GGGAGCTGAG	1038

TGTTTGGGAG	GGTAAGGACT	ATAGCAGAAT	CTCTTCAATG	AGCTTATTCT	TTATCTTAGA	1098
CAAAACAGAT	TGTCAAGCCA	AGAGCAAGCA	CTTGCCTATA	AACCAAGTGC	TTTCTCTTTT	1158
GCATTTTGAA	CAGCATTGGT	CAGGGCTCAT	GTGTATTGAA	TCTTTTAAAC	CAGTAACCCA	1218
CGTTTTTTT	CTGCCACATT	TGCGAAGCTT	CAGTGCAGCC	TATAACTTTT	CATAGCTTGA	1278
GAAAATTAAG	AGTATCCACT	TACTTAGATG	GAAGAAGTAA	TCAGTATAGA	TTCTGATGAC	1338
TCAGTTTGAA	GCAGTGTTTC	TCAACTGAAG	CCCTGCTGAT	ATTTTAAGAA	ATATCTGGAT	1398
TCCTAGGCTG	GACTCCTTTT	TGTGGGCAGC	TGTCCTGCGC	ATTGTAGAAT	TTTGGCAGCA	1458
CCCCTGGACT	CTAGCCACTA	GATACCAATA	GCAGTCCTTC	CCCCATGTGA	CAGCCAAAAA	1518
TGTCTTCAGA	CACTGTCAAA	TGTCGCCAGG	TGGCAAAATC	ACTCCTGGTT	GAGAACAGGG	1578
TCATCAATGC	TAAGTATCTG	TAACTATTTT	AACTCTCAAA	ACTTGTGATA	TACAAAGTCT	1638
AAATTATTAG	ACGACCAATA	CTTTAGGTTT	AAAGGCATAC	AAATGAAACA	TTCAAAAATC	1698
AAAATCTATT	CTGTTTCTCA	AATAGTGAAT	CTTATAAAAT	TAATCACAGA	AGATGCAAAT	1758
TGCATCAGAG	TCCCTTAAAA	TTCCTCTTCG	TATGAGTATT	TGAGGGAGGA	ATTGGTGATA	1818
GTTCCTACTT	TCTATTGGAT	GGTACTTTGA	GACTCAAAAG	CTAAGCTAAG	TTGTGTGTGT	1878
GTCAGGGTGC	GGGGTGTGGA	ATCCCATCAG	ATAAAAGCAA	ATCCATGTAA	TTCATTCAGT	1938
AAGTTGTATA	. TGTAGAAAAA	TGAAAAGTGG	GCTATGCAGC	TTGGAAACTA	GAGAATTTTG	1998
AAAAATAATG	GAAATCACAA	GGATCTTTCT	TAAATAAGTA	AGAAAATCTG	TTTGTAGAAT	2058
GAAGCAAGCA	GGCAGCCAGA	AGACTCAGAA	CAAAAGTACA	CATTTTACTO	TGTGTACACT	2118
GGCAGCACAG	TGGGATTTAT	TTACCTCTCC	CTCCCTAAAA	ACCCACACAC	GGTTCCTCT	2178
TGGGAAATAA	A GAGGTTTCCA	GCCCAAAGAG	AAGGAAAGAC	TATGTGGTGT	TACTCTAAAA	2238
AGTATTTAAT	AACCGTTTT	TTGTTGCTGT	TGCTGTTTTG	AAATCAGATT	GTCTCCTCTC	2298
CATATTTTAT	TTACTTCATI	CTGTTAATTC	CTGTGGAATI	ACTTAGAGCA	A AGCATGGTGA	2358
ATTCTCAACT	r gtaaagcca <i>i</i>	ATTTCTCCAT	CATTATAAT1	TCACATTTT	G CCTGGCAGGT	2418
TATAATTT	r ATATTTCCAC	TGATAGTAA1	AAGGTAAAA1	CATTACTTAC	G ATGGATAGAT	2478
CTTTTTCAT	A AAAAGTACCA	A TCAGTTATAC	AGGGAAGTC	A TGTTCATGT	r caggaaggtc	2538
ATTAGATAA	A GCTTCTGAA:	r atattatgaz	A ACATTAGTT	C TGTCATTCT	I AGATTCTTTT	2598
TGTTAAATA	A CTTTAAAAG	C TAACTTACC	r aaaagaaata	A TCTGACACA	r atgaacttct	2658
CATTAGGAT	G CAGGAGAAG	A CCCAAGCCA	C AGATATGTA	r ctgaagaat	G AACAAGATTC	2718
TTAGGCCCG	G CACGGTGGC	r cacatctgt	A ATCTCAAGA	G TTTGAGAGG	T CAAGGCGGGC	2778
AGATCACCT	G AGGTCAGGA	G TTCAAGACC	A GCCTGGCCA	A CATGATGAA	A CCCTGCCTCT	2838
ACTAAAAAT	A CAAAAATTA	G CAGGGCATG	G TGGTGCATG	C CTGCAACCC	T AGCTACTCAG	2898
GAGGCTGAG	A CAGGAGAAT	C TCTTGAACC	C TCGAGGCGG.	A GGTTGTGGT	G AGCTGAGATC	2958
CCTCTACTG	C ACTCCAGCC	T GGGTGACAG	A GATGAGACT	C CGTCCCTGC	C GCCGCCCCCG	3018
CCTTCCCCC	C CAAAAAGAT	T CTTCTTCAT	G CAGAACATA	C GGCAGTCAA	C AAAGGGAGAC	3078

CTGGGTCCAG GTGTCCAAGT CACTTATTTC GAGTAAATTA GCAATGAAAG AATGCCATGG	3138
AATCCCTGCC CAAATACCTC TGCTTATGAT ATTGTAGAAT TTGATATAGA GTTGTATCCC	3198
ATTTAAGGAG TAGGATGTAG TAGGAAAGTA CTAAAAACAA ACACACAAAC AGAAAACCCT	3258
CTTTGCTTTG TAAGGTGGTT CCTAAGATAA TGTCAGTGCA ATGCTGGAAA TAATATTTAA	3318
TATGTGAAGG TTTTAGGCTG TGTTTTCCCC TCCTGTTCTT TTTTTCTGCC AGCCCTTTGT	3378
CATTTTTGCA GGTCAATGAA TCATGTAGAA AGAGACAGGA GATGAAACTA GAACCAGTCC	3438
ATTTTGCCCC TTTTTTATT TTCTGGTTTT GGTAAAAGAT ACAATGAGGT AGGAGGTTGA	3498
GATTTATAAA TGAAGTTTAA TAAGTTTCTG TAGCTTTGAT TTTTCTCTTT CATATTTGTT	3558
ATCTTGCATA AGCCAGAATT GGCCTGTAAA ATCTACATAT GGATATTGAA GTCTAAATCT	3618
GTTCAACTAG CTTACACTAG ATGGAGATAT TTTCATATTC AGATACACTG GAATGTATGA	3678
TCTAGCCATG CGTAATATAG TCAAGTGTTT GAAGGTATTT ATTTTTAATA GCGTCTTTAG	3738
TTGTGGACTG GTTCAAGTTT TTCTGCCAAT GATTTCTTCA AATTTATCAA ATATTTTTCC	3798
ATCATGAAGT AAAATGCCCT TGCAGTCACC CTTCCTGAAG TTTGAACGAC TCTGCTGTTT	3858
TAAACAGTTT AAGCAAATGG TATATCATCT TCCGTTTACT ATGTAGCTTA ACTGCAGGCT	3918
TACGCTTTTG AGTCAGCGGC CAACTTTATT GCCACCTTCA AAAGTTTATT ATAATGTTGT	3978
AAATTTTTAC TTCTCAAGGT TAGCATACTT AGGAGTTGCT TCACAATTAG GATTCAGGAA	4038
AGAAAGAACT TCAGTAGGAA CTGATTGGAA TTTAATGATG CAGCATTCAA TGGGTACTAA	4098
TTTCAAAGAA TGATATTACA GCAGACACAC AGCAGTTATC TTGATTTTCT AGGAATAATT	4158
GTATGAAGAA TATGGCTGAC AACACGGCCT TACTGCCACT CAGCGGAGGC TGGACTAATG	4218
AACACCCTAC CCTTCTTTCC TTTCCTCTCA CATTTCATGA GCGTTTTGTA GGTAACGAGA	4278
AAATTGACTT GCATTTGCAT TACAAGGAGG AGAAACTGGC AAAGGGGATG ATGGTGGAAG	4338
TTTTGTTCTG TCTAATGAAG TGAAAAATGA AAATGCTAGA GTTTTGTGCA ACATAATAGT	4398
AGCAGTAAAA ACCAAGTGAA AAGTCTTTCC AAAACTGTGT TAAGAGGGCA TCTGCTGGGA	4458
AACGATTTGA GGAGAAGGTA CTAAATTGCT TGGTATTTTC CGTA GGA ACC CCA GAG Gly Thr Pro Glu 115	4514
CGA AAT ACA GTT TGC AAA AGA TGT CCA GAT GGG TTC TTC TCA AAT GAG Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu 120 125 130	4562
ACG TCA TCT AAA GCA CCC TGT AGA AAA CAC ACA AAT TGC AGT GTC TTT Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe 135 140 145	4610
GGT CTC CTG CTA ACT CAG AAA GGA AAT GCA ACA CAC GAC AAC ATA TGT Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys 150 155 160	4658
TCC GGA AAC AGT GAA TCA ACT CAA AAA TGT GGA ATA GGTAATTACA Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile 165 170 175	4704
TTCCAAAATA CGTCTTTGTA CGATTTTGTA GTATCATCTC TCTCTCTGAG TTGAACACAA	4764

GGCCTCCAGC CACATTCTTG GTCAAACTTA CATTTTCCCT TTCTTGAATC TTAACCAGCT 4824 AAGGCTACTC TCGATGCATT ACTGCTAAAG CTACCACTCA GAATCTCTCA AAAACTCATC 4884 TTCTCACAGA TAACACCTCA AAGCTTGATT TTCTCTCCTT TCACACTGAA ATCAAATCTT 4944 GCCCATAGGC AAAGGGCAGT GTCAAGTTTG CCACTGAGAT GAAATTAGGA GAGTCCAAAC 5004 TGTAGAATTC ACGTTGTGTG TTATTACTTT CACGAATGTC TGTATTATTA ACTAAAGTAT 5064 ATATTGGCAA CTAAGAAGCA AAGTGATATA AACATGATGA CAAATTAGGC CAGGCATGGT 5124 GGCTTACTCC TATAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA 5184 GGATTTCAAG ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA 5244 TTAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACTTCTAG TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA 5304 TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT 5364 CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA CACACACACA CACACACACA CACACATTAG 5424 AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA 5484 GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT 5544 ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGTG TGTTCACCTT 5604 GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT 5664 GATTTGCTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA 5724 GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG 5784 ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTTT 5844 AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAA AAAAAAATG AAGGAAGGGG TATTAAAAGG 5904 AGTGATCAAA TTTTAACATT CTCTTTAATT AATTCATTTT TAATTTTACT TTTTTTCATT 5964 TATTGTGCAC TTACTATGTG GTACTGTGCT ATAGAGGCTT TAACATTTAT AAAAACACTG 6024 TGAAAGTTGC TTCAGATGAA TATAGGTAGT AGAACGGCAG AACTAGTATT CAAAGCCAGG 6084 TCTGATGAAT CCAAAAACAA ACACCCATTA CTCCCATTTT CTGGGACATA CTTACTCTAC 6144 CCAGATGCTC TGGGCTTTGT AATGCCTATG TAAATAACAT AGTTTTATGT TTGGTTATTT 6204 TCCTATGTAA TGTCTACTTA TATATCTGTA TCTATCTCTT GCTTTGTTTC CAAAGGTAAA 6264 CTATGTGTCT AAATGTGGGC AAAAAATAAC ACACTATTCC AAATTACTGT TCAAATTCCT 6324 TTAAGTCAGT GATAATTATT TGTTTTGACA TTAATCATGA AGTTCCCTGT GGGTACTAGG 6384 TAAACCTTTA ATAGAATGTT AATGTTTGTA TTCATTATAA GAATTTTTGG CTGTTACTTA 6444 TTTACAACAA TATTTCACTC TAATTAGACA TTTACTAAAC TTTCTCTTGA AAACAATGCC 6504 CAAAAAGAA CATTAGAAGA CACGTAAGCT CAGTTGGTCT CTGCCACTAA GACCAGCCAA 6564 CAGAAGCTTG ATTTTATTCA AACTTTGCAT TTTAGCATAT TTTATCTTGG AAAATTCAAT 6624 TGTGTTGGTT TTTTGTTTTT GTTTGTATTG AATAGACTCT CAGAAATCCA ATTGTTGAGT 6684 AAATCTTCTG GGTTTTCTAA CCTTTCTTTA GAT GTT ACC CTG TGT GAG GAG GCA 6738 Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala 180

TTC TTC AGG Phe Phe Arg 185	TTT GCT GTT Phe Ala Val 190	CCT ACA AA	G TTT ACG rs Phe Thr 1 195	CCT AAC TGG Pro Asn Trp	CTT AGT Leu Ser 200	6786
GTC TTG GTA Val Leu Val	GAC AAT TTG Asp Asn Leu 205	CCT GGC AC	CC AAA GTA . nr Lys Val . 210	AAC GCA GAG Asn Ala Glu	AGT GTA Ser Val 215	6834
GAG AGG ATA Glu Arg Ile	AAA CGG CAA Lys Arg Gln 220	CAC AGC TO His Ser Se 22	er Gln Glu	CAG ACT TTC Gln Thr Phe 230	CAG CTG Gln Leu	6882
CTG AAG TTA Leu Lys Leu 235	TGG AAA CAT Trp Lys His	CAA AAC AA Gln Asn Ly 240	AA GAC CAA /s Asp Gln	GAT ATA GTC Asp Ile Val 245	AAG AAG Lys Lys	6930
ATC ATC CAA Ile Ile Gln 250	GGTAATTACA	TTCCAAAATA	CGTCTTTGTA	CGATTTTGTA		6979
GTATCATCTC T	CTCTCTGAG T	TGAACACAA (GCCTCCAGC	CACATTCTTG	GTCAAACTTA	7039
CATTTTCCCT T	TCTTGAATC T	TAACCAGCT	AAGGCTACTC	TCGATGCATT .	ACTGCTAAAG	7099
CTACCACTCA (AATCTCTCA A	AAACTCATC	TTCTCACAGA	TAACACCTCA	AAGCTTGATT	7159
TTCTCTCCTT :	CACACTGAA A	TCAAATCTT (GCCCATAGGC	AAAGGGCAGT	GTCAAGTTTG	7219
CCACTGAGAT (BAAATTAGGA G	AGTCCAAAC '	TGTAGAATTC	ACGTTGTGTG	TTATTACTTT	7279
CACGAATGTC :	rgtattatta <i>A</i>	CTAAAGTAT .	ATATTGGCAA	CTAAGAAGCA	AAGTGATATA	7339
AACATGATGA	CAAATTAGGC C	AGGCATGGT	GGCTTACTCC	TATAATCCCA	ACATTTTGGG	7399
GGGCCAAGGT	AGGCAGATCA (CTTGAGGTCA	GGATTTCAAG	ACCAGCCTGA	CCAACATGGT	7459
GAAACCTTGT	CTCTACTAAA A	ATACAAAAA	TTAGCTGGGC	ATGGTAGCAG	GCACTTCTAG	7519
TACCAGCTAC	rcagggctga (GCAGGAGAA	TCGCTTGAAC	CCAGGAGATG	GAGGTTGCAG	7579
TGAGCTGAGA	TTGTACCACT (GCACTCCAGT	CTGGGCAACA	GAGCAAGATT	TCATCACACA	7639
CACACACACA	CACACACACA	CACACATTAG	AAATGTGTAC	TTGGCTTTGT	TACCTATGGT	7699
ATTAGTGCAT	CTATTGCATG (GAACTTCCAA	GCTACTCTGG	TTGTGTTAAG	CTCTTCATTG	7759
				ATTCCACGGT		7819
				CCACTAGACT		7879
CTTCACTCAA	AGACACATTA (CACTAAAGAT	GATTTGCTTT	TTTGTGTTTA	ATCAAGCAAT	7939
				CTACAAAGAA		7999
				AGTTCCAGCA		8059
				TTCTTATCTA		8119
				TTTTAACATT		8179
				TTACTATGTG		8239
				TTCAGATGAA		8299
				CCAAAAACAA		8359
				TGGGCTTTGT		8419
CICCCAIIII	CIGGOACAIA					

TAAATAACAT AGTTTTATGT TTGGTTATTT TCCTATGTAA TGTCTACTTA TATATCTGTA	8479
TCTATCTCTT GCTTTGTTTC CAAAGGTAAA CTATGTGTCT AAATGTGGGC AAAAAATAAC	8539
ACACTATTCC AAATTACTGT TCAAATTCCT TTAAGTCAGT GATAATTATT TGTTTTGACA	8599
TTAATCATGA AGTTCCCTGT GGGTACTAGG TAAACCTTTA ATAGAATGTT AATGTTTGTA	8659
TTCATTATAA GAATTTTTGG CTGTTACTTA TTTACAACAA TATTTCACTC TAATTAGACA	8719
TTTACTAAAC TTTCTCTTGA AAACAATGCC CAAAAAAGAA CATTAGAAGA CACGTAAGCT	8779
CAGTTGGTCT CTGCCACTAA GACCAGCCAA CAGAAGCTTG ATTTTATTCA AACTTTGCAT	8839
TTTAGCATAT TTTATCTTGG AAAATTCAAT TGTGTTGGTT TTTTGTTTTT GTTTGTATTG	8899
AATAGACTCT CAGAAATCCA ATTGTTGAGT AAATCTTCTG GGTTTTCTAA CCTTTCTTTA	8959
GAT ATT GAC CTC TGT GAA AAC AGC GTG CAG CGG CAC ATT GGA CAT GCT Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 255 260 265	9007
AAC CTC ACC TTC GAG CAG CTT CGT AGC TTG ATG GAA AGC TTA CCG GGA Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly 270 275 280	9055
AAG AAA GTG GGA GCA GAA GAC ATT GAA AAA ACA ATA AAG GCA TGC AAA Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys 285 290 295	9103
CCC AGT GAC CAG ATC CTG AAG CTG CTC AGT TTG TGG CGA ATA AAA AAT Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn 300 305 310	9151
GGC GAC CAA GAC ACC TTG AAG GGC CTA ATG CAC GCA CTA AAG CAC TCA Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser 320	9199
AAG ACG TAC CAC TTT CCC AAA ACT GTC ACT CAG AGT CTA AAG ACC Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr 335	9247
ATC AGG TTC CTT CAC AGC TTC ACA ATG TAC AAA TTG TAT CAG AAG TTA Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 350 360	9295
TTT TTA GAA ATG ATA GGT AAC CAG GTC CAA TCA GTA AAA ATA AGC TGC Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 365 370 375	9343
TTA TAACTGGAAA TGGCCATTGA GCTGTTTCCT CACAATTGGC GAGATCCCAT Leu 380	9396
GGATGAGTAA ACTGTTTCTC AGGCACTTGA GGCTTTCAGT GATATCTTTC TCATTACCAG	9456
TGACTAATTT TGCCACAGGG TACTAAAAGA AACTATGATG TGGAGAAAGG ACTAACATCT	9516
CCTCCAATAA ACCCCAAATG GTTAATCCAA CTGTCAGATC TGGATCGTTA TCTACTGACT	9576
ATATTTTCCC TTATTACTGC TTGCAGTAAT TCAACTGGAA ATTAAAAAAA AAAAACTAGA	9636
CTCCACTGGG CCTTACTAAA TATGGGAATG TCTAACTTAA ATAGCTTTGG GATTCCAGCT	9696
ATGCTAGAGG CTTTTATTAG AAAGCCATAT TTTTTTCTGT AAAAGTTACT AATATATCTG	9756
TAACACTATT ACAGTATTGC TATTTATATT CATTCAGATA TAAGATTTGG ACATATTATC	9816

7	ATCCTATAAA	GAAACGGTAT	GACTTAATTT	TAGAAAGAAA	ATTATATTCT	GTTTATTATG	9876
2	ACAAATGAAA	GAGAAAATAT	ATATTTTTAA	TGGAAAGTTT	GTAGCATTTT	TCTAATAGGT	9936
2	ACTGCCATAT	TTTTCTGTGT	GGAGTATTTT	TATAATTTA	TCTGTATAAG	CTGTAATATC	9996
1	ATTTTATAGA	AAATGCATTA	TTTAGTCAAT	TGTTTAATGT	TGGAAAACAT	ATGAAATATA	10056
7	AATTATCTGA	ATATTAGATG	CTCTGAGAAA	TTGAATGTAC	CTTATTTAAA	AGATTTTATG	10116
(GTTTTATAAC	TATATAAATG	ACATTATTAA	AGTTTTCAAA	TTATTTTTA	TTGCTTTCTC	10176
	TGTTGCTTTT	ATTT					10190

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:106:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 391 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:106:

 Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro 1
 Fro Pro 2
 Fro Pro 2
 Asp Pro 1
 Fro Pro 2
 Fro Pro 2
 Asp Pro 2

Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly 135 140 145

Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser 160 165

125

Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys

Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn 185 190 195

Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala

Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr

Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile

Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln

Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu

Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys 285

Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser

Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met 315

His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr

Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr

Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln

Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:107:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ix) FEATURE:

 - (A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 1..20
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer 2F)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:107:

CARGARCARA CNTTYCARYT

20

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:108:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..21
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer 3R)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:108:

YTTRTACATN GTRAANSWRT G

21

priority is claimed.

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

	FOR PATENT APPLICATION
(Original,	Design, National Stage of PCT, Supplemental, Divisional, Continuation or CIP)
As a	below named inventor, I hereby declare that:
am the origination (i	esidence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name, and I believe I ginal, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint f plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is the invention entitled:
	NOVEL PROTEINS AND METHODS FOR PRODUCING THE PROTEINS
the specifi	cation of which (check one):
\boxtimes	is attached hereto.
	was filed on as Application Serial No. 0 or
	was described and claimed in PCT International Application No filed on and as amended under PCT Article 19 on (if any).
	by state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, he claims as amended by any amendment referred to herein.
	nowledge the continuing duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this in accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.56.
	PRIORITY CLAIM
A.	I hereby claim benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) of United States Provisional Application No, filed on
	I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America listed below and I have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which

	no such applications have been filed.
\boxtimes	such applications have been filed as follows:

EARLIEST FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY FILED WITHIN 12 MONTHS (6 MONTHS FOR DESIGN) PRIOR TO THIS U.S. APPLICATION

Country	Application Number	Date of Filing (mo., day, year)	Priority Claimed Under 35 USC 119
			□YES NO □

ALL FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY FILED MORE THAN 12 MONTHS (6 MONTHS FOR DESIGN) PRIOR TO THIS U.S. APPLICATION

Country	Application Number	Date of Filing (mo., day, year)	Priority Claimed Under 37 USC 119
Japan	54977/1995	Feb. 20, 1995	⊠YES NO □
Japan	207508/1995	July 21, 1995	⊠YES NO □

C. I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §120 of any United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States of America that is/are listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in that/those prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in 37 C.F.R. §1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

PRIOR U.S. NON-PROVISIONAL APPLICATIONS OR PCT INTERNATIONAL APPLICATIONS DESIGNATING THE U.S. FOR BENEFIT UNDER 35 USC §120:

U.S. FILING DATE	STATUS
Feb. 20, 1996	Pending
(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, aband.)
(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, aband.)
	Feb. 20, 1996 (Filing Date)

POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorneys and/or agents to prosecute this application and transact all business in the United States Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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